

Piano Strutturale Comunale



COMUNE DI MIRANDOLA
Provincia di Modena



Sindaco: Maino Benatti

Assessore Economia e Sviluppo
Sostenibile: Roberto Ganzerli

B - SISTEMA NATURALE E AMBIENTALE MICROZONAZIONE SISMICA

Rapporti di prova delle indagini geognostiche e geofisiche

Comune di Mirandola
Servizio urbanistica

Arch. Adele Rampolla
Arch. Carlo Caleffi
Geom. Angela Zibordi

gruppo di lavoro:

Studio di Geologia Tarabusi

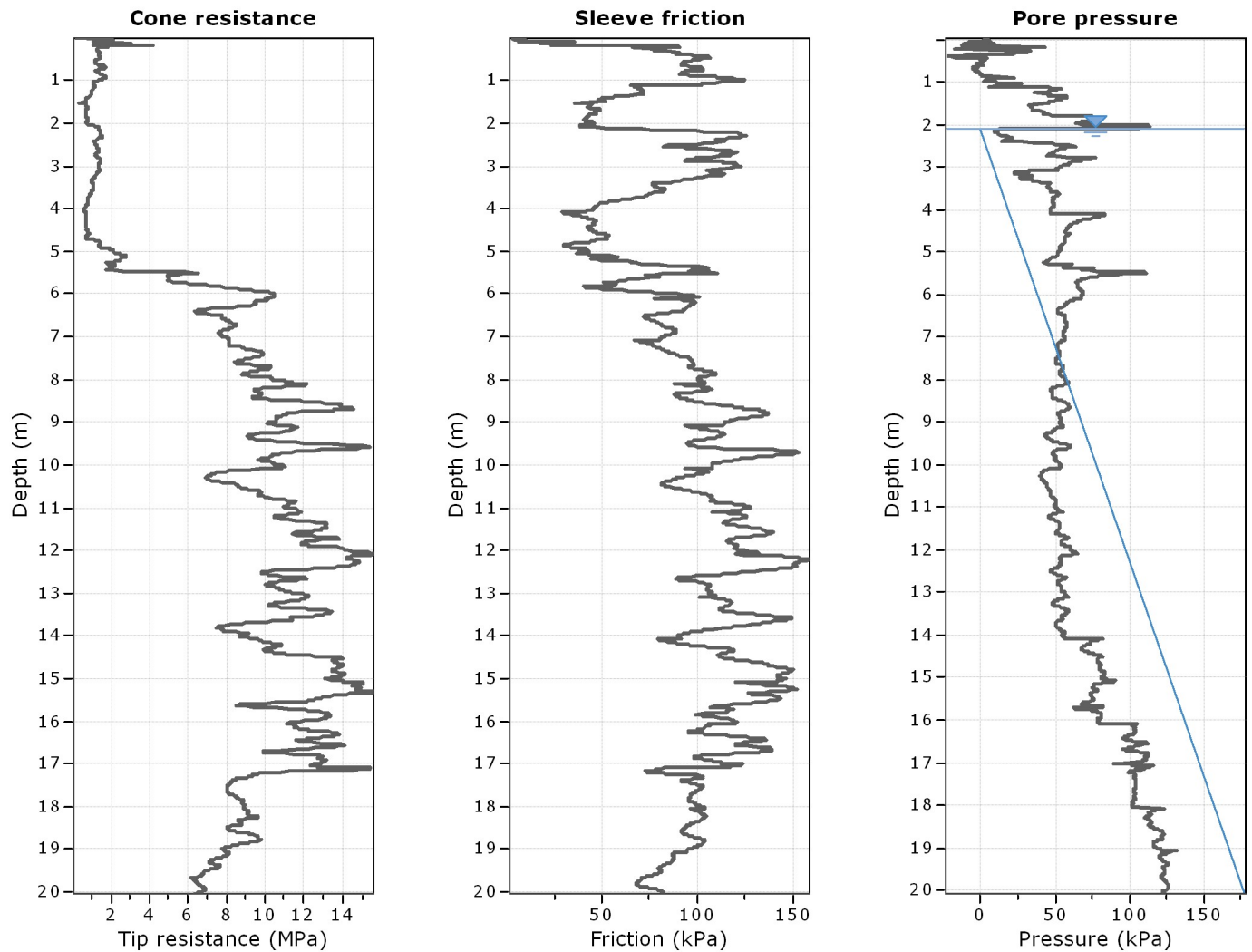
Dott. Geol. Gabriele Tarabusi
Dott. Geol. Ruggero Mazzoni
Dott. Geol. Margherita Aguzzi

Adozione: delibera C.C. n. 60 del 09/04/2014

Approvazione: delibera C.C. n. 111 del 27/07/2015

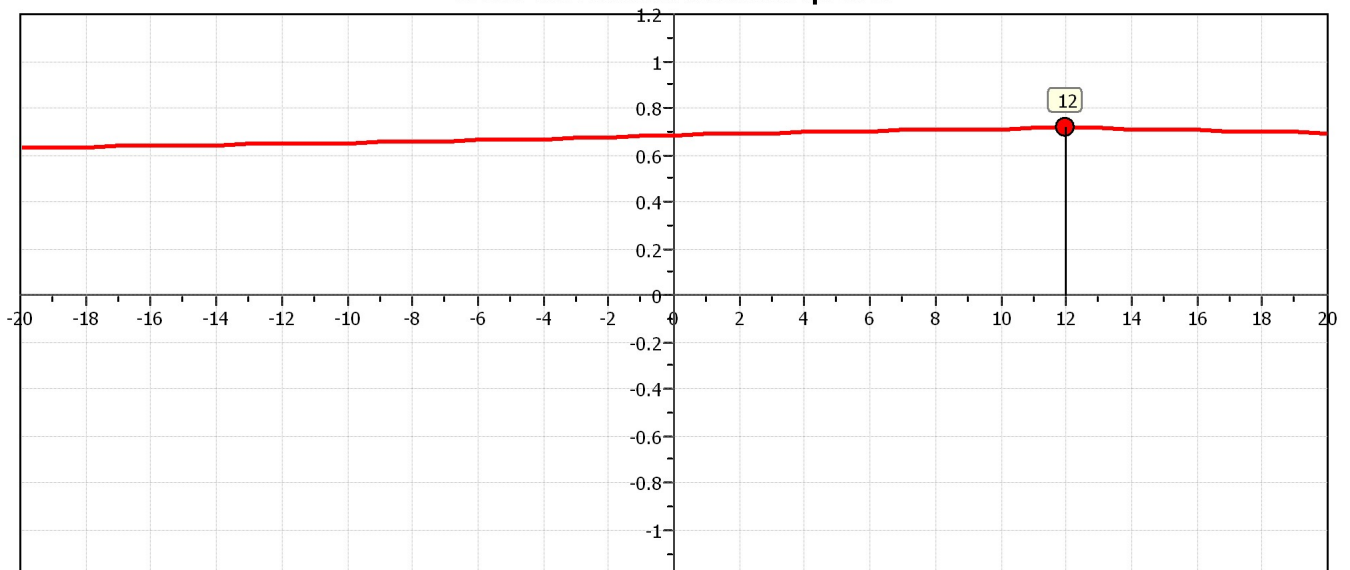
Elaborato

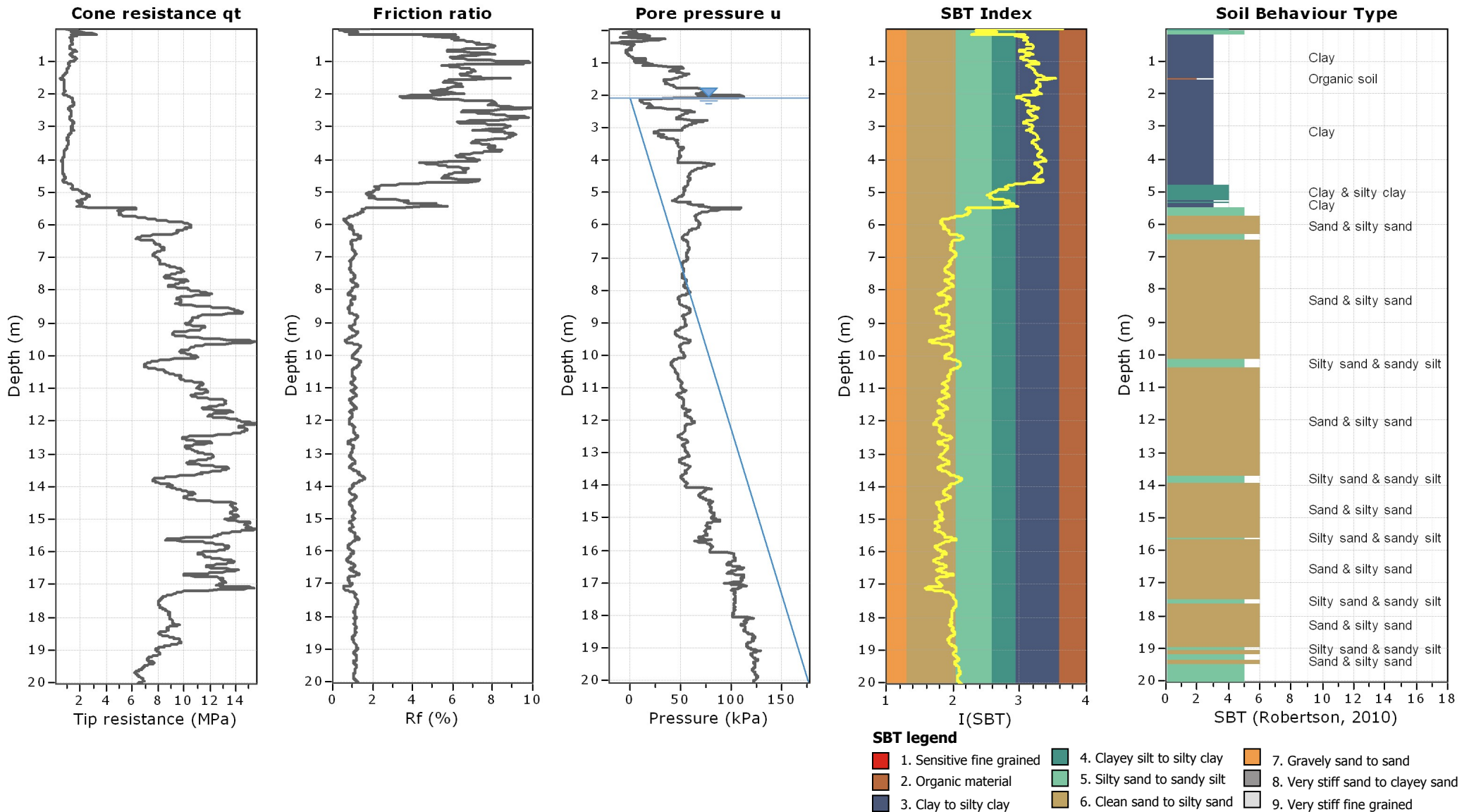
QC_B_REL3
ALL

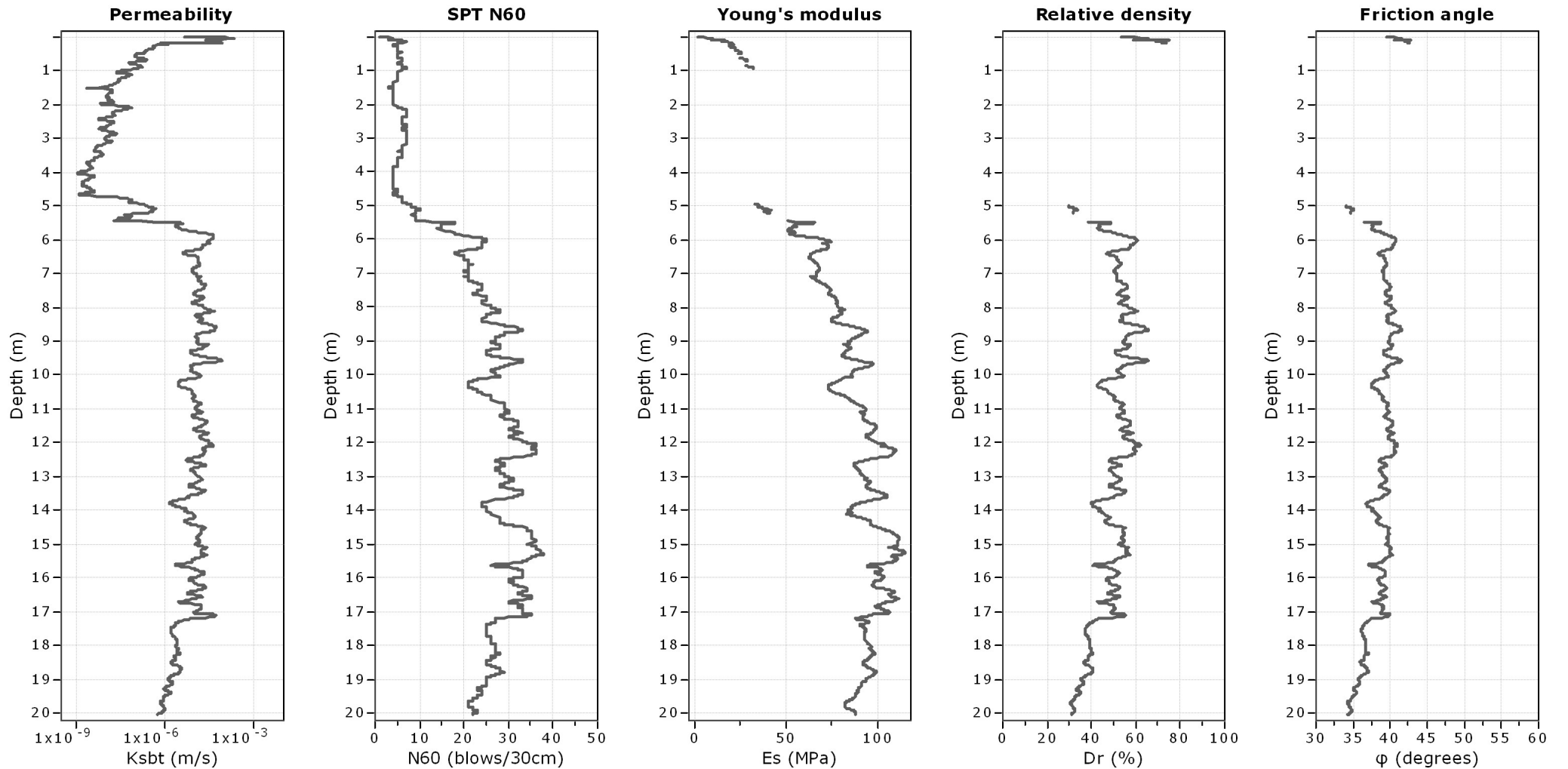


The plot below presents the cross correlation coefficient between the raw q_c and f_s values (as measured on the field). X axes presents the lag distance (one lag is the distance between two successive CPT measurements).

Cross correlation between q_c & f_s







Calculation parameters

Permeability: Based on SBT_n

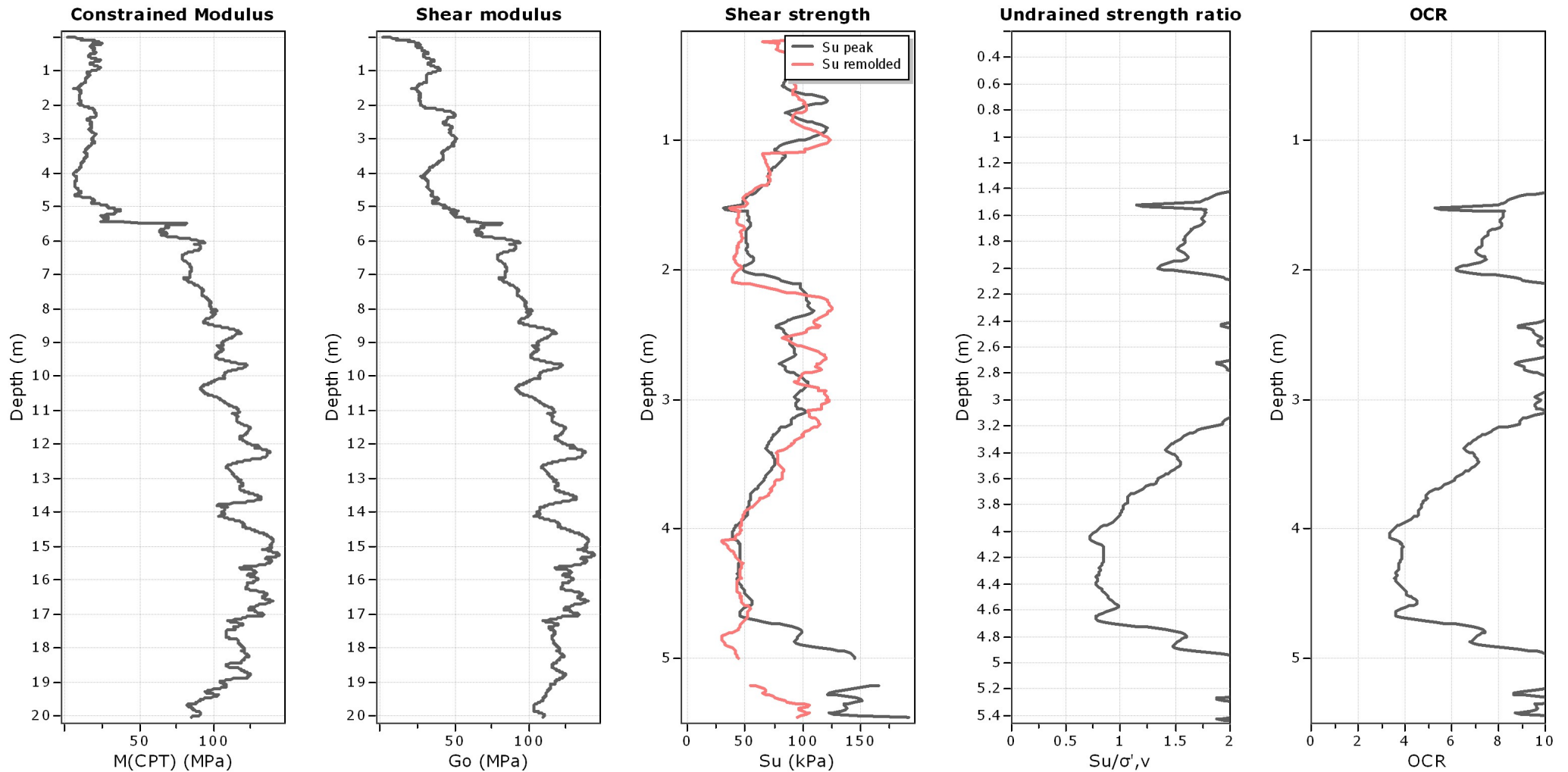
SPT N_{60} : Based on I_c and q_t

Young's modulus: Based on variable alpha using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Relative density constant, C_{Dr} : 350.0

Phi: Based on Kulhawy & Mayne (1990)

● User defined estimation data



Calculation parameters

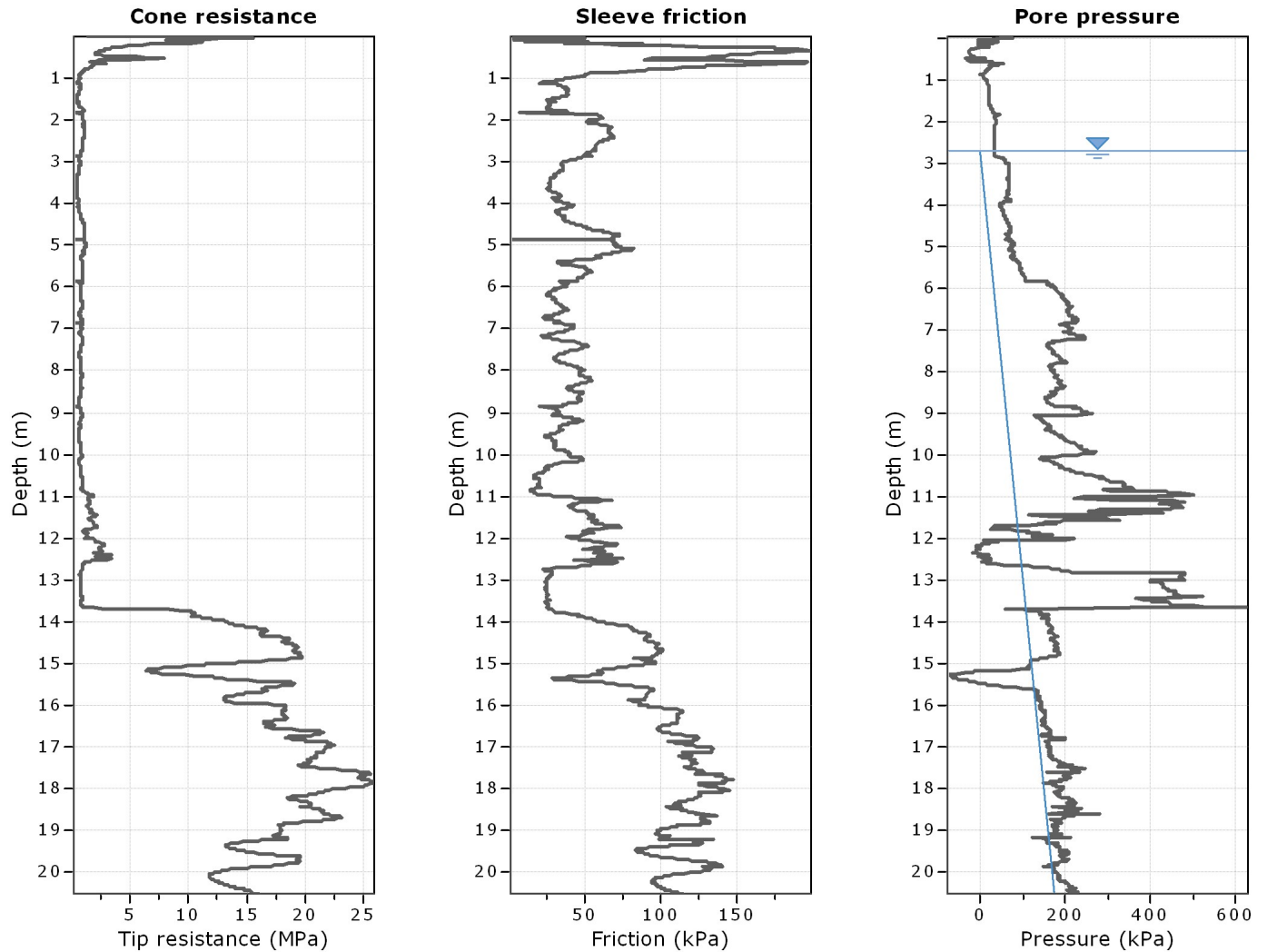
Constrained modulus: Based on variable *alpha* using I_c and Q_m (Robertson, 2009)

Go: Based on variable *alpha* using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Undrained shear strength cone factor for clays, N_{kt} : 14

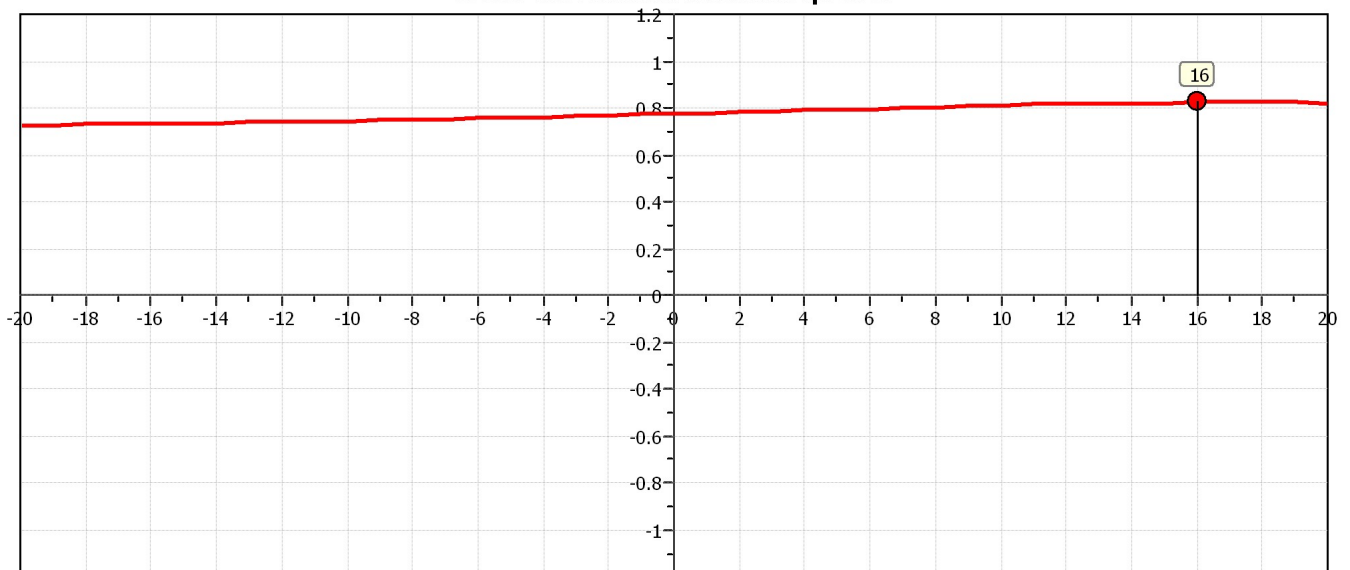
OCR factor for clays, N_{kt} : 0.33

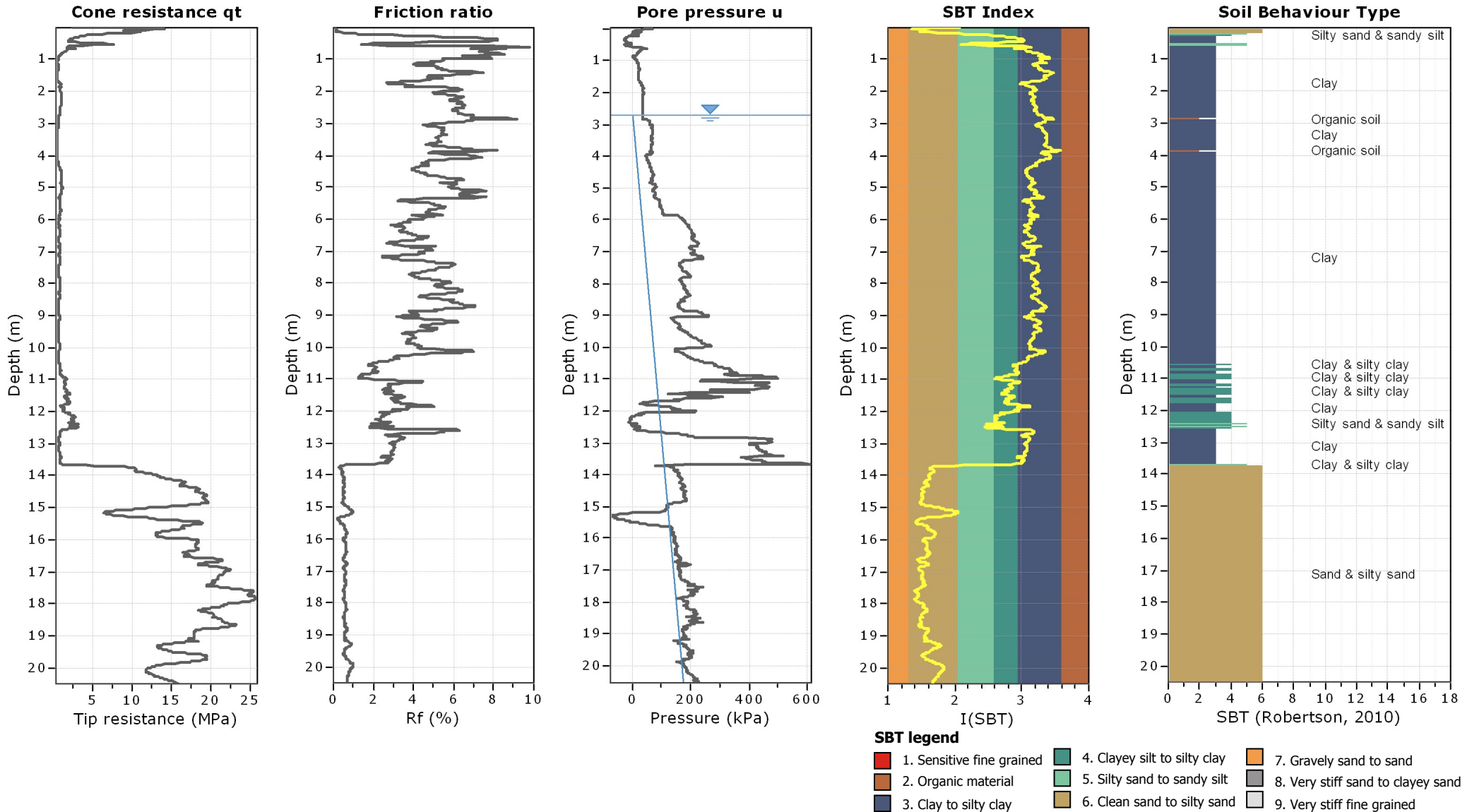
● User defined estimation data

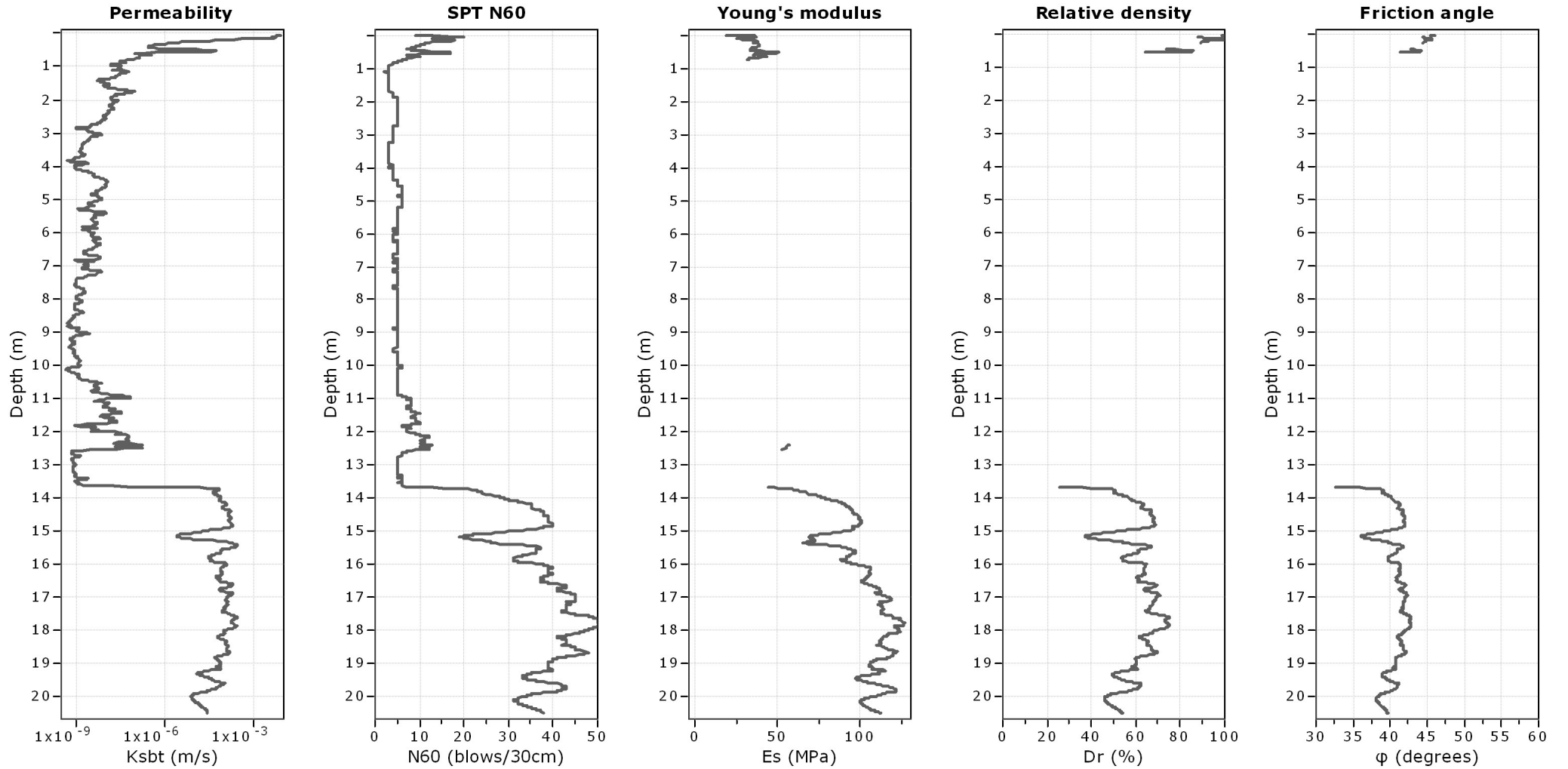


The plot below presents the cross correlation coefficient between the raw q_c and f_s values (as measured on the field). X axes presents the lag distance (one lag is the distance between two successive CPT measurements).

Cross correlation between q_c & f_s







Calculation parameters

Permeability: Based on SBT_n

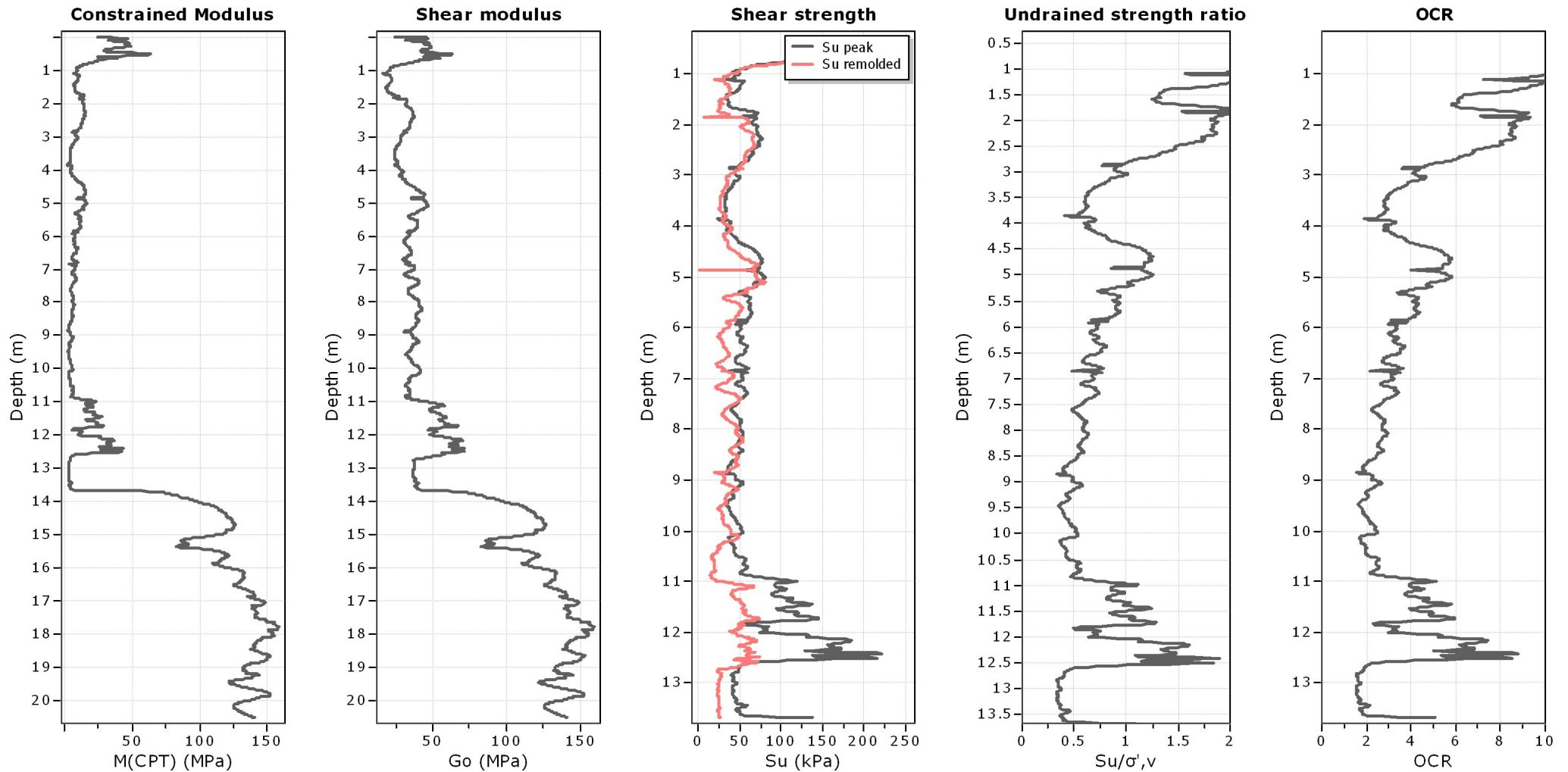
SPT N_{60} : Based on I_c and q_t

Young's modulus: Based on variable alpha using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Relative density constant, C_{Dr} : 350.0

Phi: Based on Kulhawy & Mayne (1990)

● — User defined estimation data



Calculation parameters

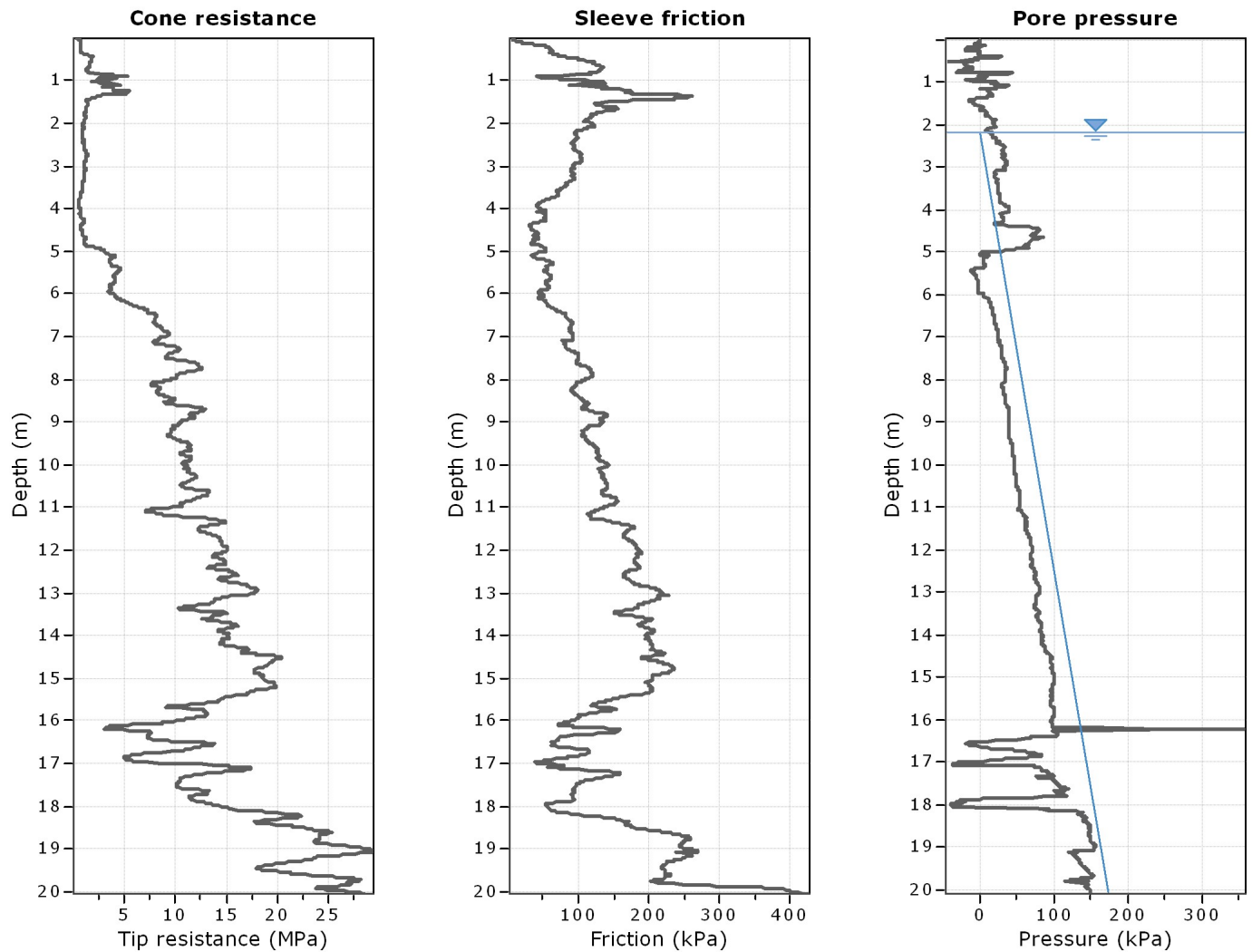
Constrained modulus: Based on variable *alpha* using I_c and Q_m (Robertson, 2009)

Go: Based on variable *alpha* using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

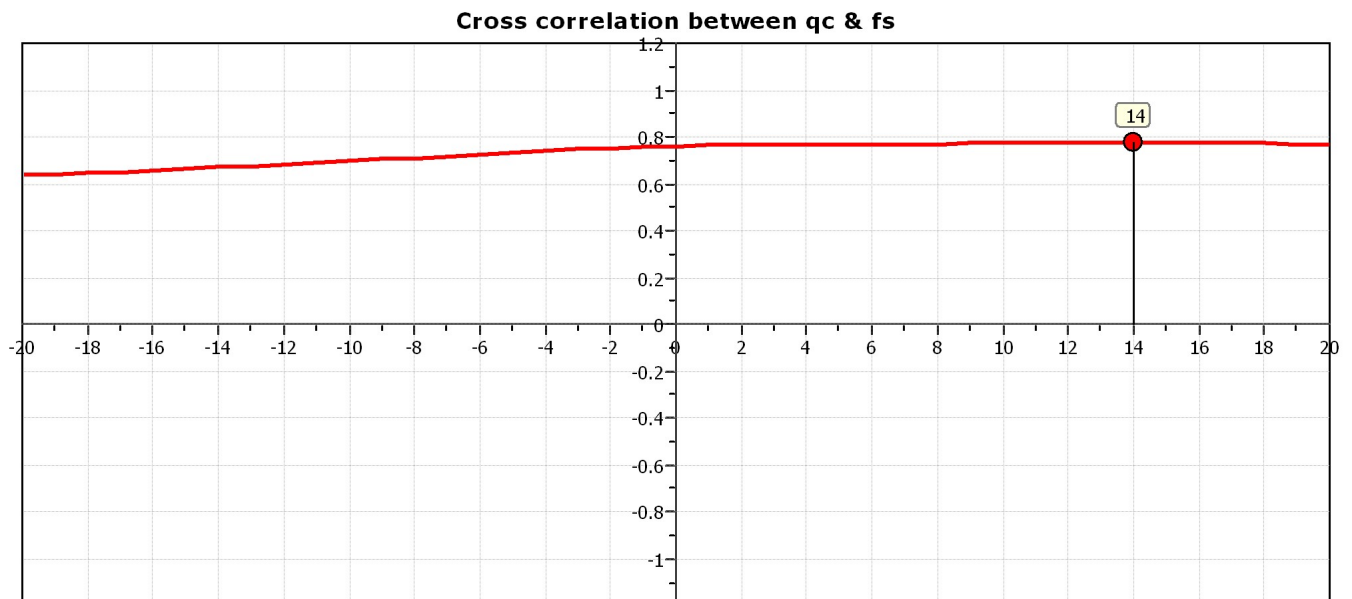
Undrained shear strength cone factor for clays, N_{kt} : 14

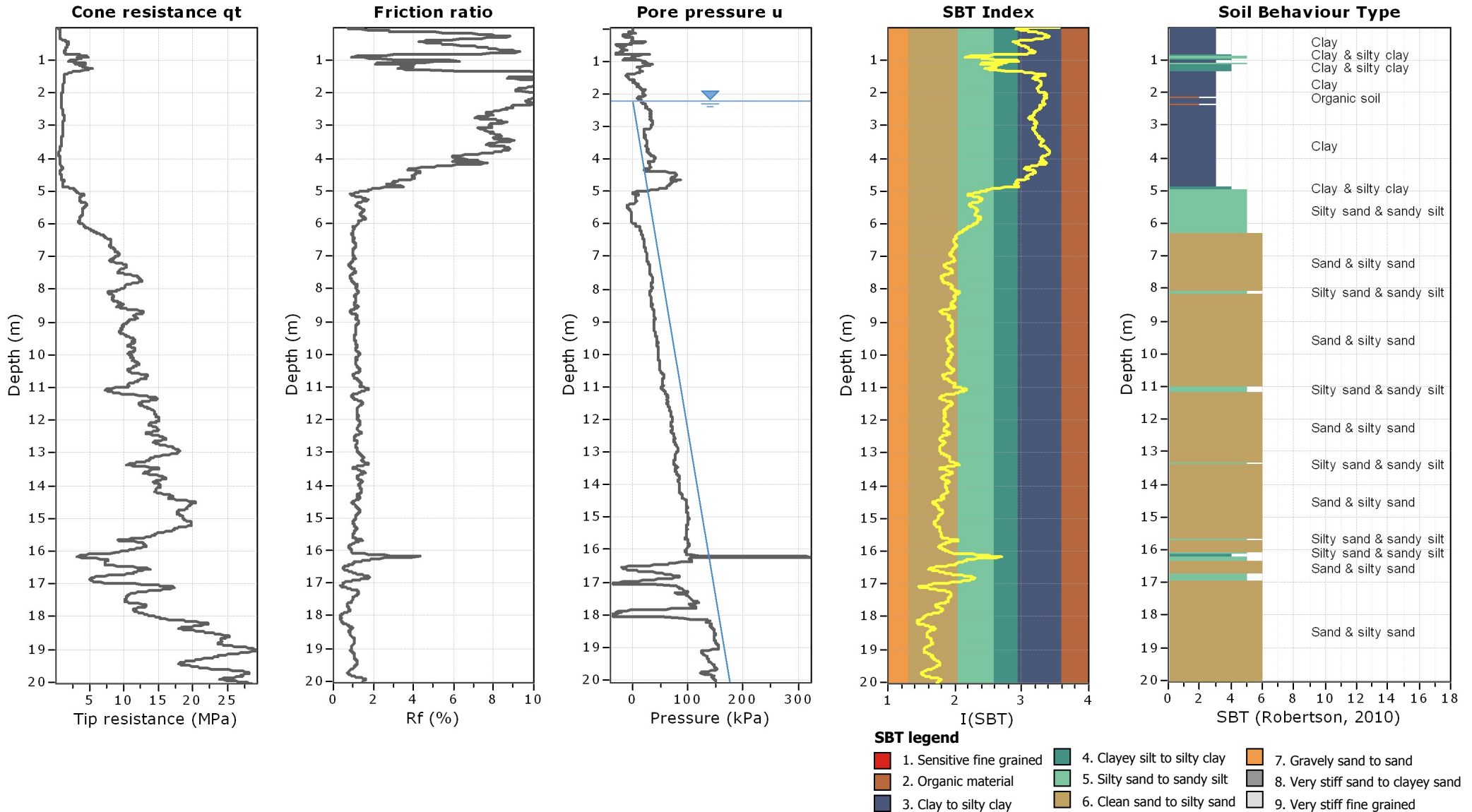
OCR factor for clays, N_{kt} : 0.33

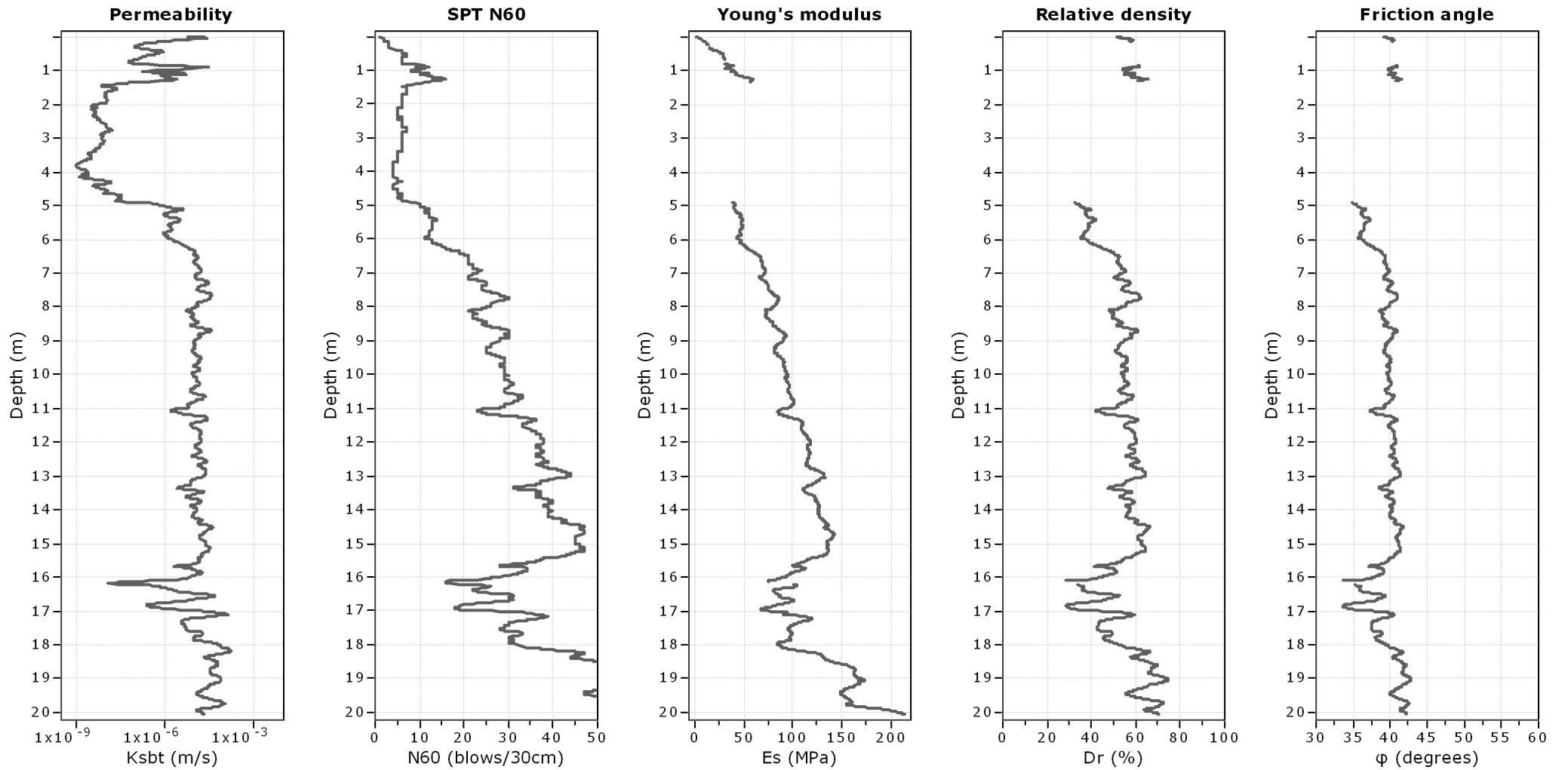
● User defined estimation data



The plot below presents the cross correlation coefficient between the raw qc and fs values (as measured on the field). X axes presents the lag distance (one lag is the distance between two successive CPT measurements).







Calculation parameters

Permeability: Based on SBT_n

SPT N₆₀: Based on I_c and q_t

Young's modulus: Based on variable alpha using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Relative density constant, C_D: 350.0

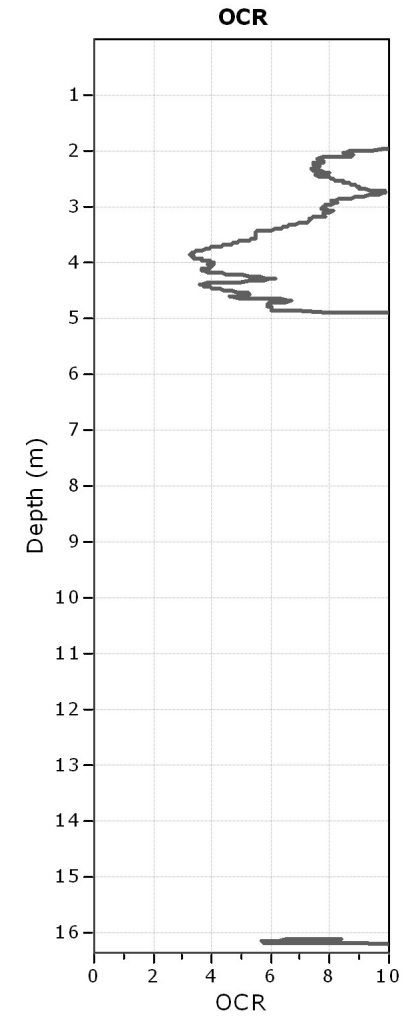
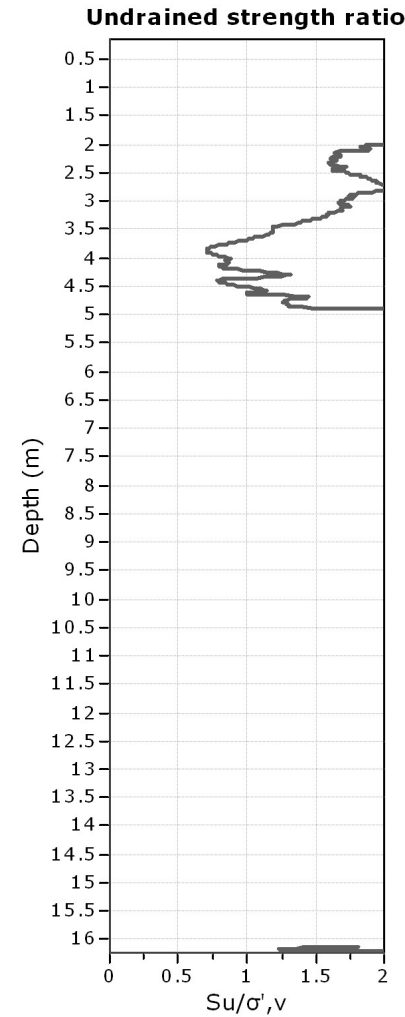
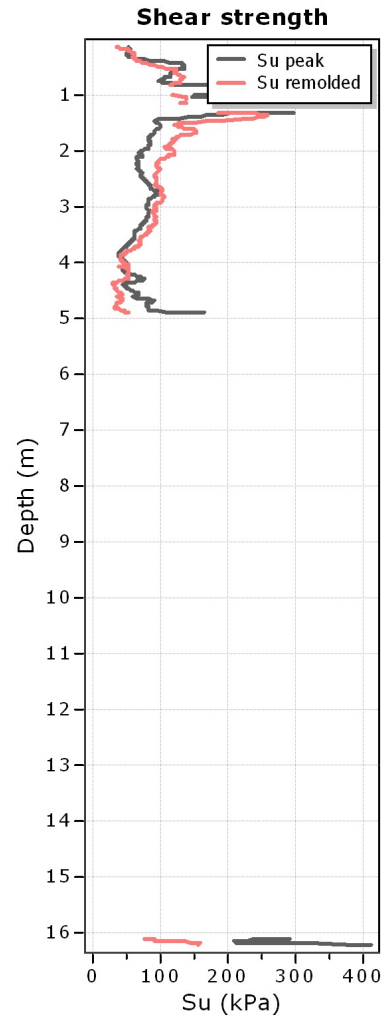
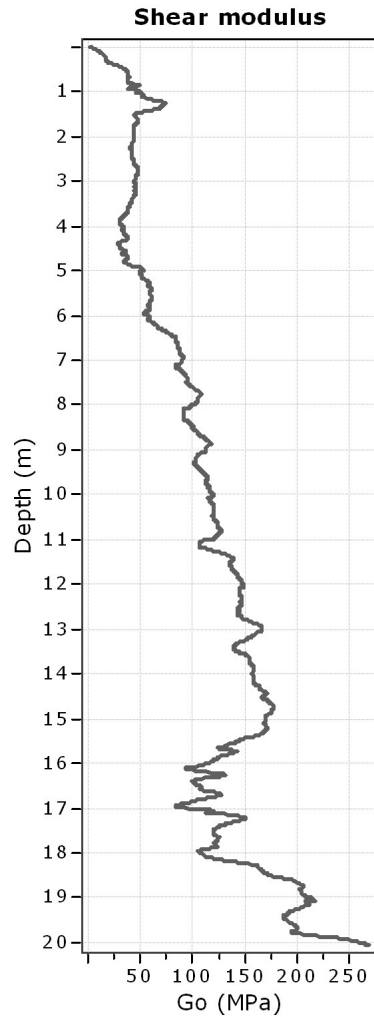
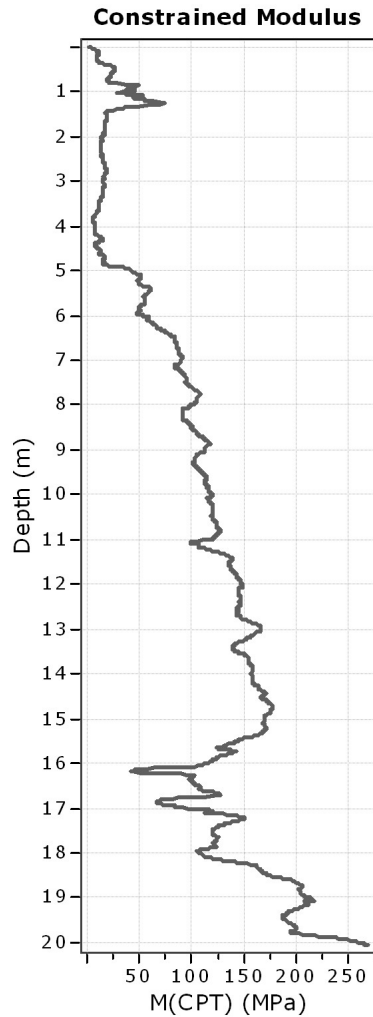
Phi: Based on Kulhawy & Mayne (1990)

● — User defined estimation data



Project: PSC MIRANDOLA 2015

Location: Mirandola (MO)



Calculation parameters

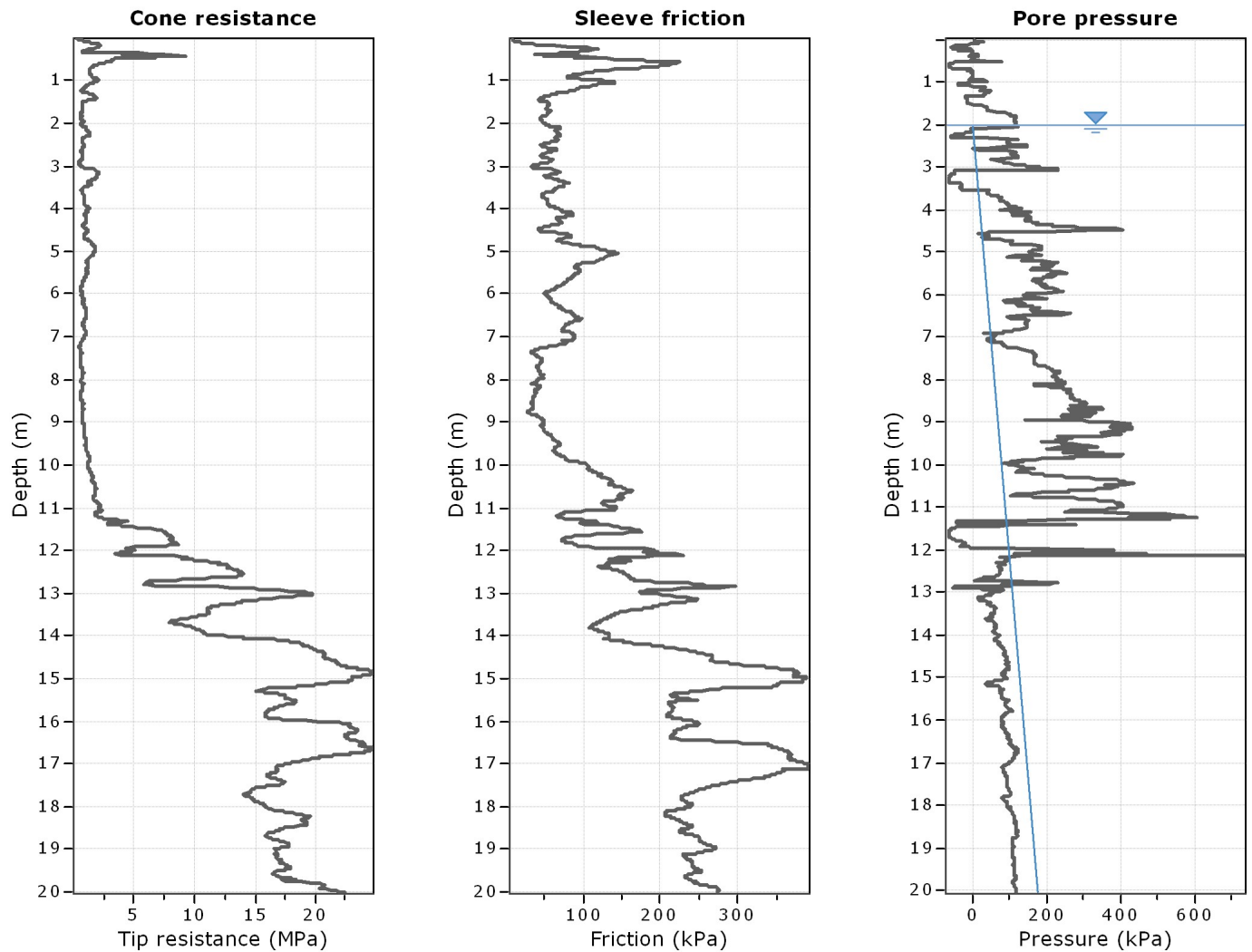
Constrained modulus: Based on variable α using I_c and Q_m (Robertson, 2009)

Go: Based on variable α using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

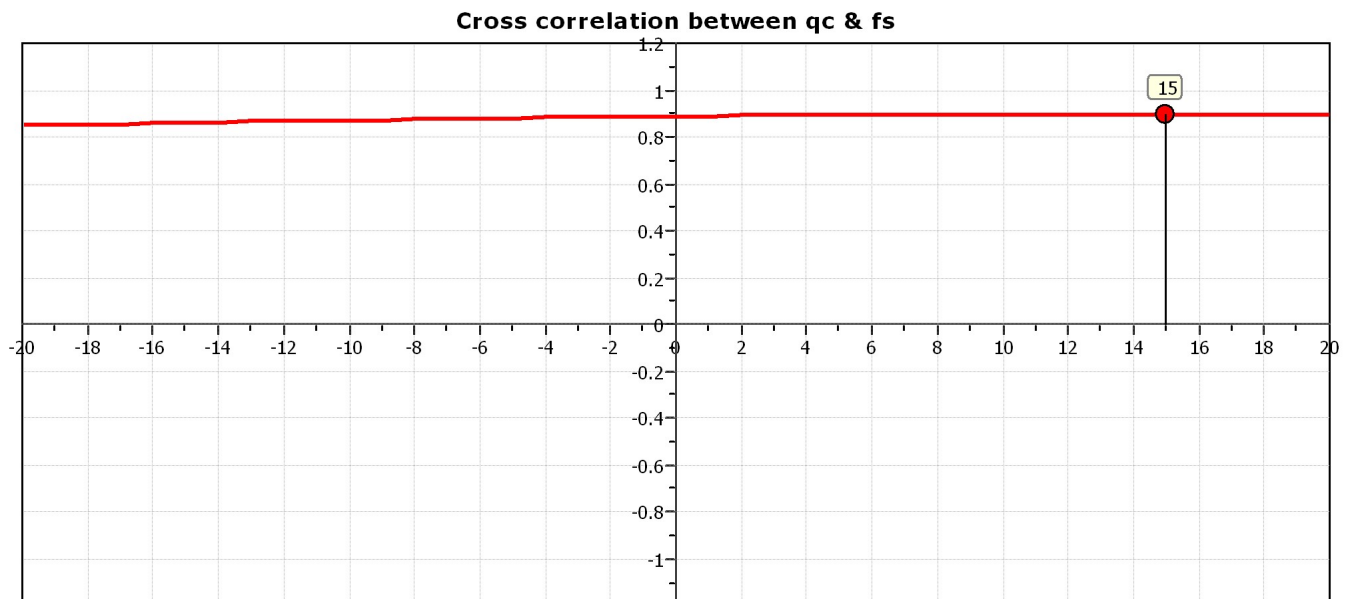
Undrained shear strength cone factor for clays, N_{kt} : 14

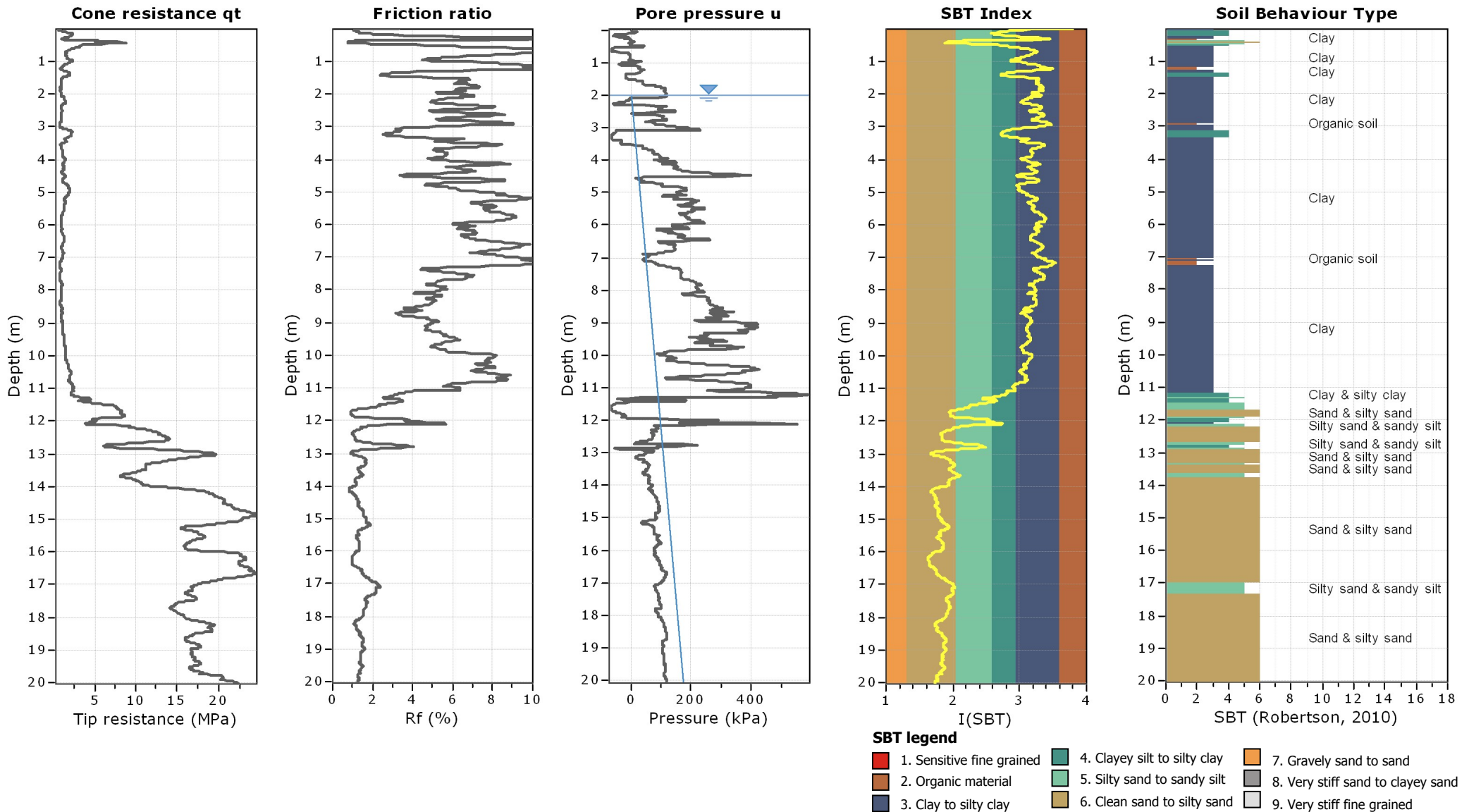
OCR factor for clays, N_{kt} : 0.33

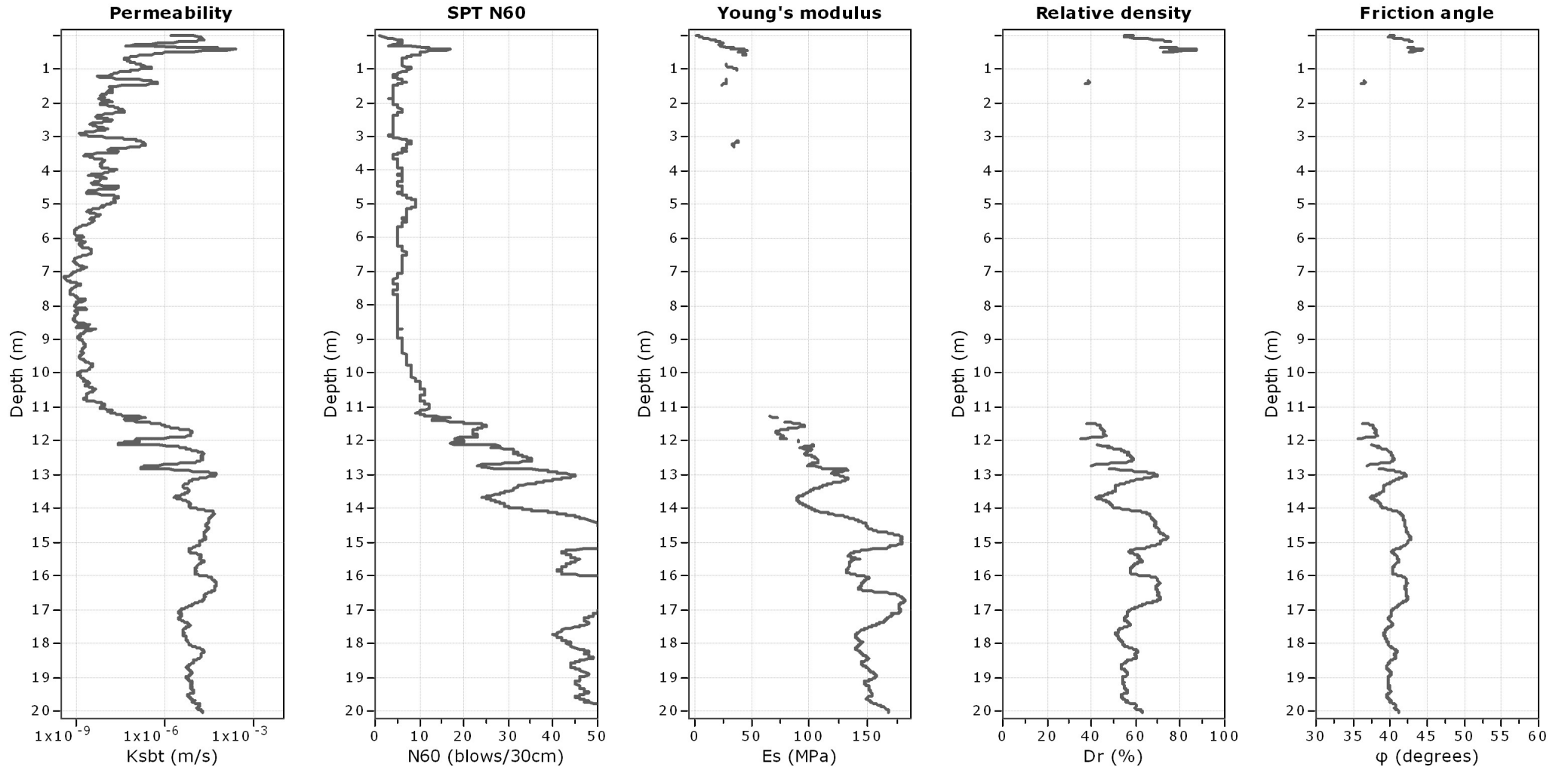
● User defined estimation data



The plot below presents the cross correlation coefficient between the raw q_c and f_s values (as measured on the field). X axes presents the lag distance (one lag is the distance between two successive CPT measurements).







Calculation parameters

Permeability: Based on SBT_n

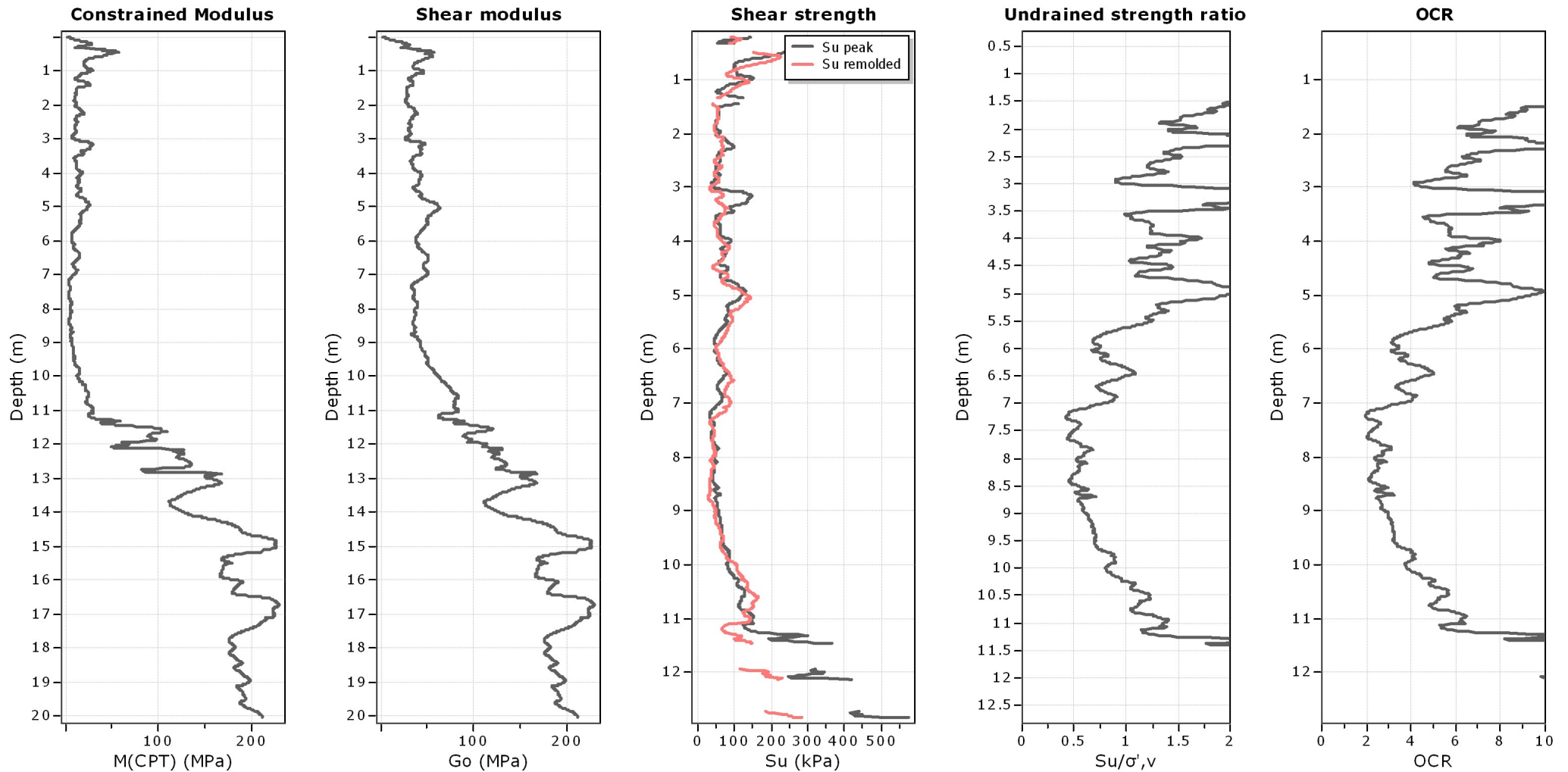
SPT N_{60} : Based on I_c and q_t

Young's modulus: Based on variable alpha using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Relative density constant, C_{Dr} : 350.0

Phi: Based on Kulhawy & Mayne (1990)

● — User defined estimation data



Calculation parameters

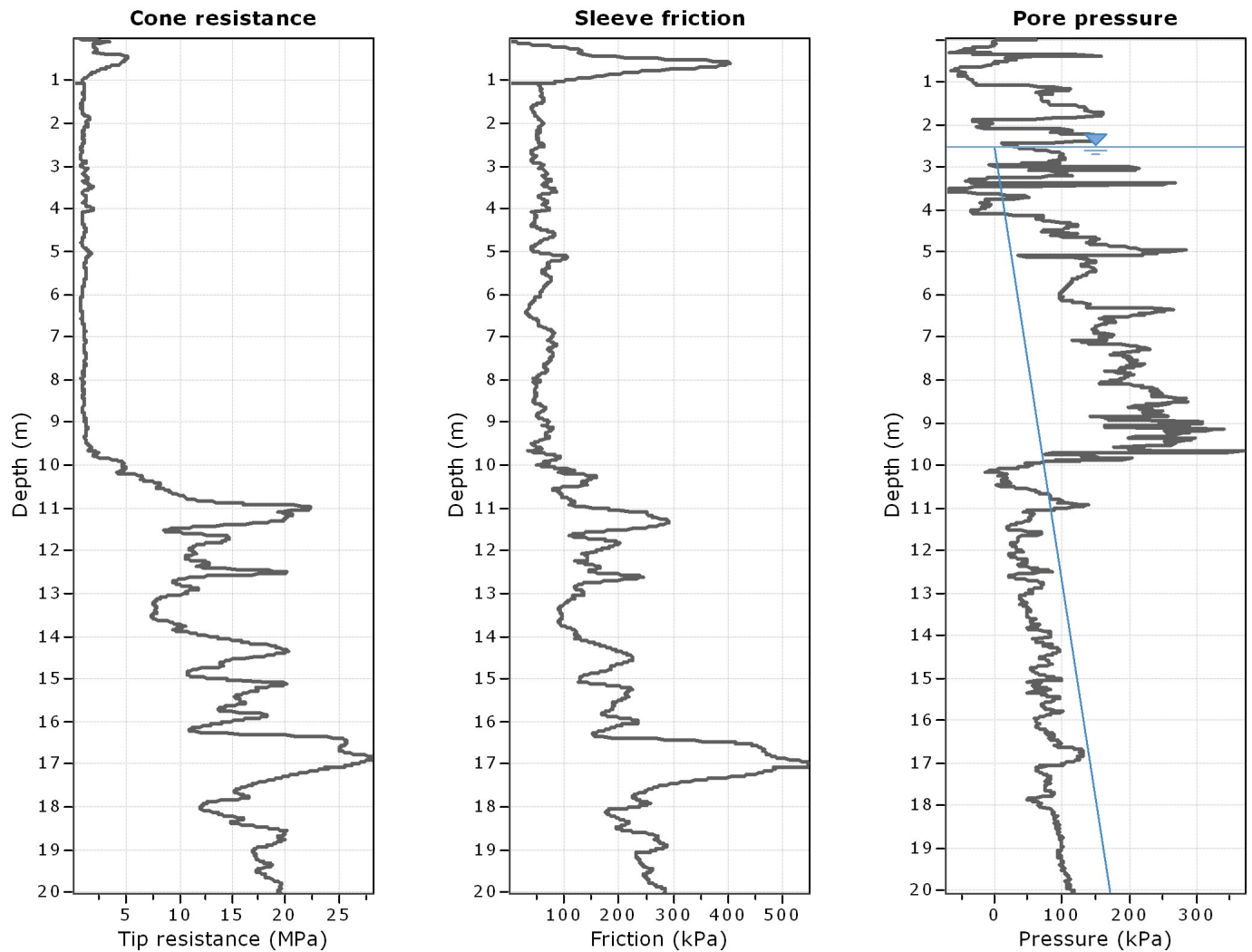
Constrained modulus: Based on variable *alpha* using I_c and Q_m (Robertson, 2009)

Go: Based on variable *alpha* using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

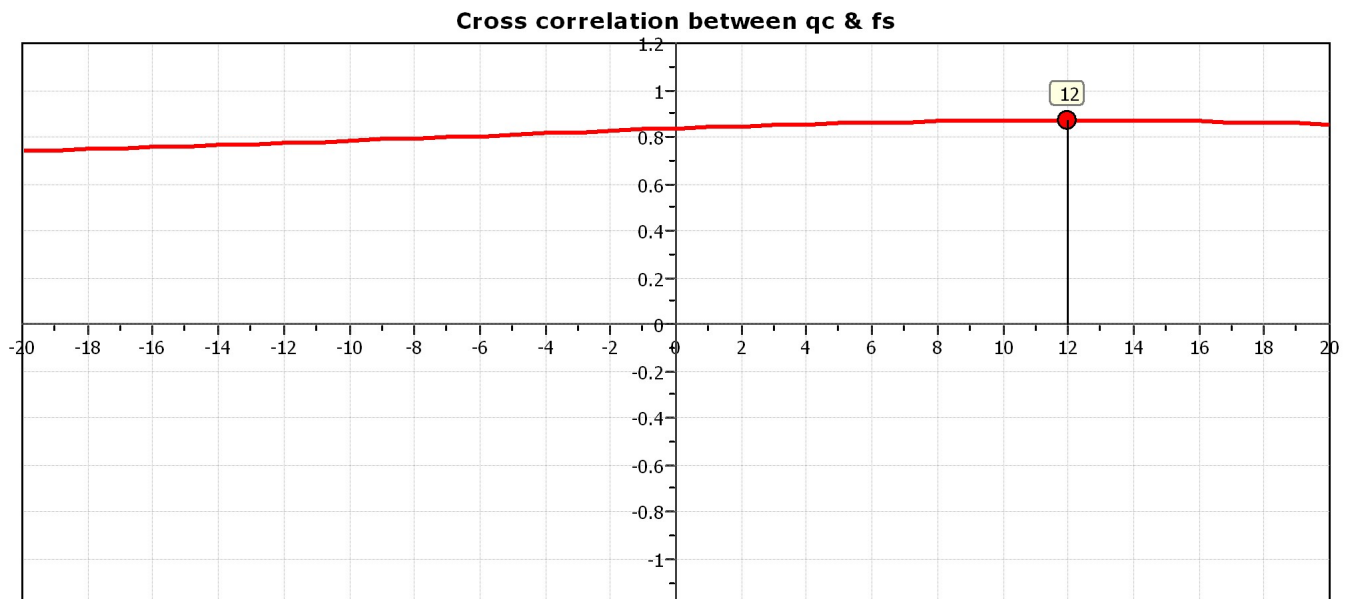
Undrained shear strength cone factor for clays, N_{kt} : 14

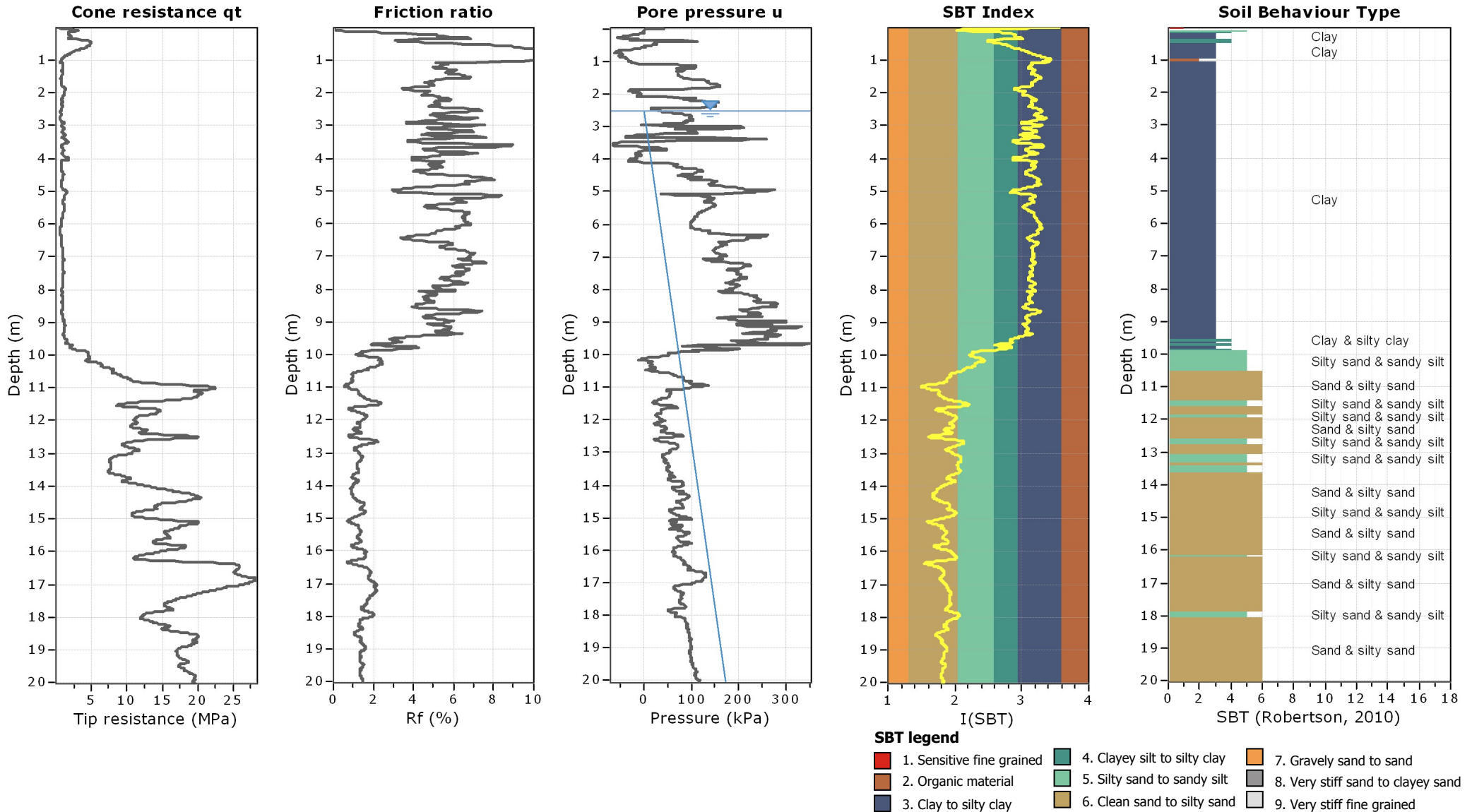
OCR factor for clays, N_{kt} : 0.33

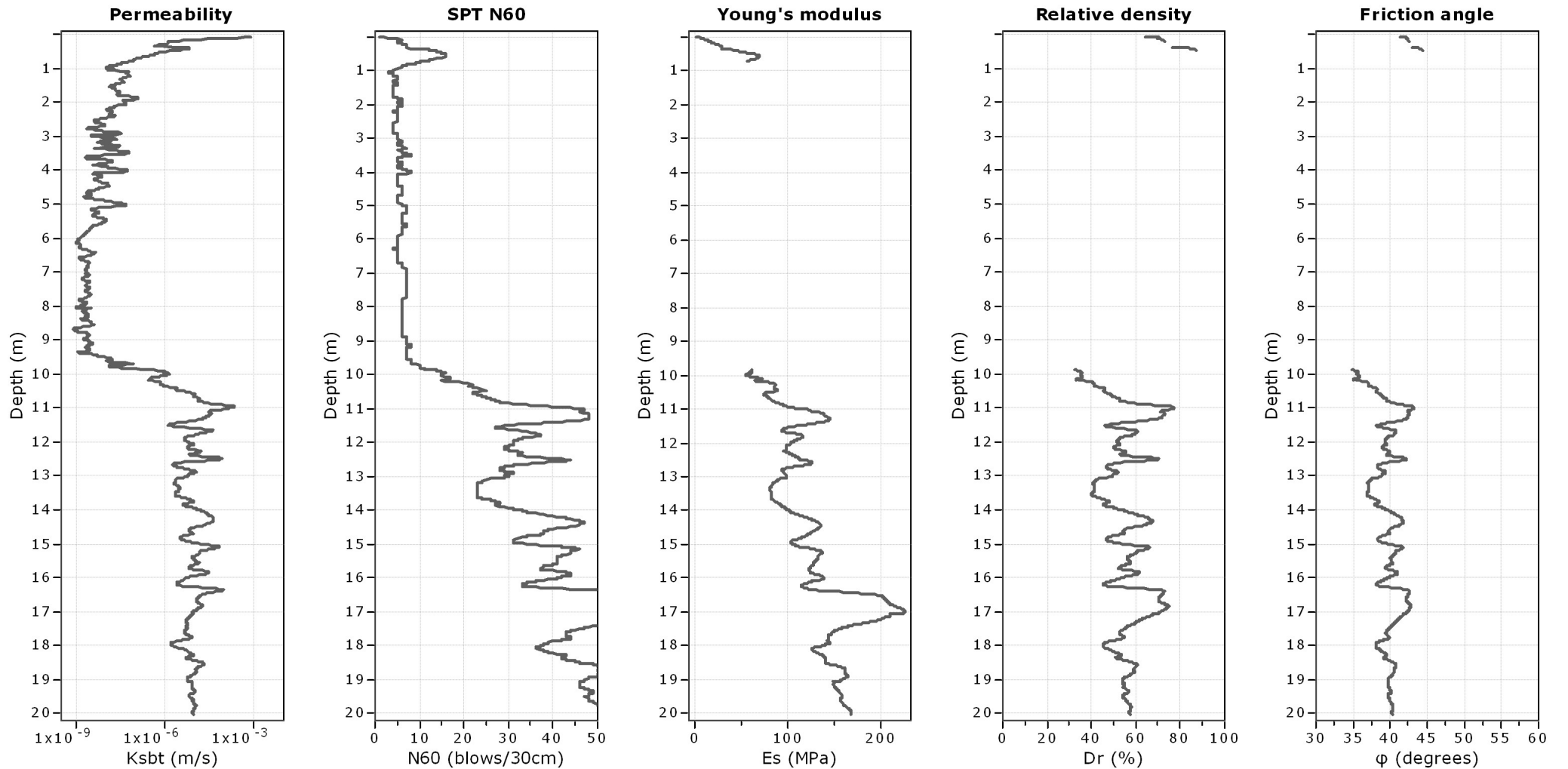
● User defined estimation data



The plot below presents the cross correlation coefficient between the raw qc and fs values (as measured on the field). X axes presents the lag distance (one lag is the distance between two successive CPT measurements).







Calculation parameters

Permeability: Based on SBT_n

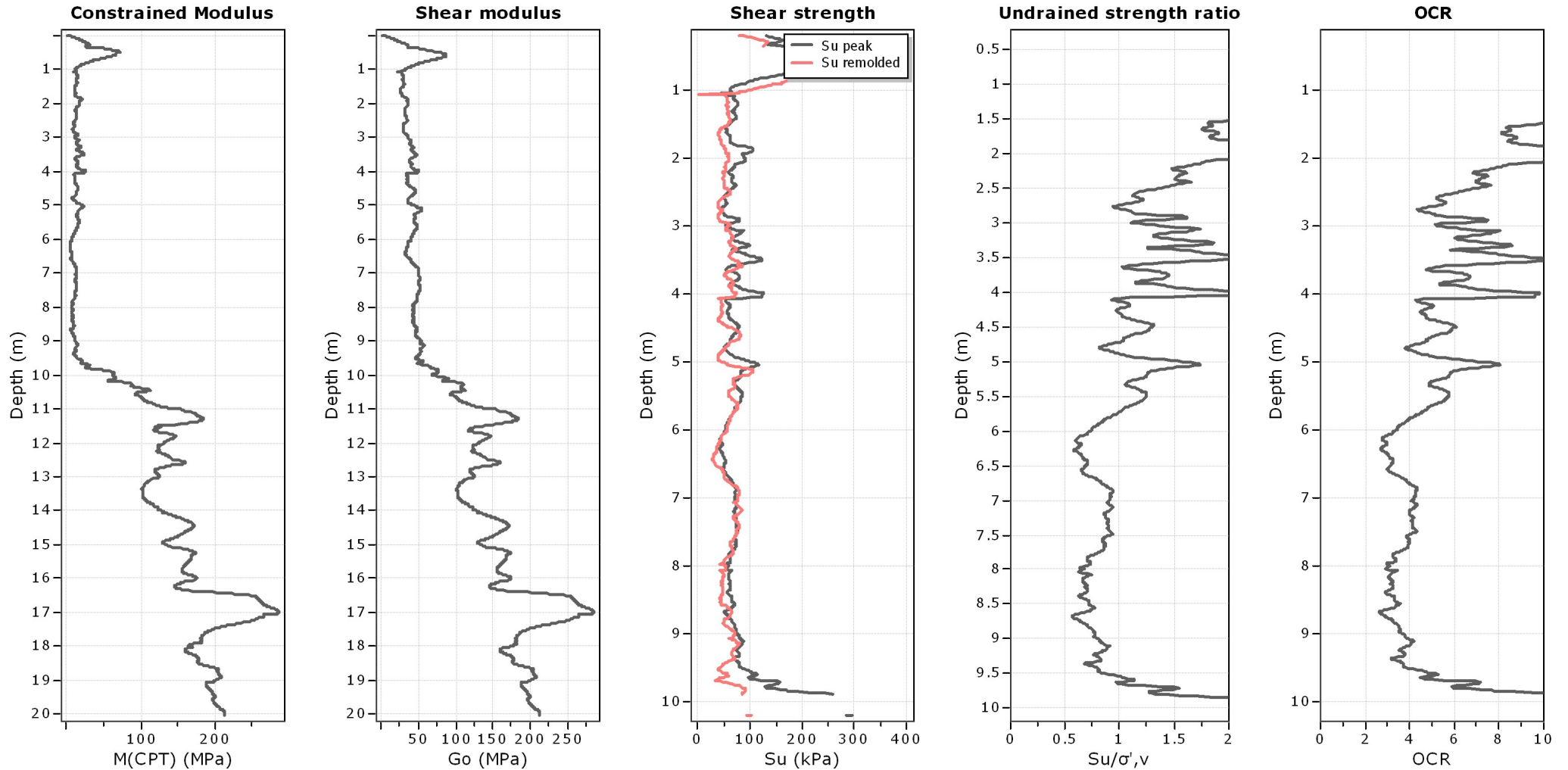
SPT N_{60} : Based on I_c and q_t

Young's modulus: Based on variable alpha using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Relative density constant, C_{Dr} : 350.0

Phi: Based on Kulhawy & Mayne (1990)

● — User defined estimation data



Calculation parameters

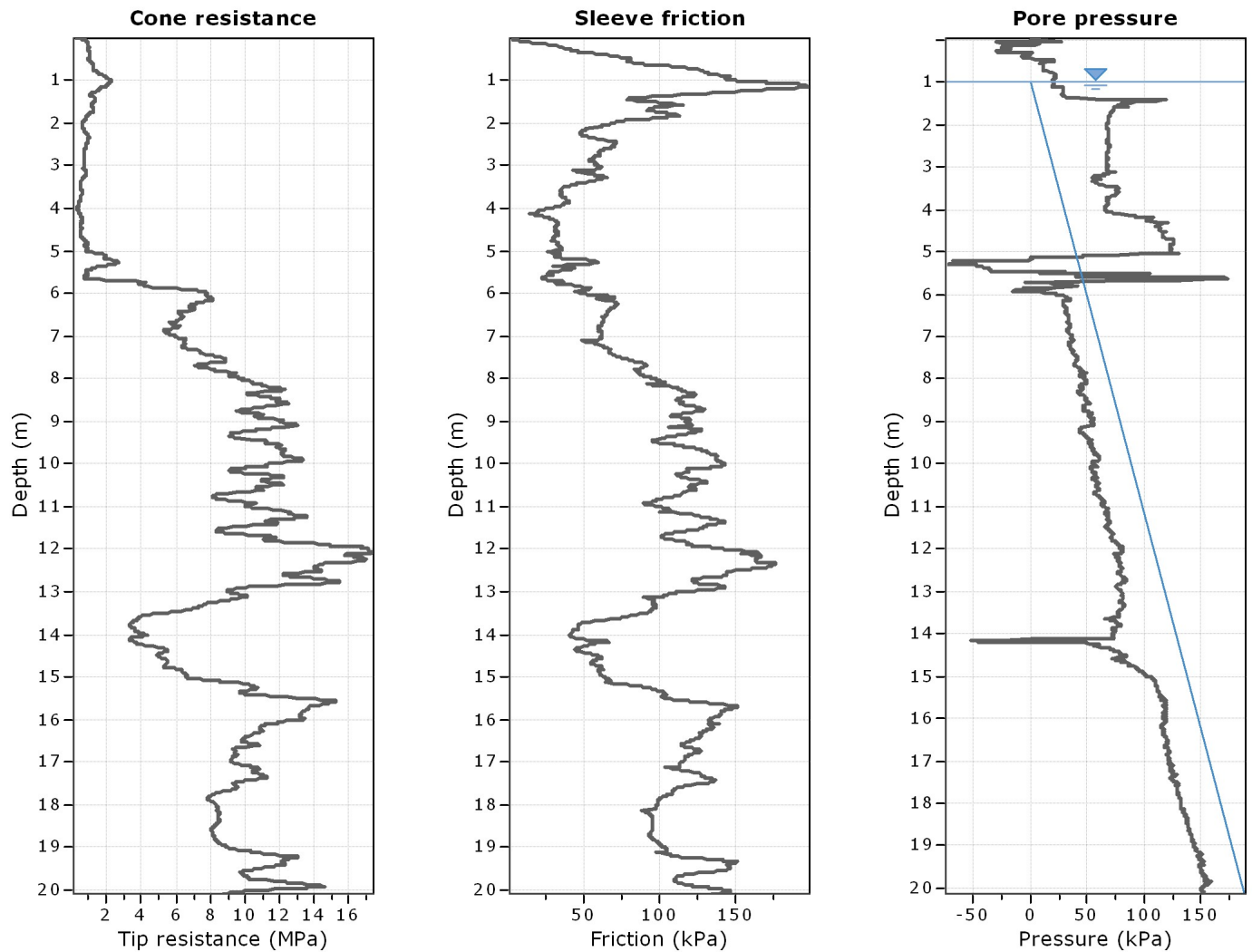
Constrained modulus: Based on variable *alpha* using I_c and Q_m (Robertson, 2009)

Go: Based on variable *alpha* using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Undrained shear strength cone factor for clays, N_{kt} : 14

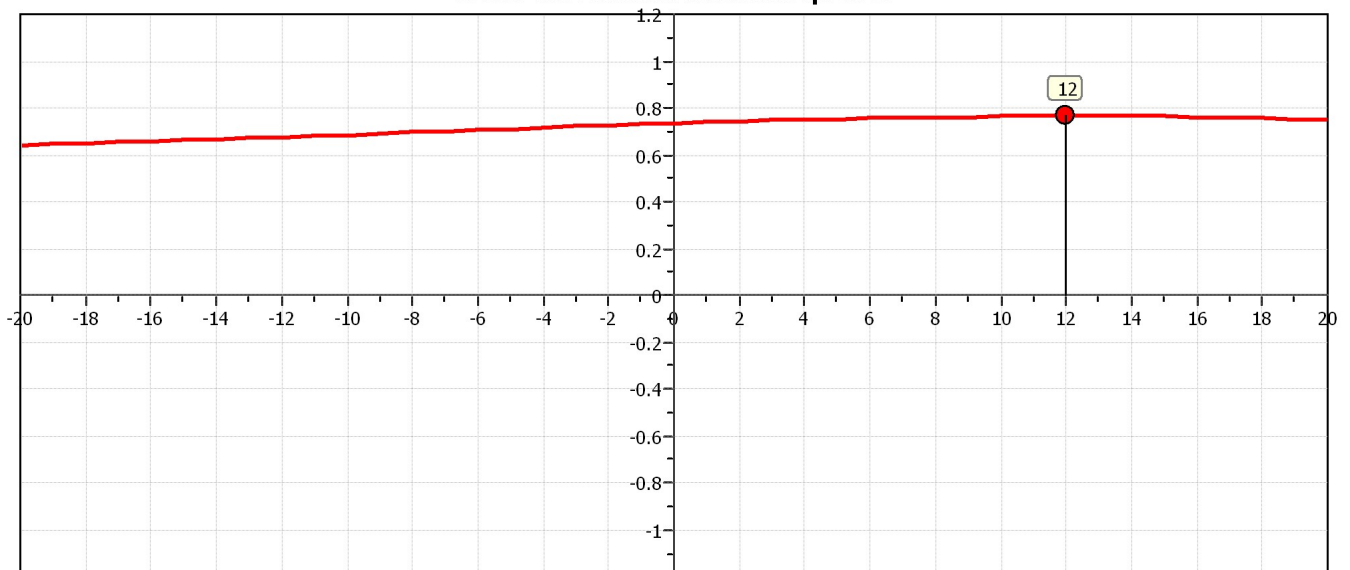
OCR factor for clays, N_{kt} : 0.33

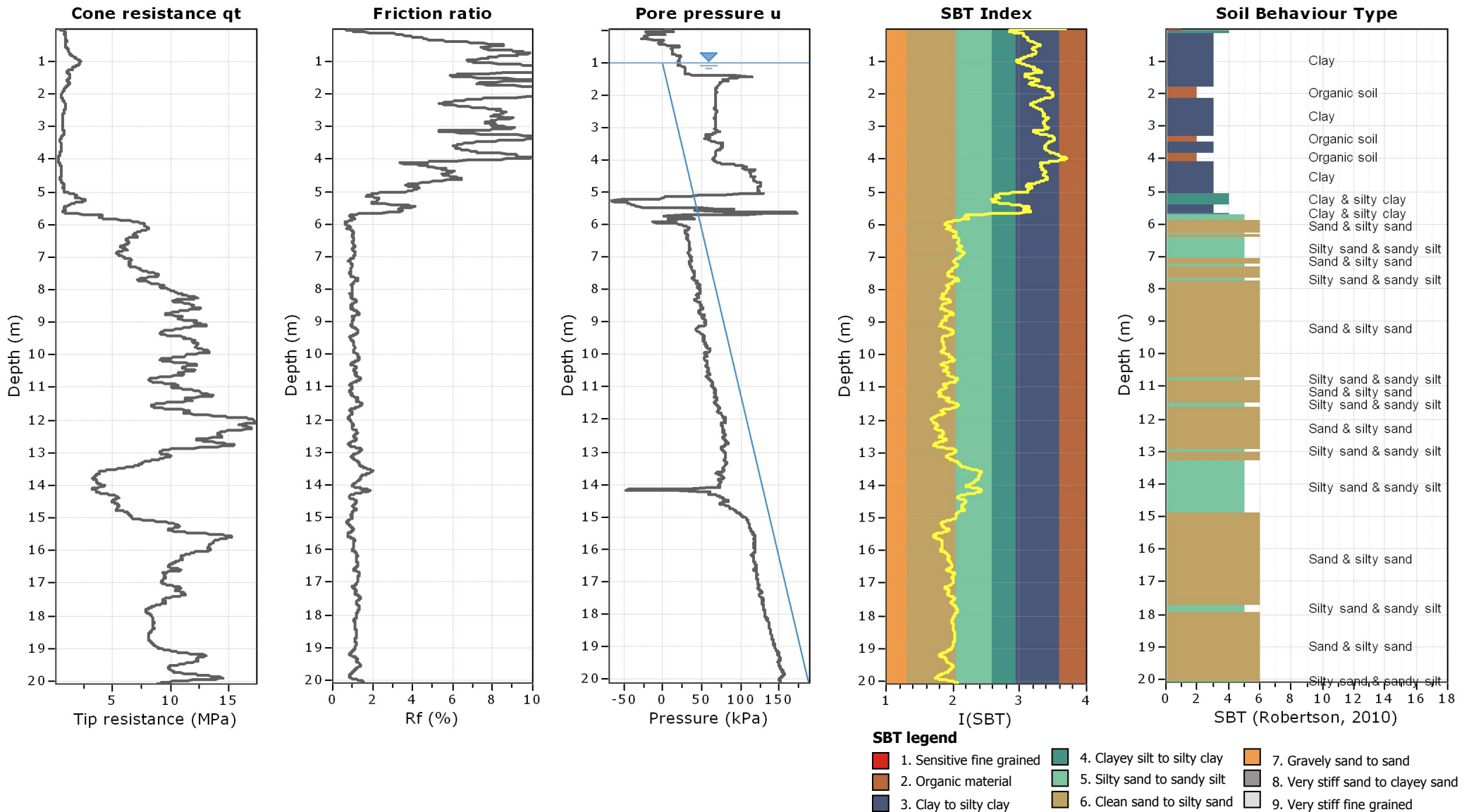
● User defined estimation data

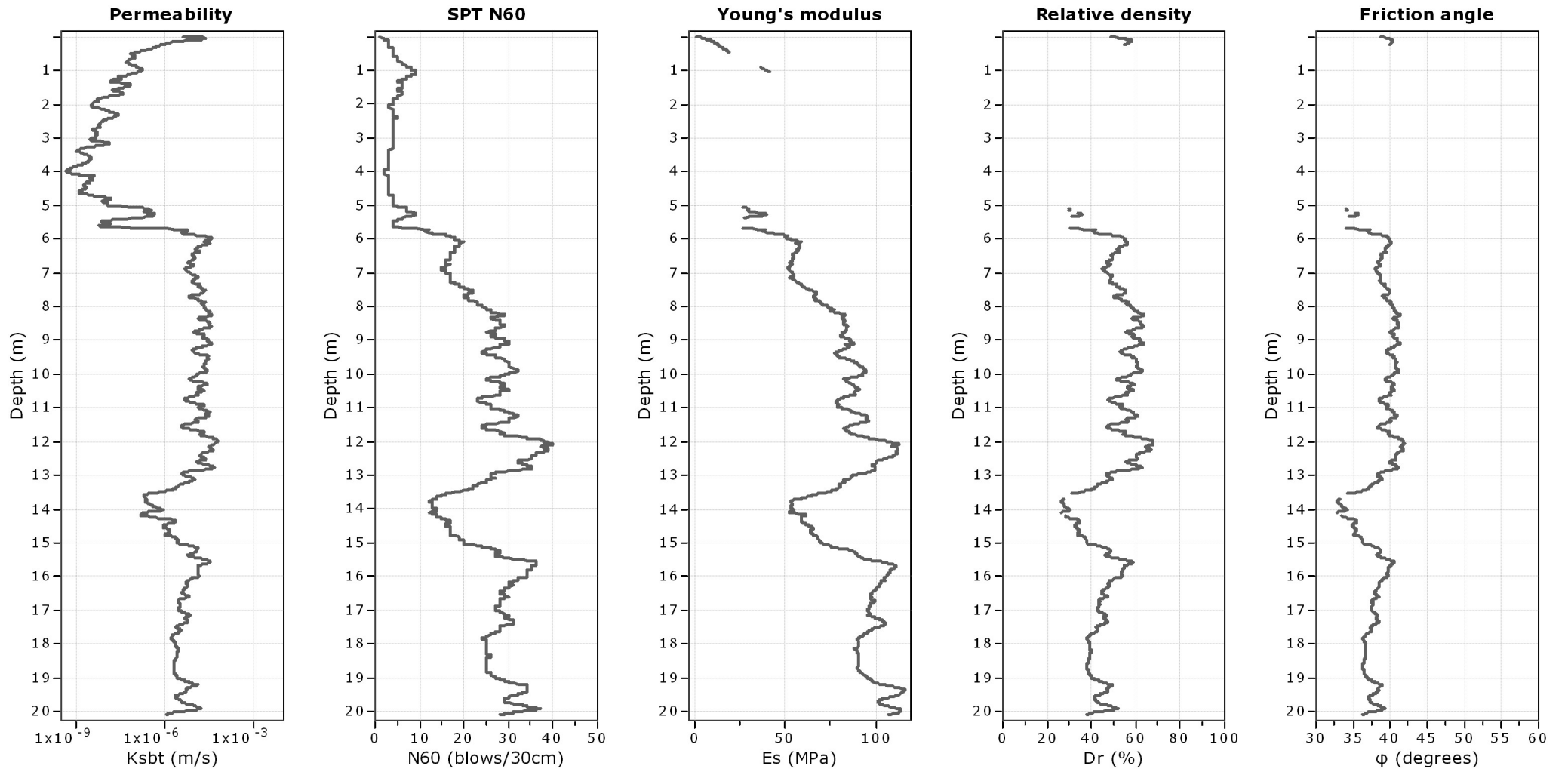


The plot below presents the cross correlation coefficient between the raw q_c and f_s values (as measured on the field). X axes presents the lag distance (one lag is the distance between two successive CPT measurements).

Cross correlation between q_c & f_s







Calculation parameters

Permeability: Based on SBT_n

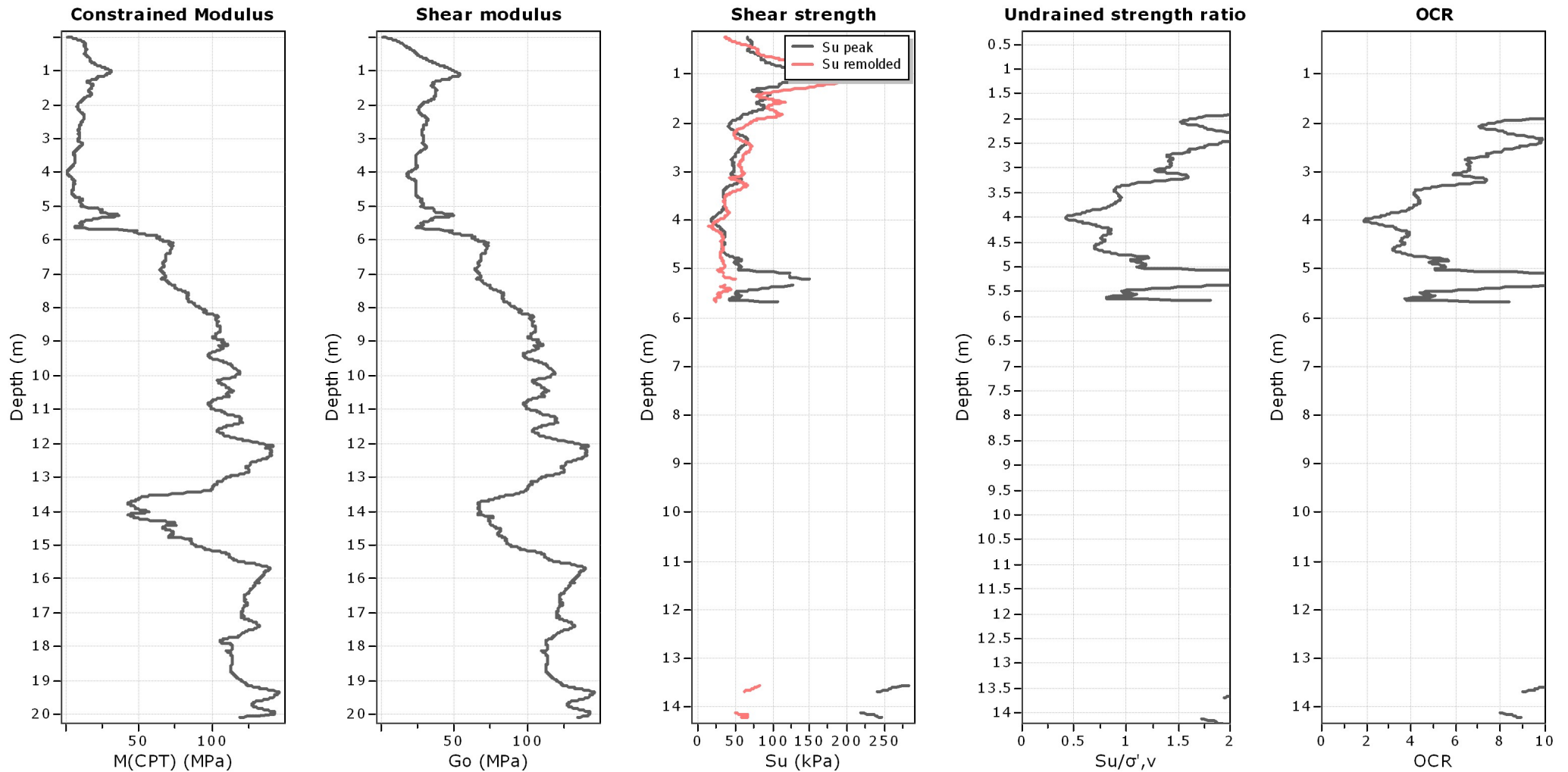
SPT N_{60} : Based on I_c and q_t

Young's modulus: Based on variable alpha using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Relative density constant, C_{Dr} : 350.0

Phi: Based on Kulhawy & Mayne (1990)

● — User defined estimation data



Calculation parameters

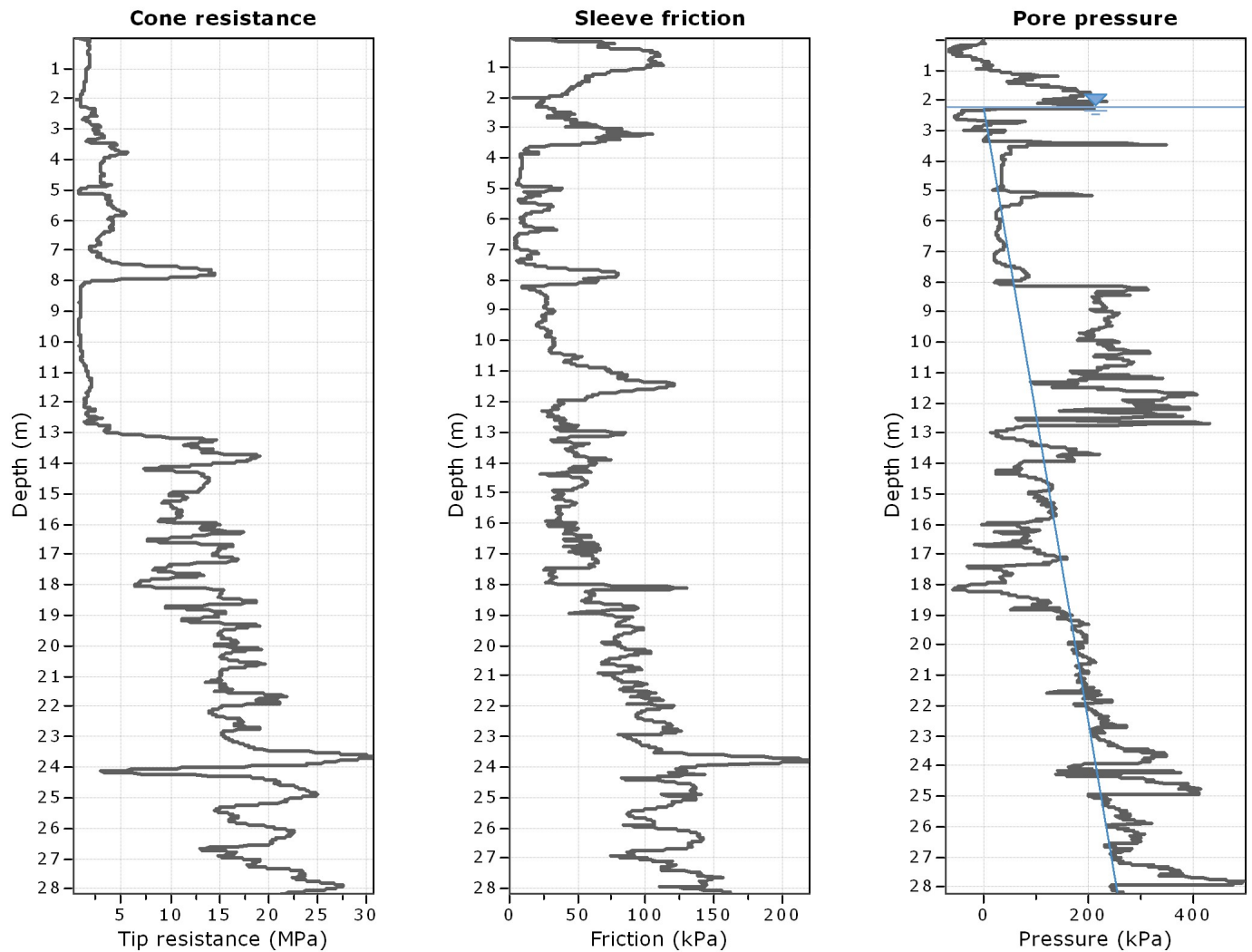
Constrained modulus: Based on variable *alpha* using I_c and Q_m (Robertson, 2009)

Go: Based on variable *alpha* using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Undrained shear strength cone factor for clays, N_{kt} : 14

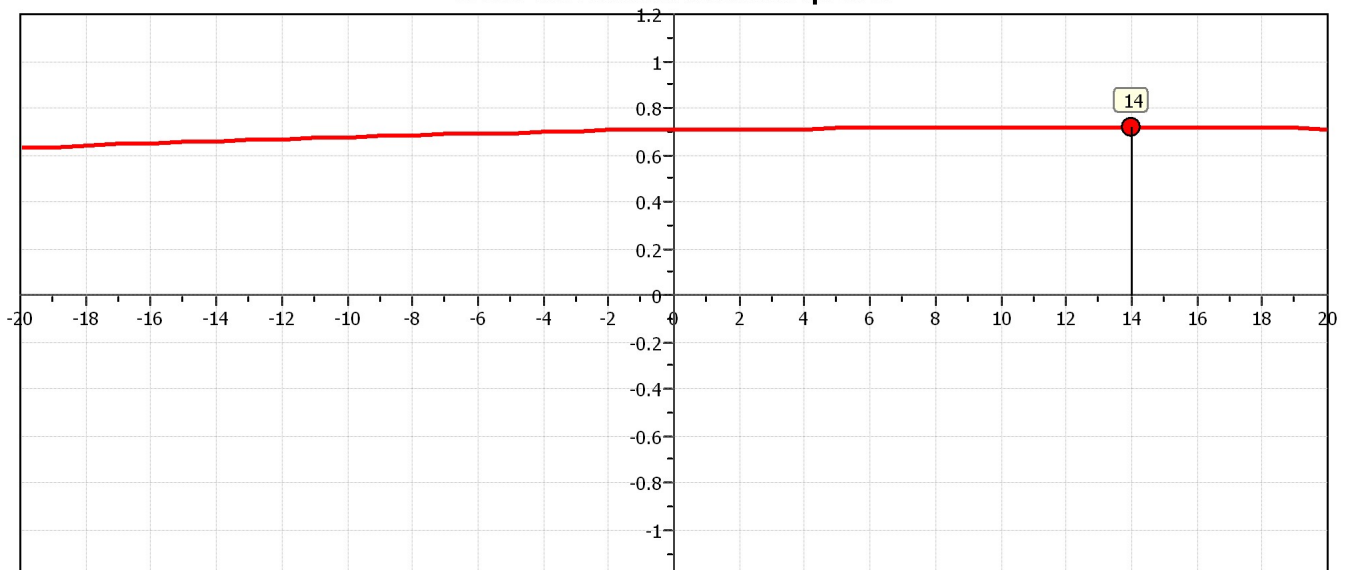
OCR factor for clays, N_{kt} : 0.33

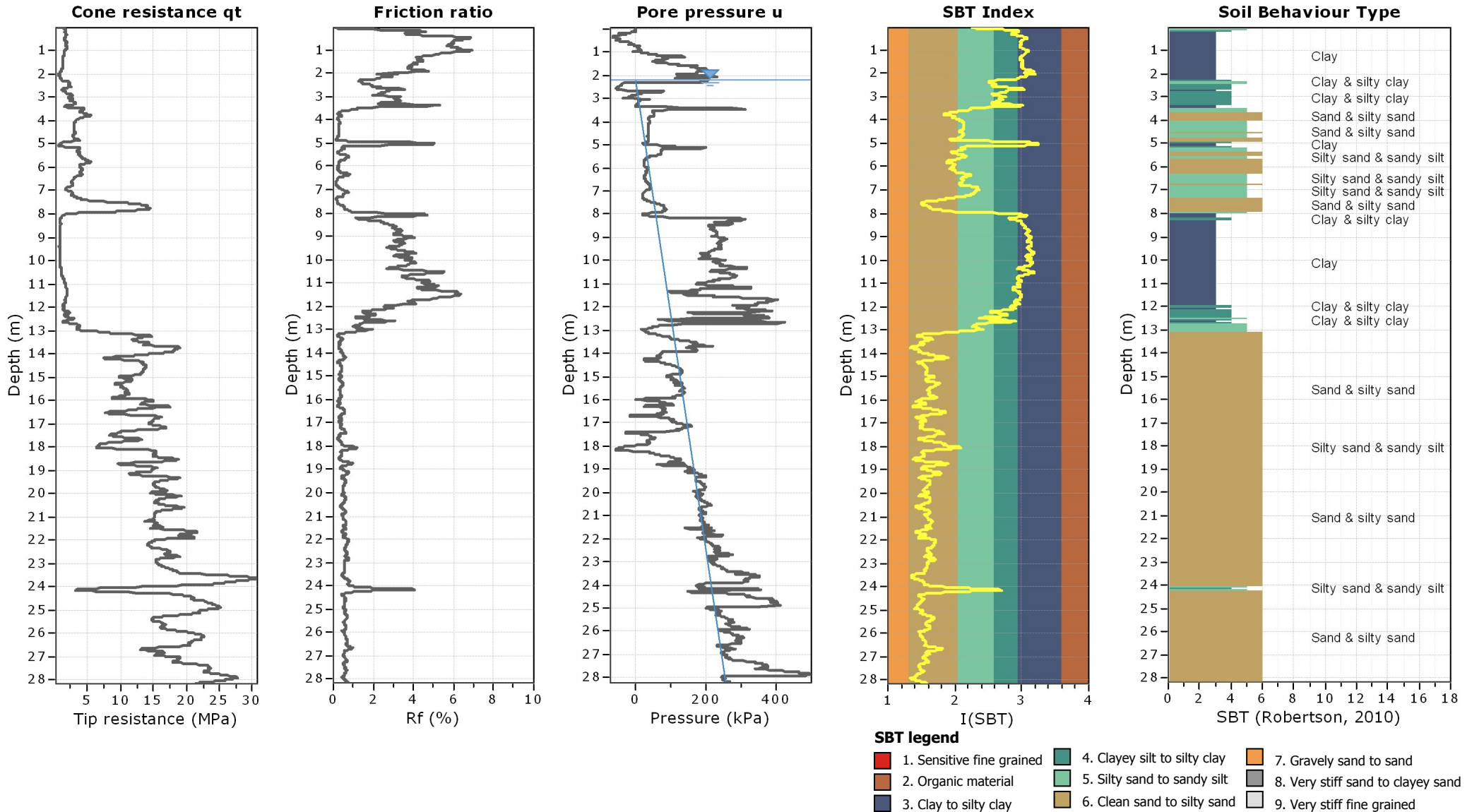
● User defined estimation data

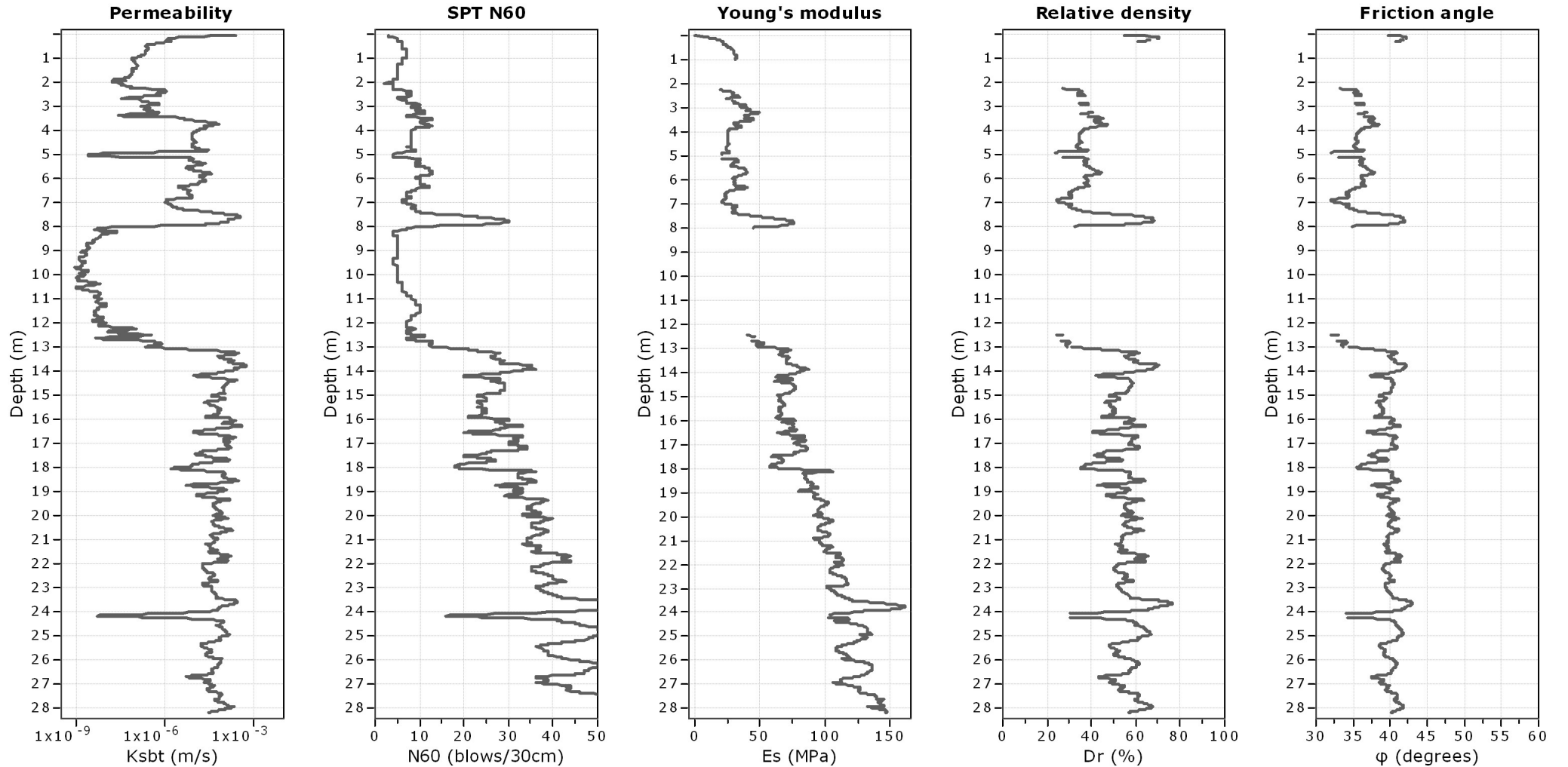


The plot below presents the cross correlation coefficient between the raw q_c and f_s values (as measured on the field). X axes presents the lag distance (one lag is the distance between two successive CPT measurements).

Cross correlation between q_c & f_s







Calculation parameters

Permeability: Based on SBT_n

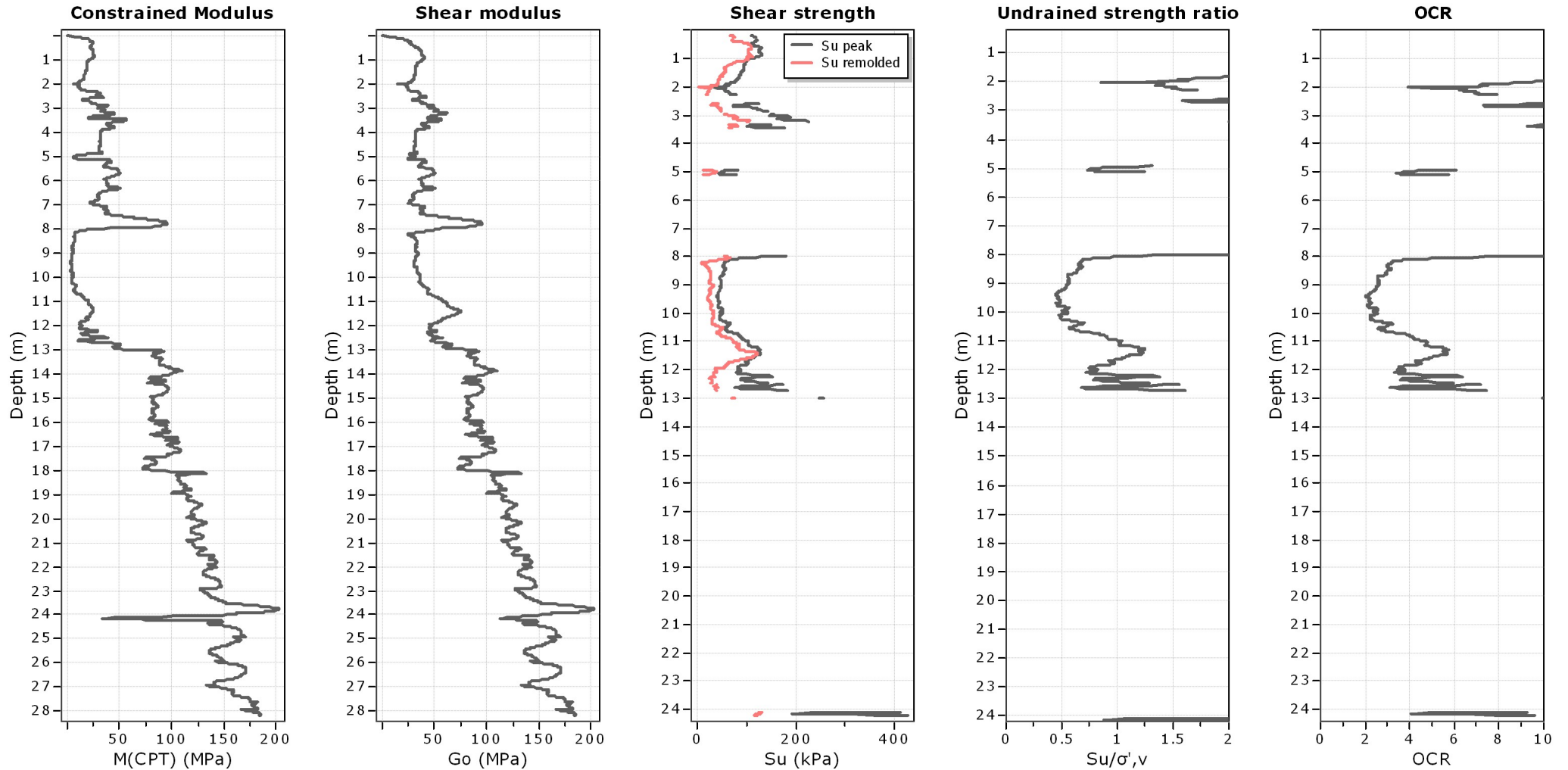
SPT N₆₀: Based on I_c and q_t

Young's modulus: Based on variable alpha using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Relative density constant, C_{Dr}: 350.0

Phi: Based on Kulhawy & Mayne (1990)

● — User defined estimation data



Calculation parameters

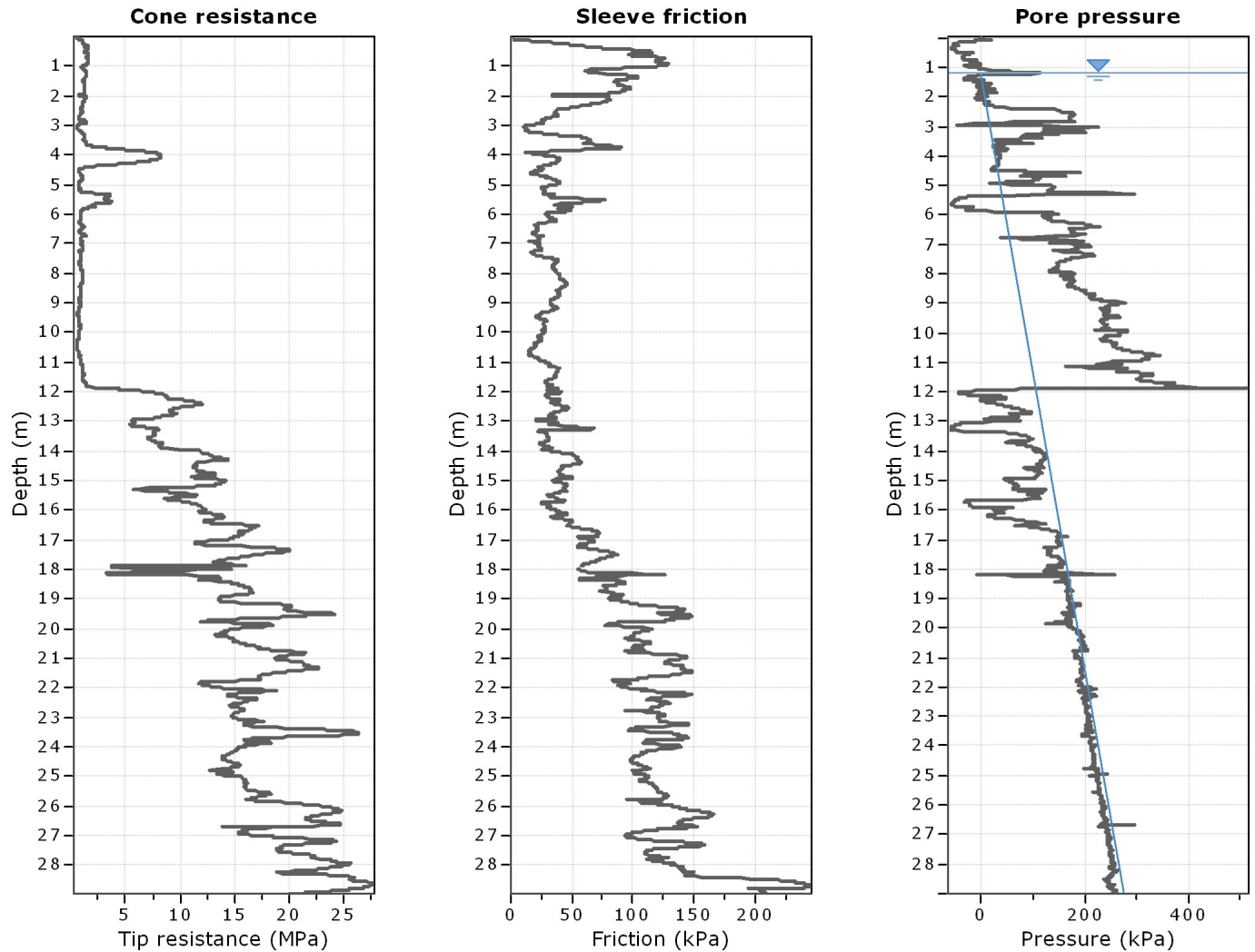
Constrained modulus: Based on variable α using I_c and Q_m (Robertson, 2009)

Go: Based on variable α using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Undrained shear strength cone factor for clays, N_{kt} : 14

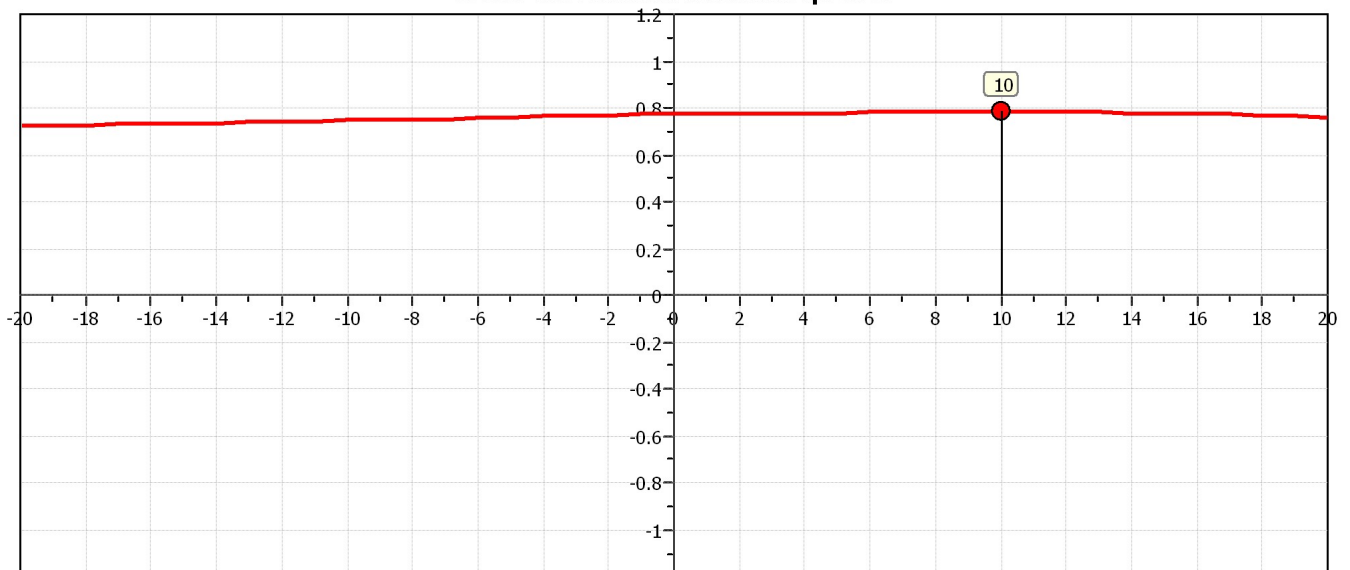
OCR factor for clays, N_{kt} : 0.33

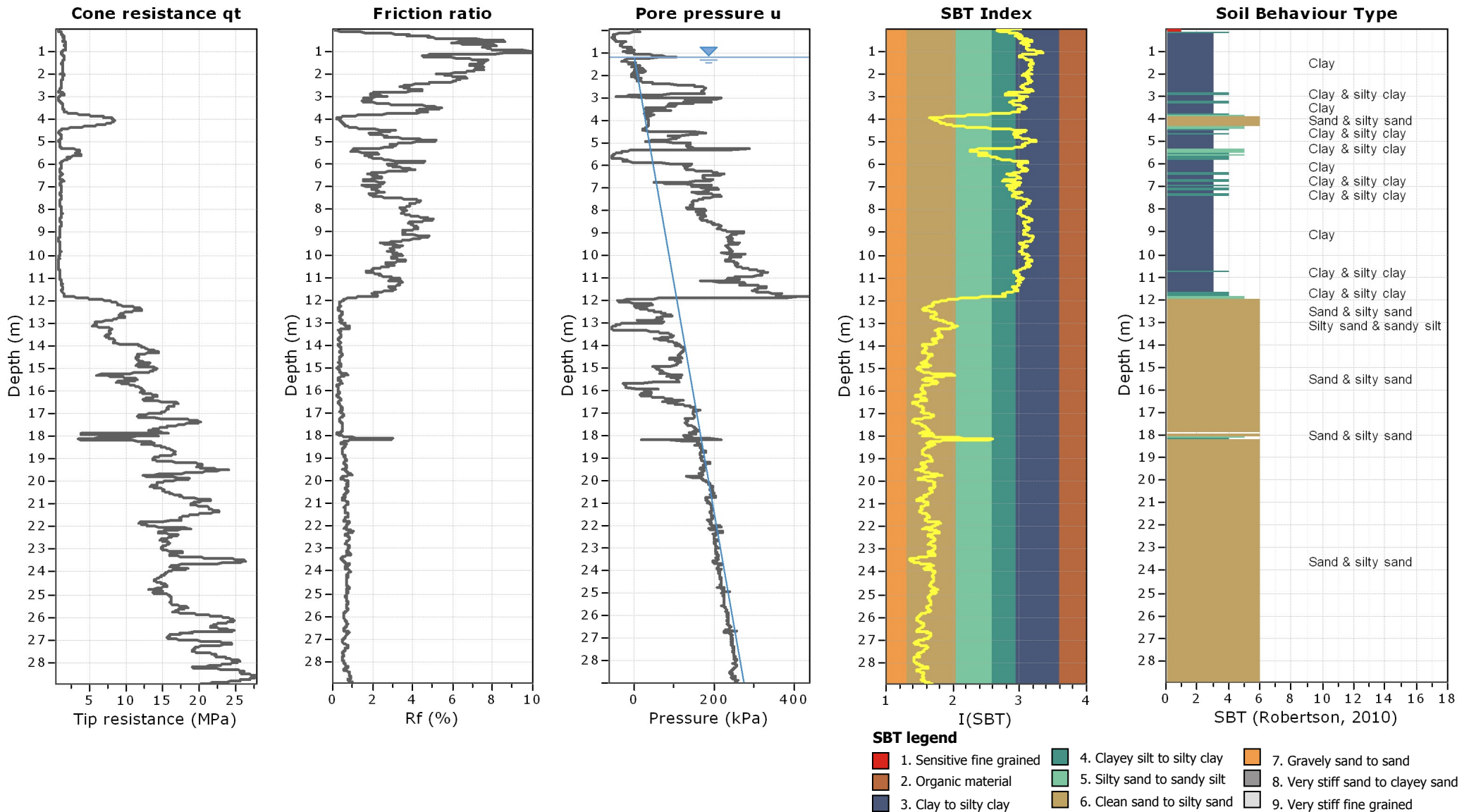
● User defined estimation data

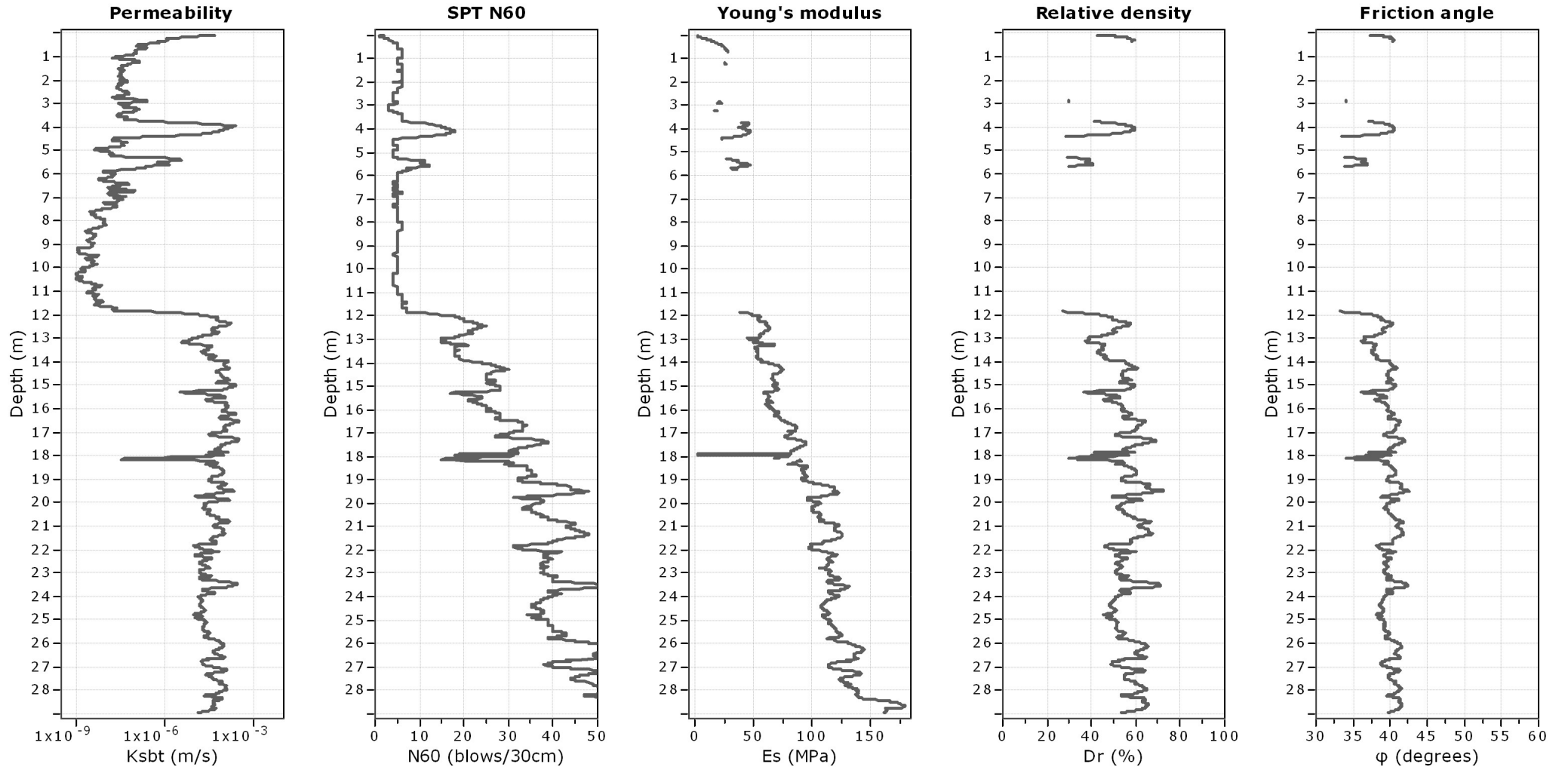


The plot below presents the cross correlation coefficient between the raw q_c and f_s values (as measured on the field). X axes presents the lag distance (one lag is the distance between two successive CPT measurements).

Cross correlation between q_c & f_s







Calculation parameters

Permeability: Based on SBT_n

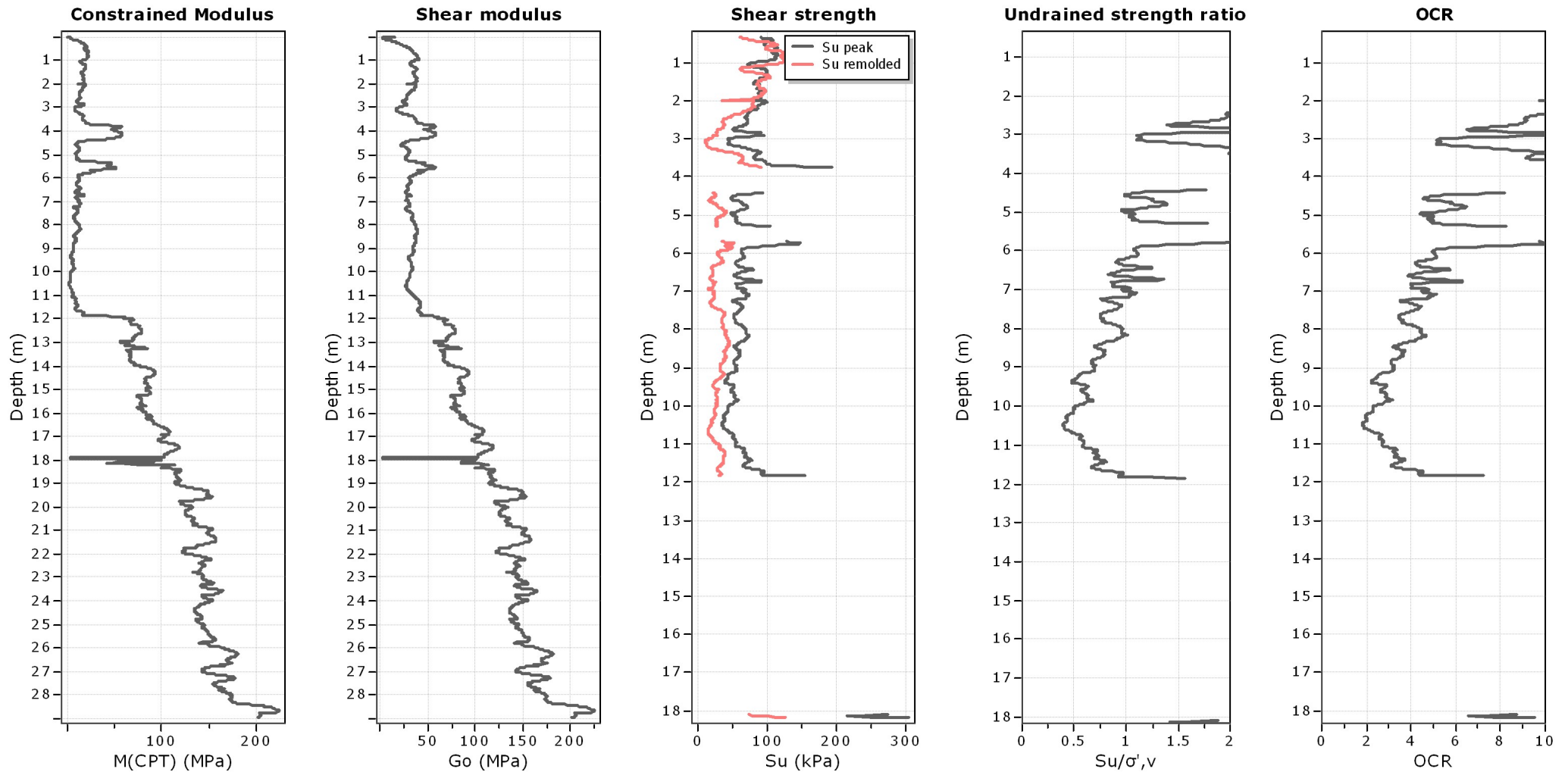
SPT N_{60} : Based on I_c and q_t

Young's modulus: Based on variable alpha using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Relative density constant, C_{Dr} : 350.0

Phi: Based on Kulhawy & Mayne (1990)

● — User defined estimation data



Calculation parameters

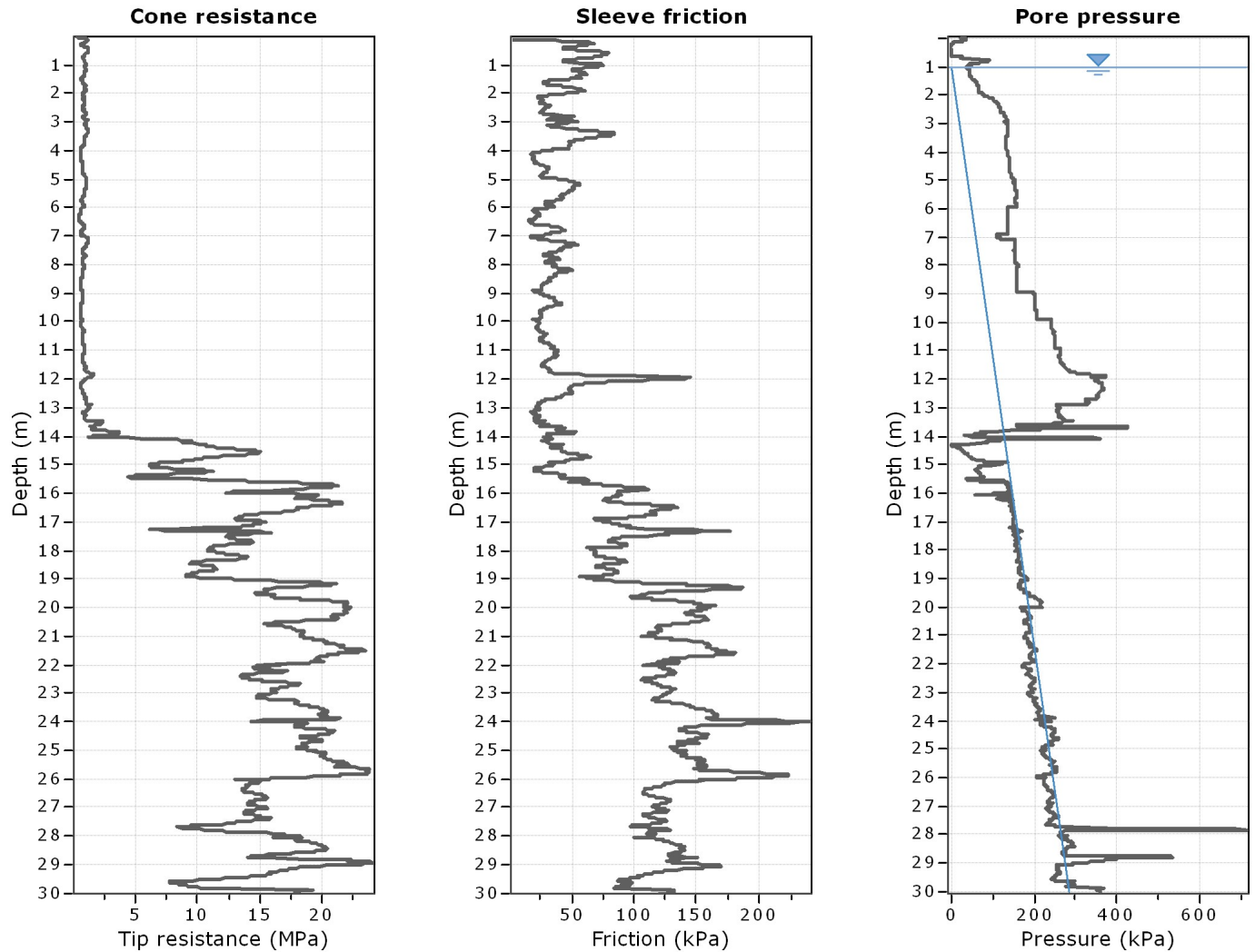
Constrained modulus: Based on variable *alpha* using I_c and Q_m (Robertson, 2009)

Go: Based on variable *alpha* using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

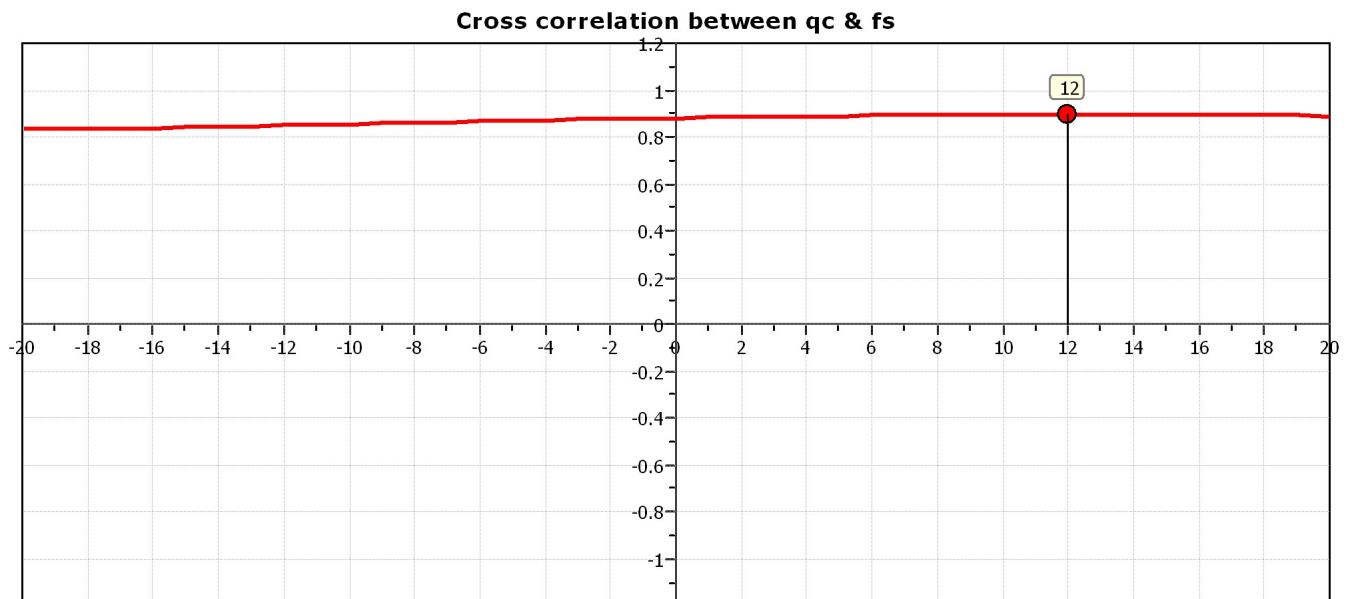
Undrained shear strength cone factor for clays, N_{kt} : 14

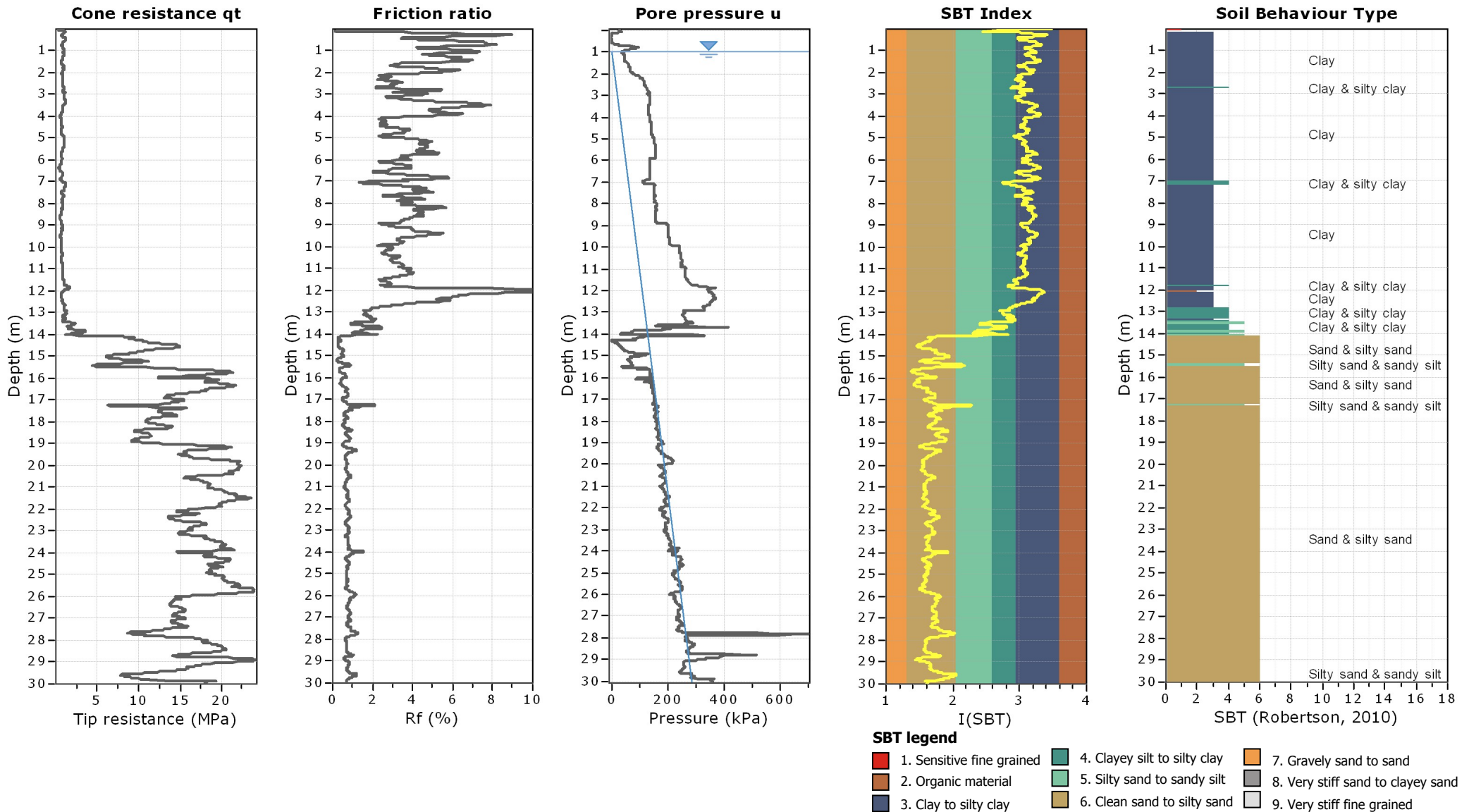
OCR factor for clays, N_{kt} : 0.33

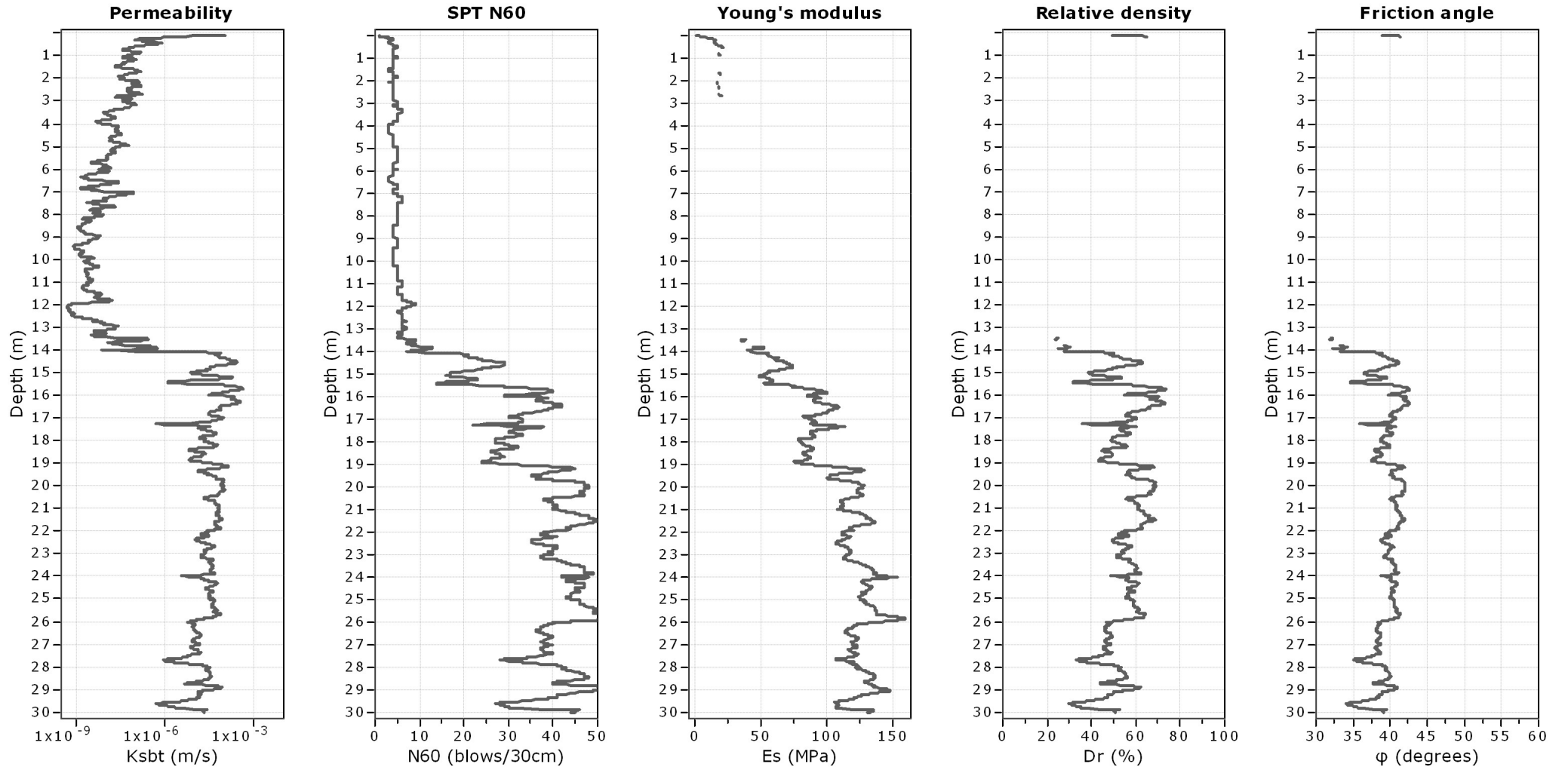
● User defined estimation data



The plot below presents the cross correlation coefficient between the raw q_c and f_s values (as measured on the field). X axes presents the lag distance (one lag is the distance between two successive CPT measurements).







Calculation parameters

Permeability: Based on SBT_n

SPT N₆₀: Based on I_c and q_t

Young's modulus: Based on variable alpha using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Relative density constant, C_{Dr}: 350.0

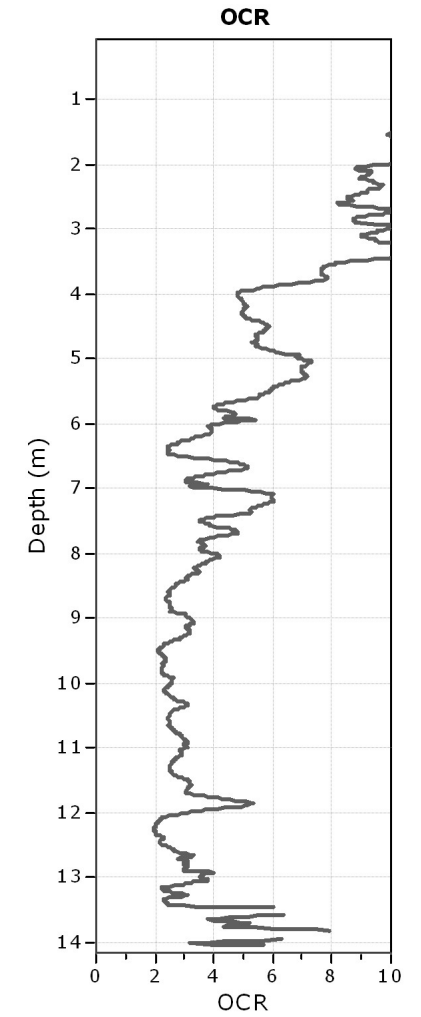
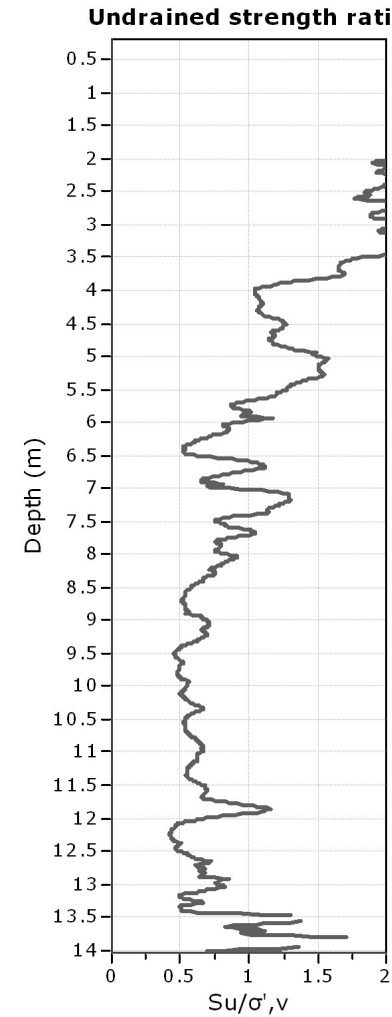
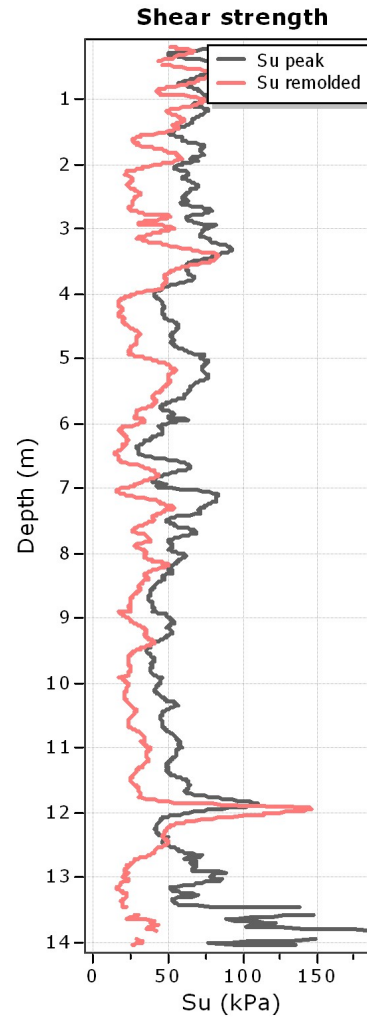
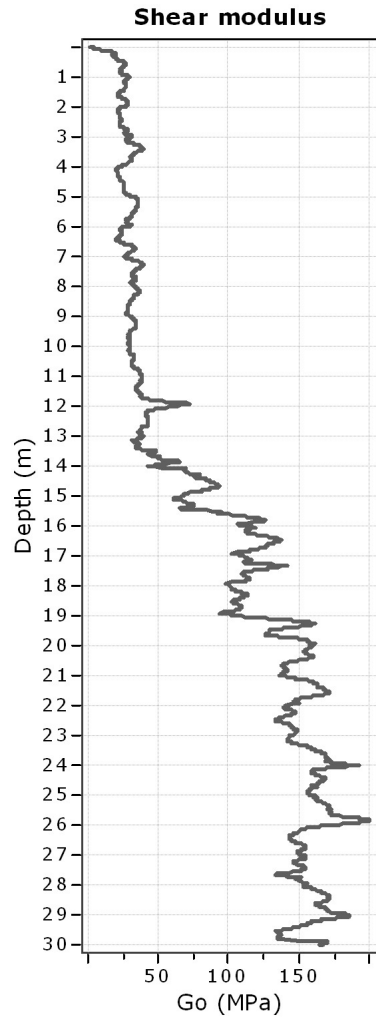
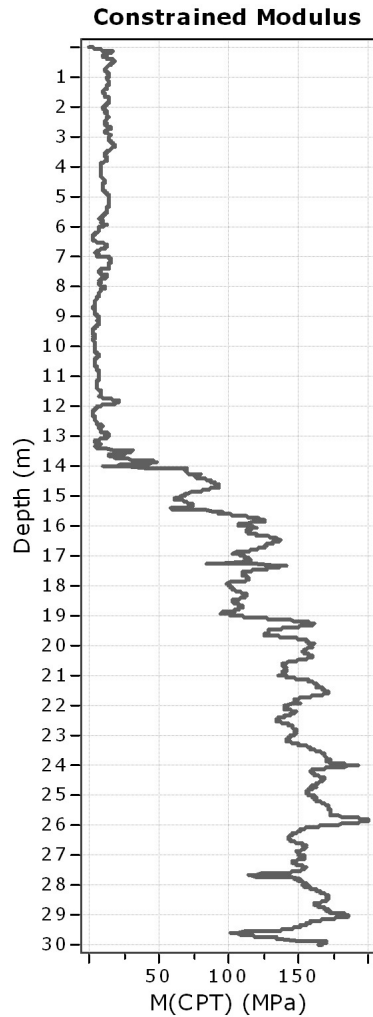
Phi: Based on Kulhawy & Mayne (1990)

● User defined estimation data



Project: PSC MIRANDOLA 2015

Location: Mirandola (MO)



Calculation parameters

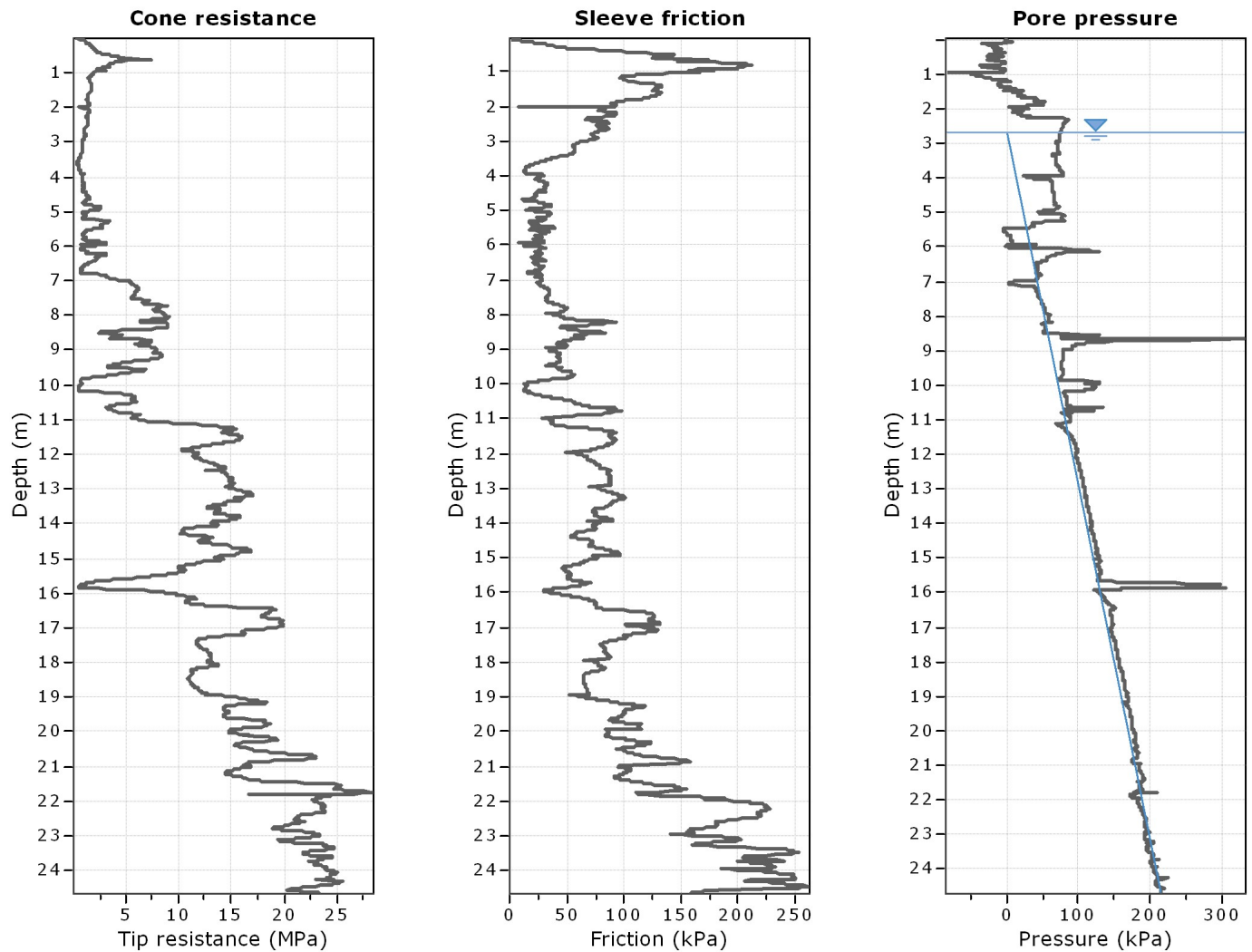
Constrained modulus: Based on variable α using I_c and Q_m (Robertson, 2009)

Go: Based on variable α using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

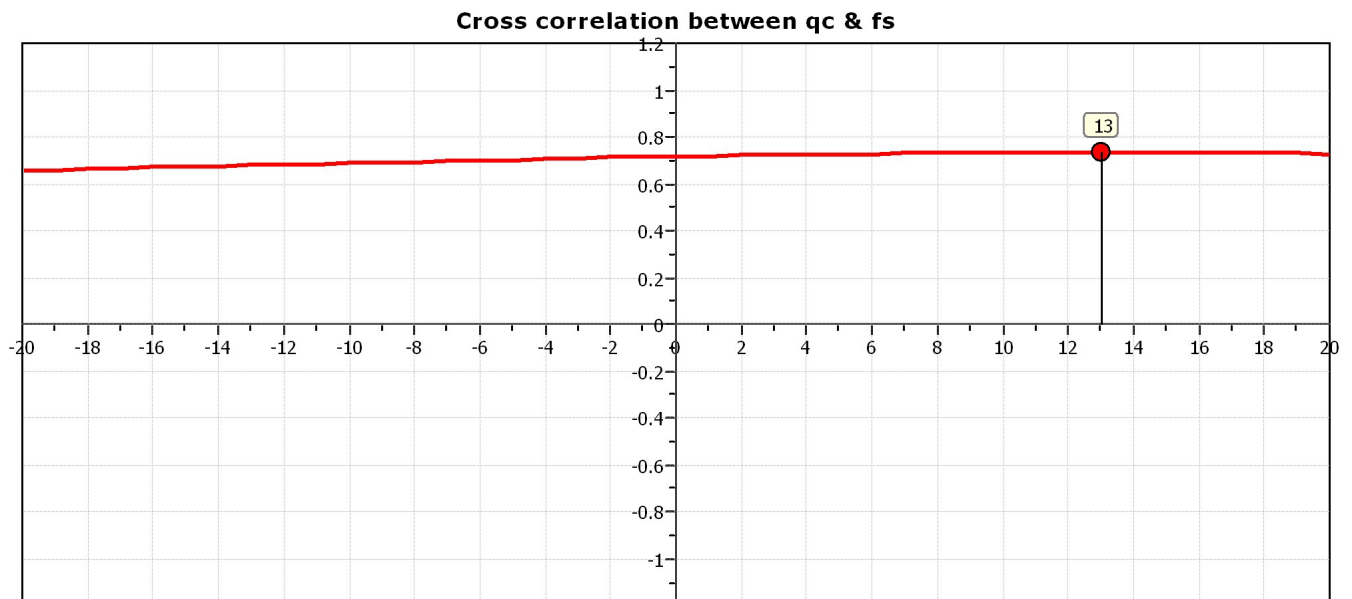
Undrained shear strength cone factor for clays, N_{kt} : 14

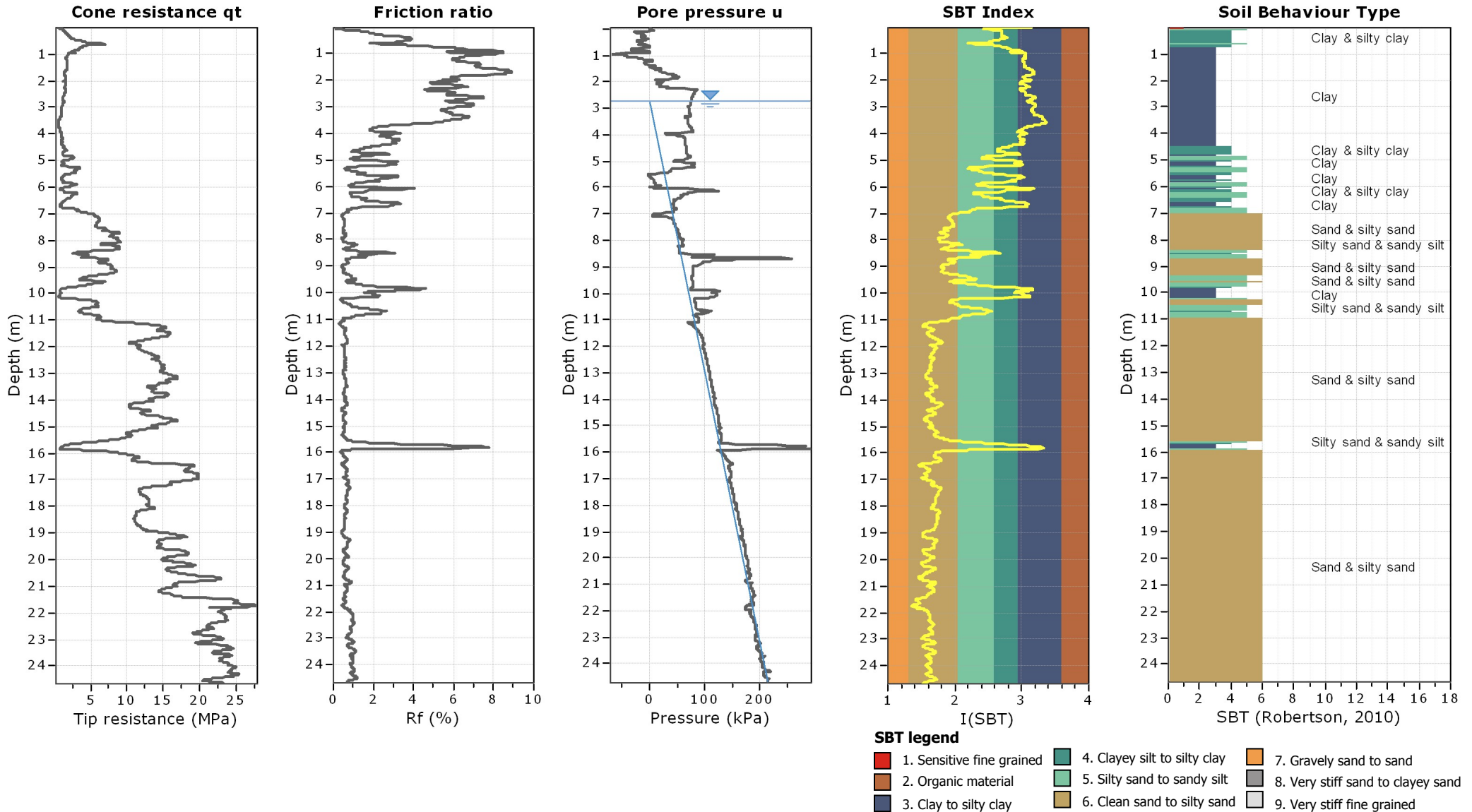
OCR factor for clays, N_{kt} : 0.33

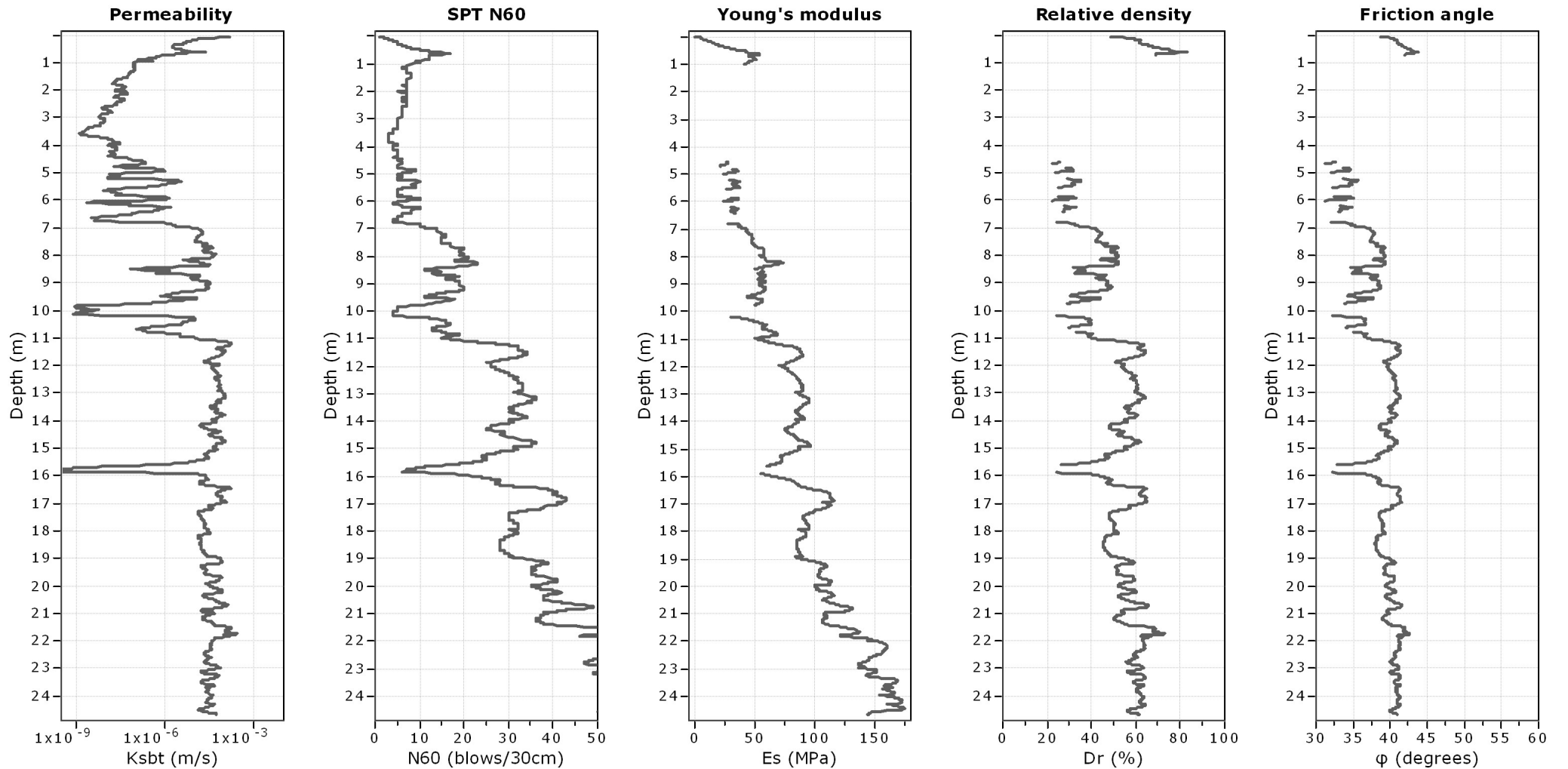
● User defined estimation data



The plot below presents the cross correlation coefficient between the raw q_c and f_s values (as measured on the field). X axes presents the lag distance (one lag is the distance between two successive CPT measurements).







Calculation parameters

Permeability: Based on SBT_n

SPT N₆₀: Based on I_c and q_t

Young's modulus: Based on variable alpha using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Relative density constant, C_{Dr}: 350.0

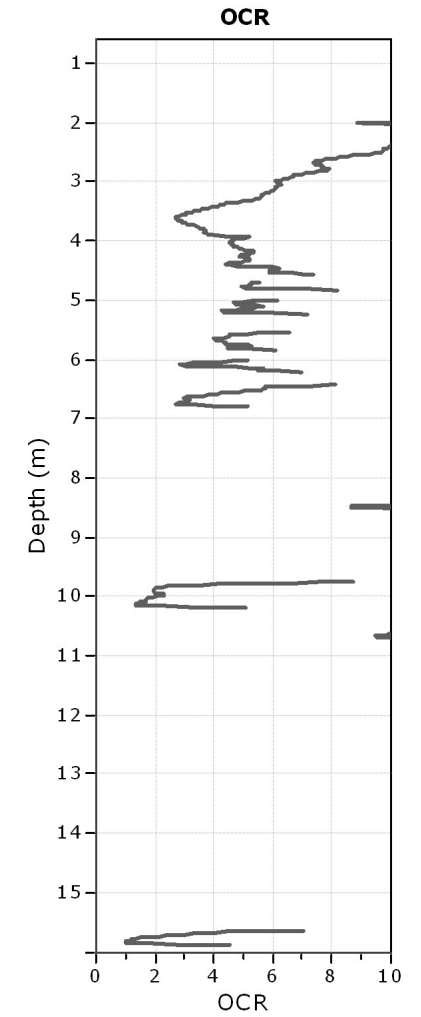
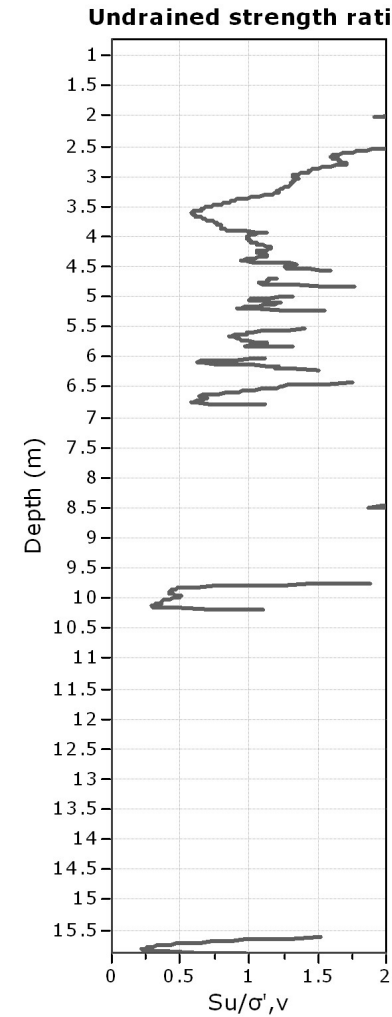
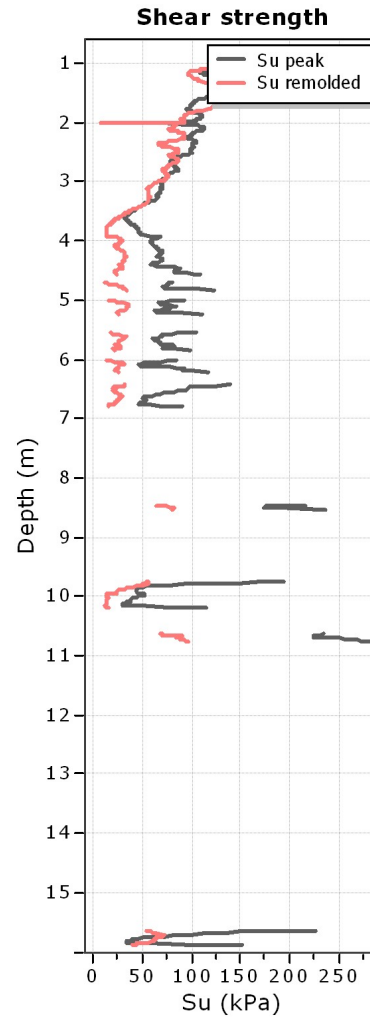
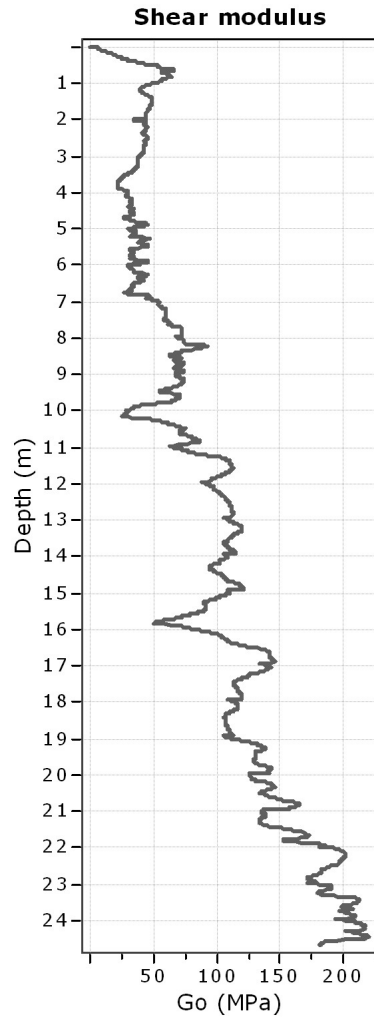
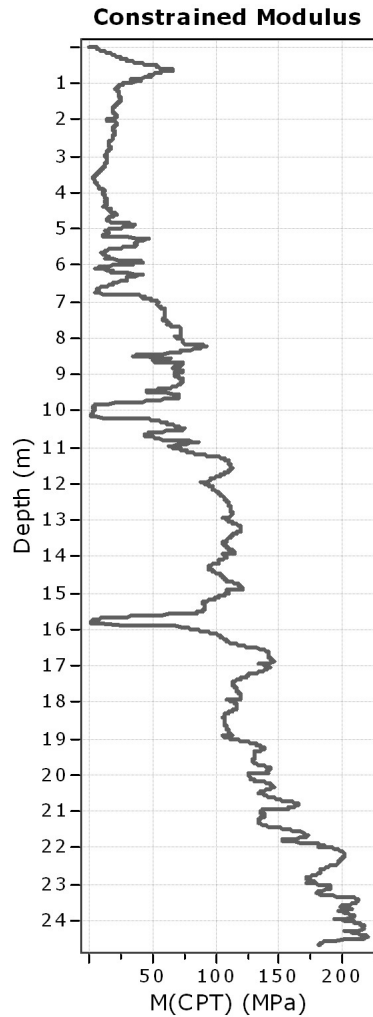
Phi: Based on Kulhawy & Mayne (1990)

● — User defined estimation data



Project: PSC MIRANDOLA 2015

Location: Mirandola (MO)



Calculation parameters

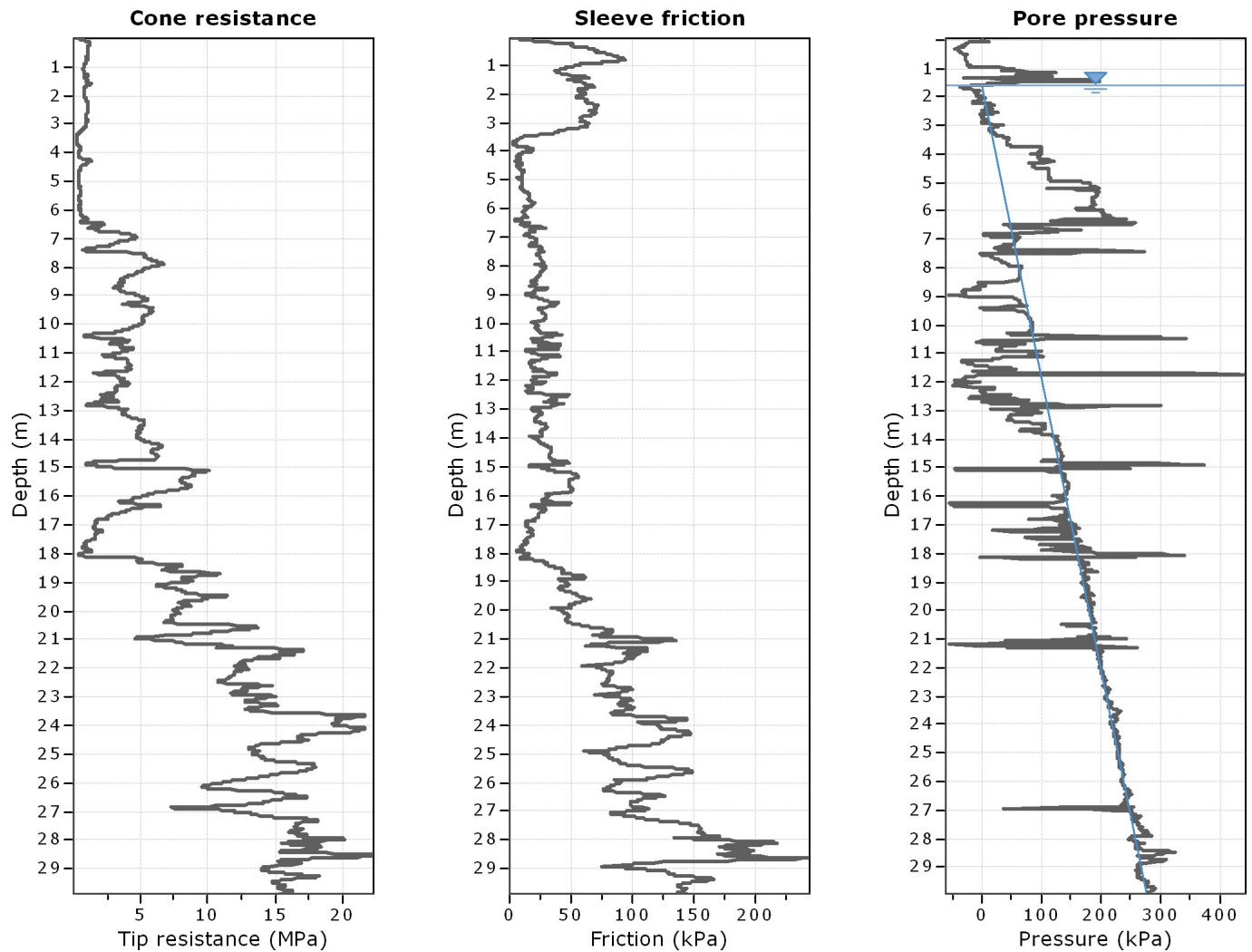
Constrained modulus: Based on variable *alpha* using I_c and Q_m (Robertson, 2009)

Go: Based on variable *alpha* using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Undrained shear strength cone factor for clays, N_{kt} : 14

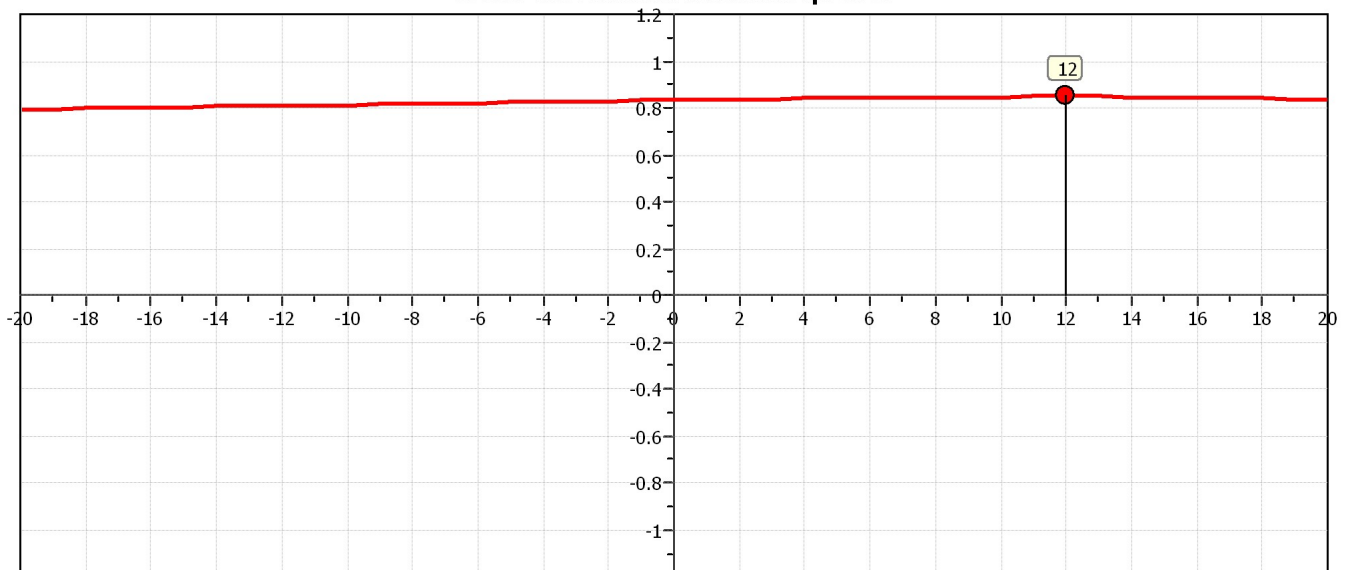
OCR factor for clays, N_{kt} : 0.33

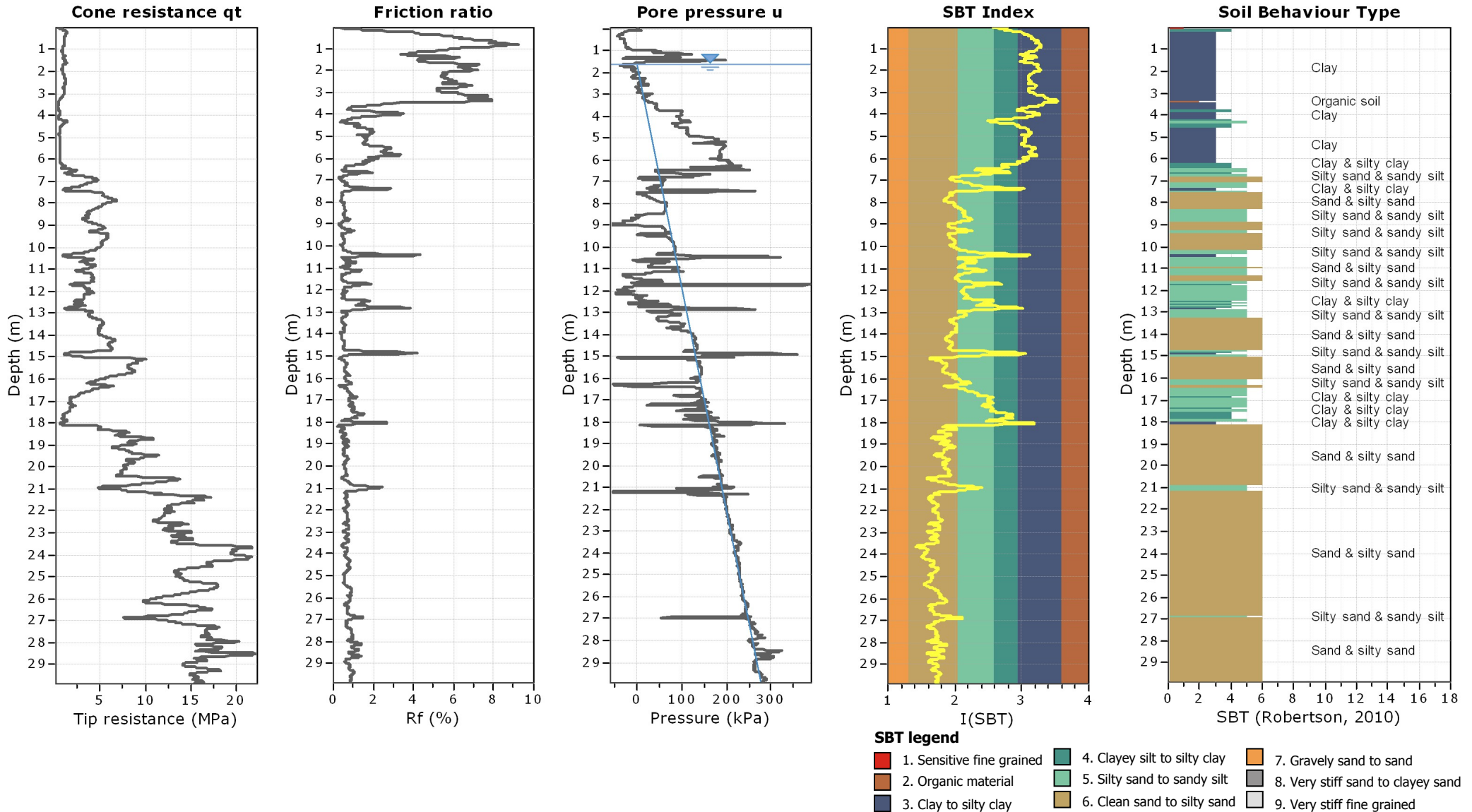
● User defined estimation data

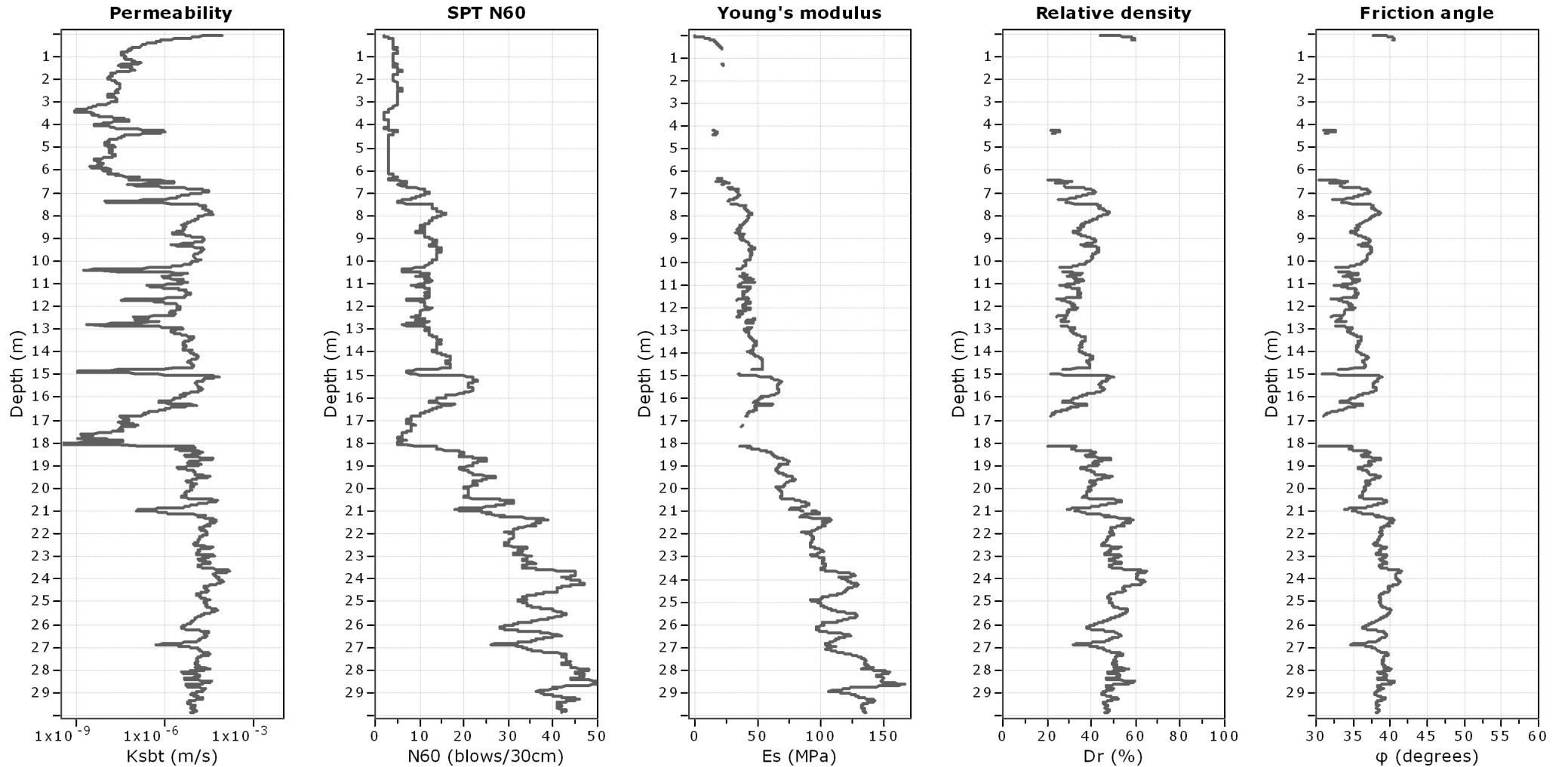


The plot below presents the cross correlation coefficient between the raw qc and fs values (as measured on the field). X axes presents the lag distance (one lag is the distance between two successive CPT measurements).

Cross correlation between qc & fs







Calculation parameters

Permeability: Based on SBT_n

SPT N_{60} : Based on I_c and q_t

Young's modulus: Based on variable alpha using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Relative desnistry constant, C_D : 350.0

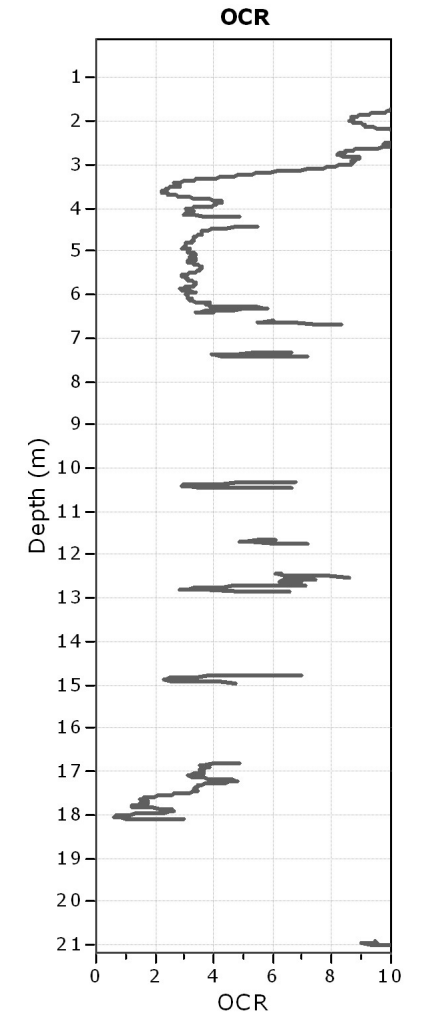
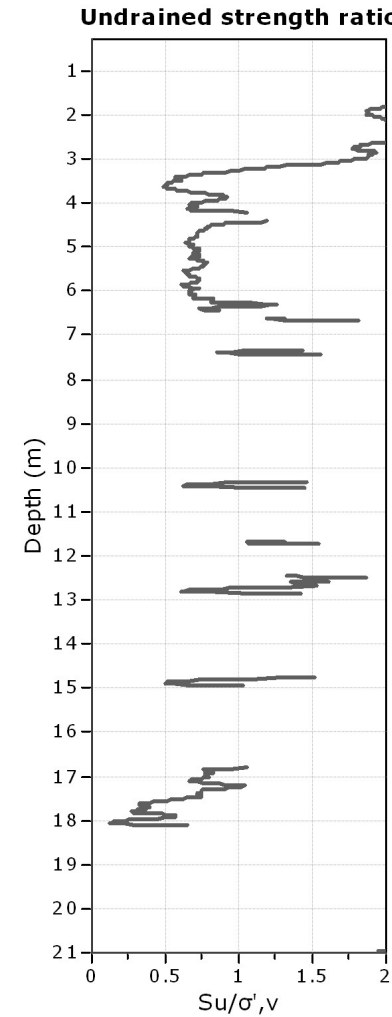
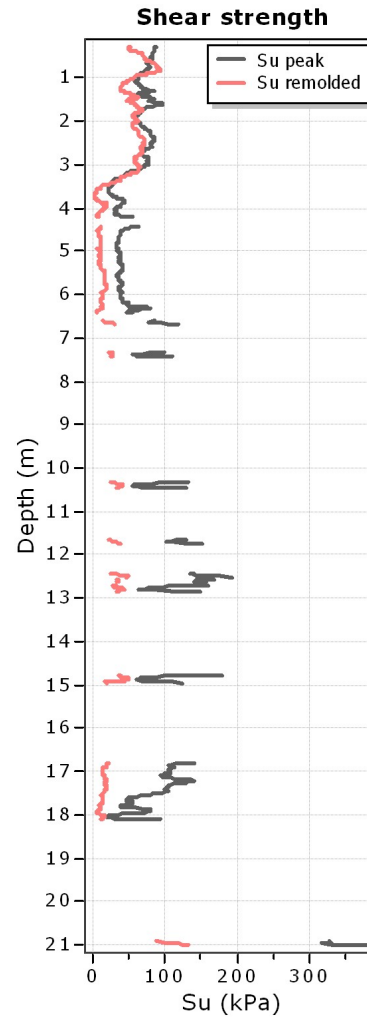
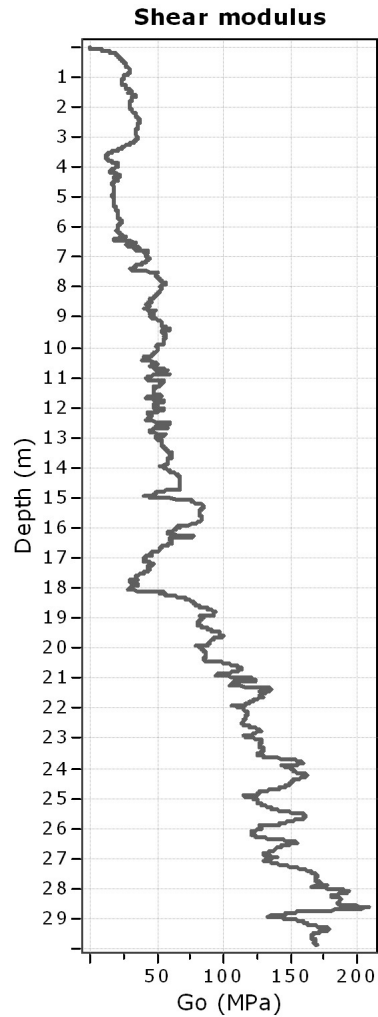
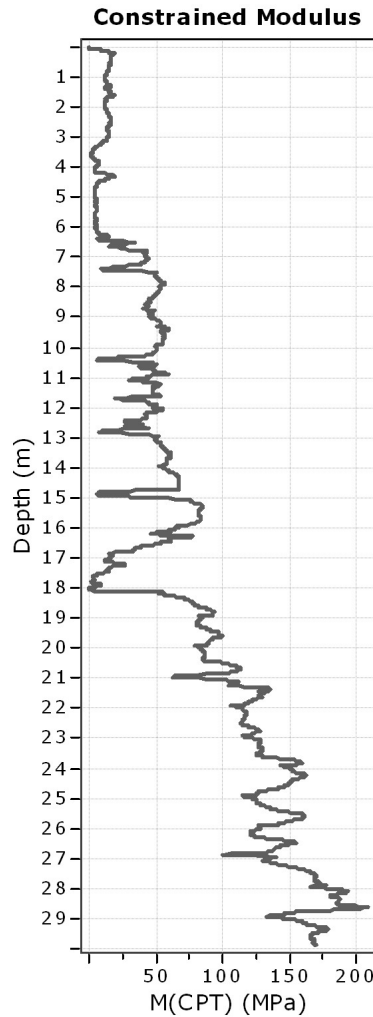
Phi: Based on Kulhawy & Mayne (1990)

● — User defined estimation data



Project: PSC MIRANDOLA 2015

Location: Mirandola (MO)



Calculation parameters

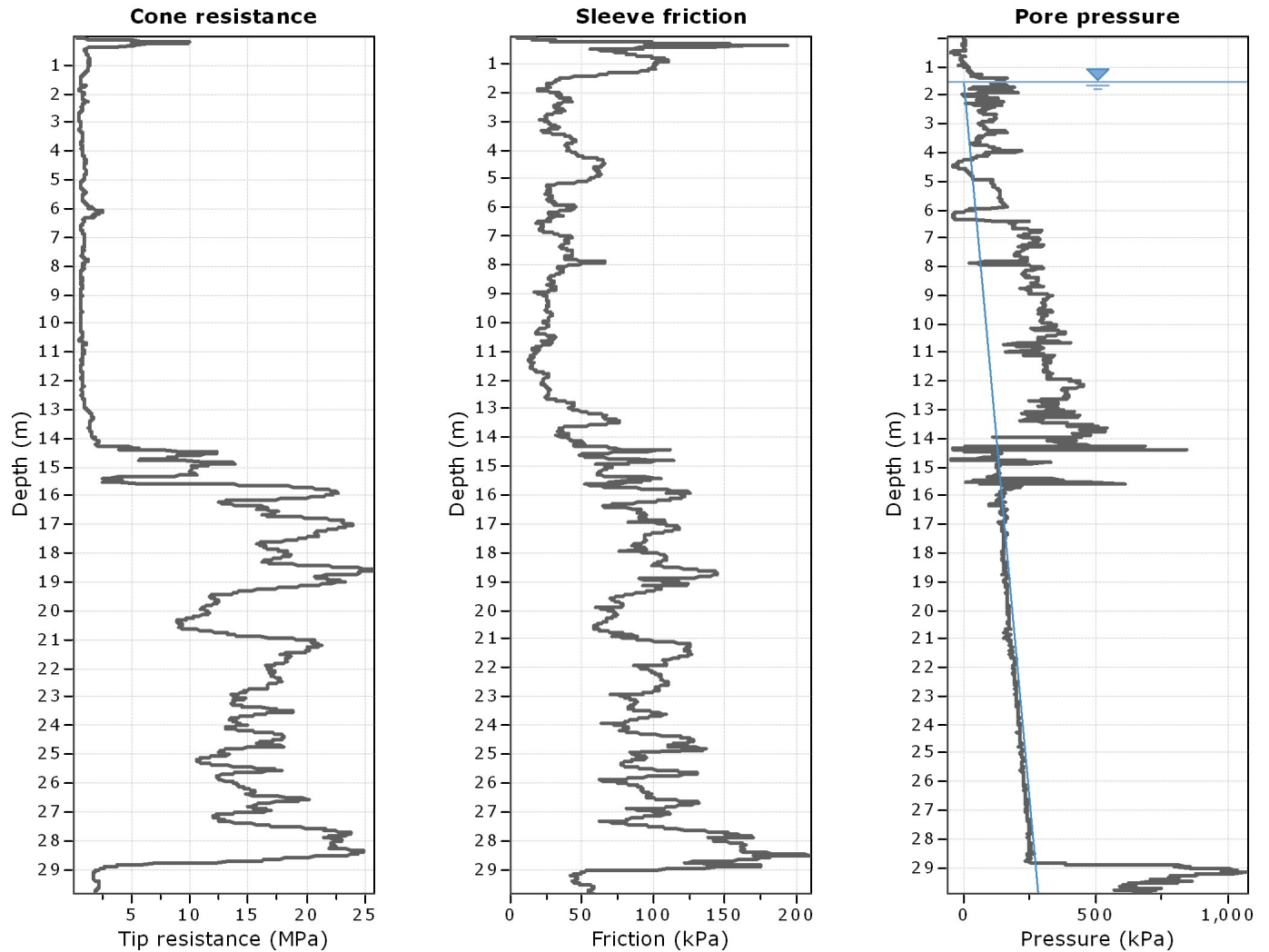
Constrained modulus: Based on variable α using I_c and Q_m (Robertson, 2009)

Go: Based on variable α using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Undrained shear strength cone factor for clays, N_{kt} : 14

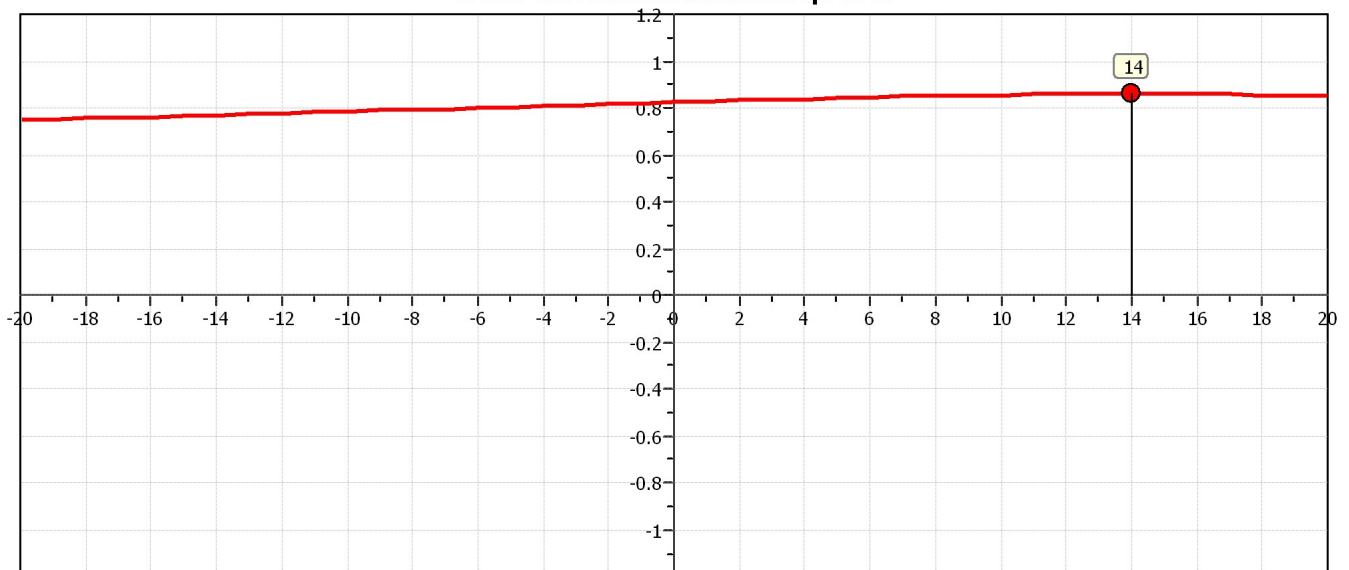
OCR factor for clays, N_{kt} : 0.33

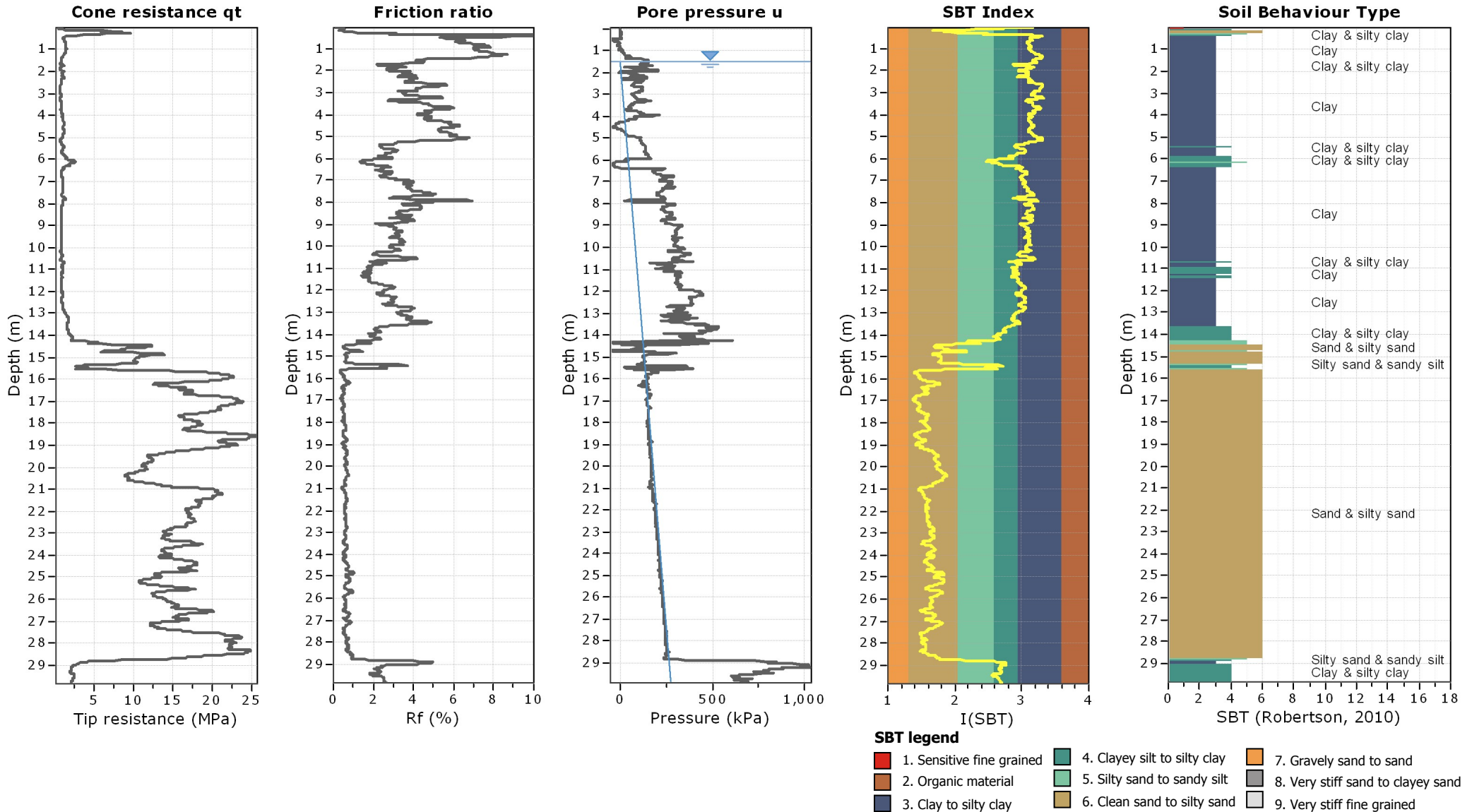
● User defined estimation data

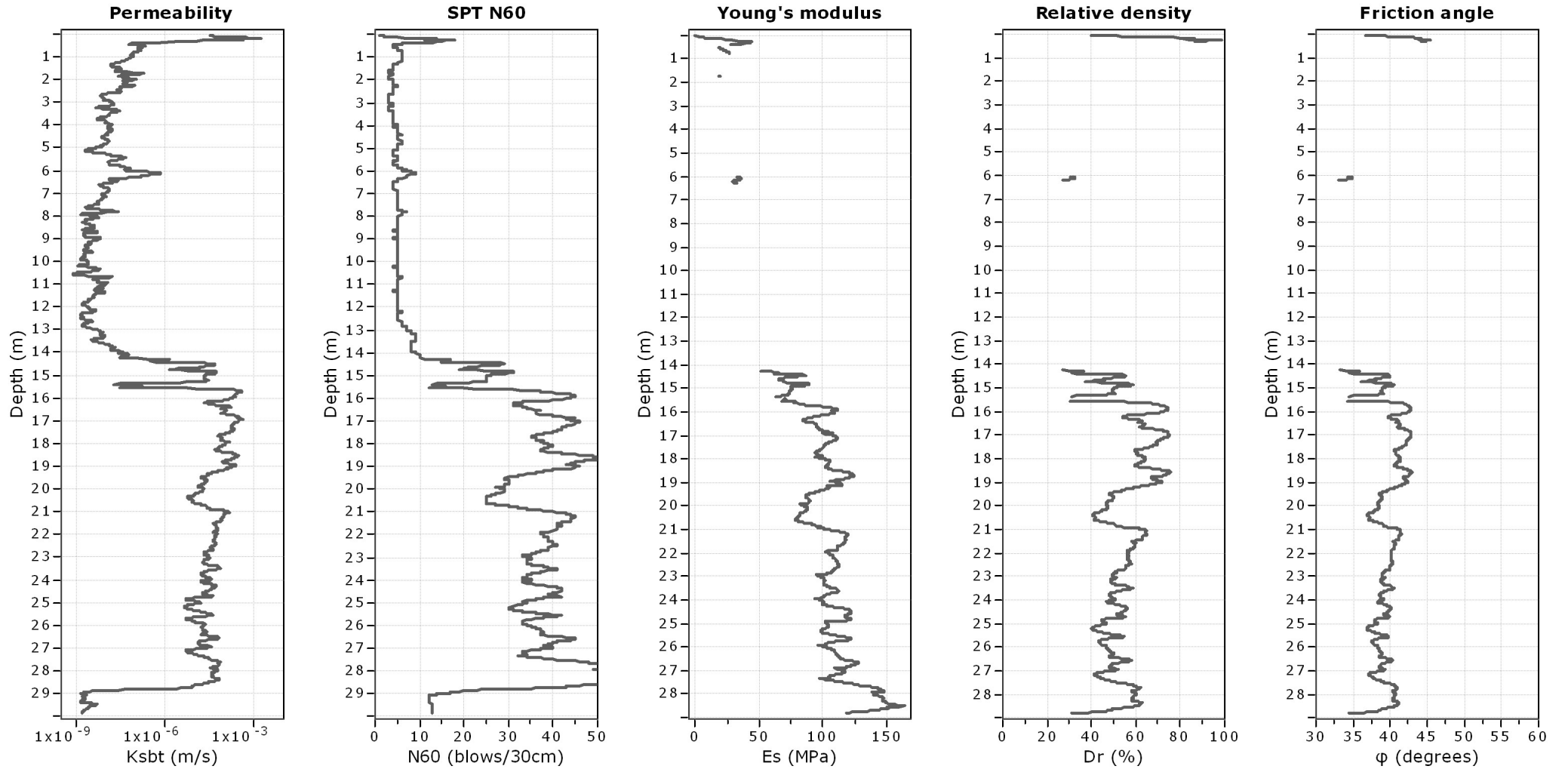


The plot below presents the cross correlation coefficient between the raw q_c and f_s values (as measured on the field). X axes presents the lag distance (one lag is the distance between two successive CPT measurements).

Cross correlation between q_c & f_s







Calculation parameters

Permeability: Based on SBT_n

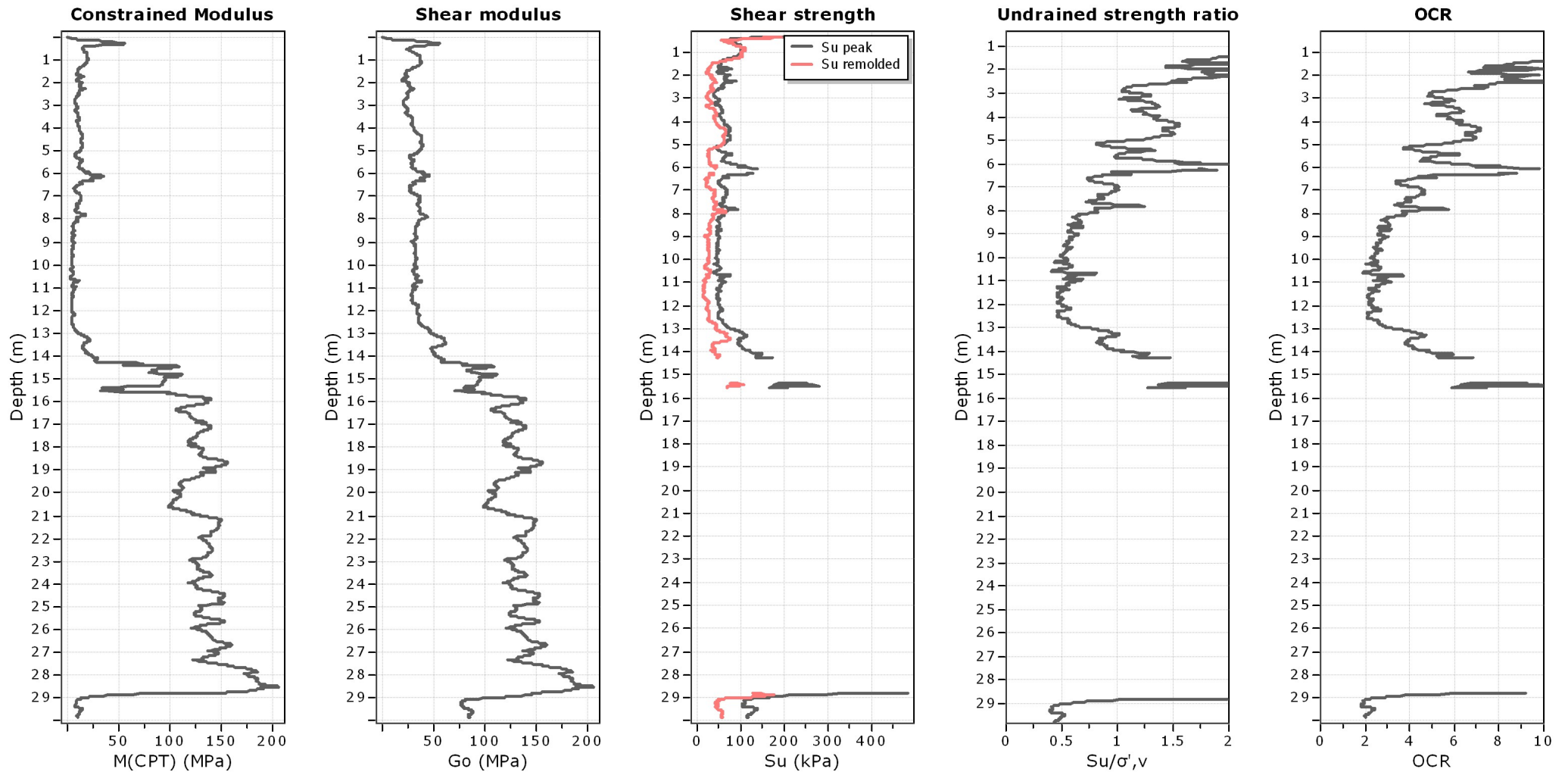
SPT N₆₀: Based on I_c and q_t

Young's modulus: Based on variable alpha using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Relative density constant, C_{Dr}: 350.0

Phi: Based on Kulhawy & Mayne (1990)

● — User defined estimation data



Calculation parameters

Constrained modulus: Based on variable *alpha* using I_c and Q_m (Robertson, 2009)

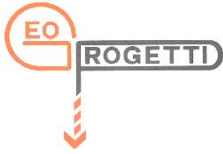
Go: Based on variable *alpha* using I_c (Robertson, 2009)

Undrained shear strength cone factor for clays, N_{kt} : 14

OCR factor for clays, N_{kt} : 0.33

● User defined estimation data

184050B001

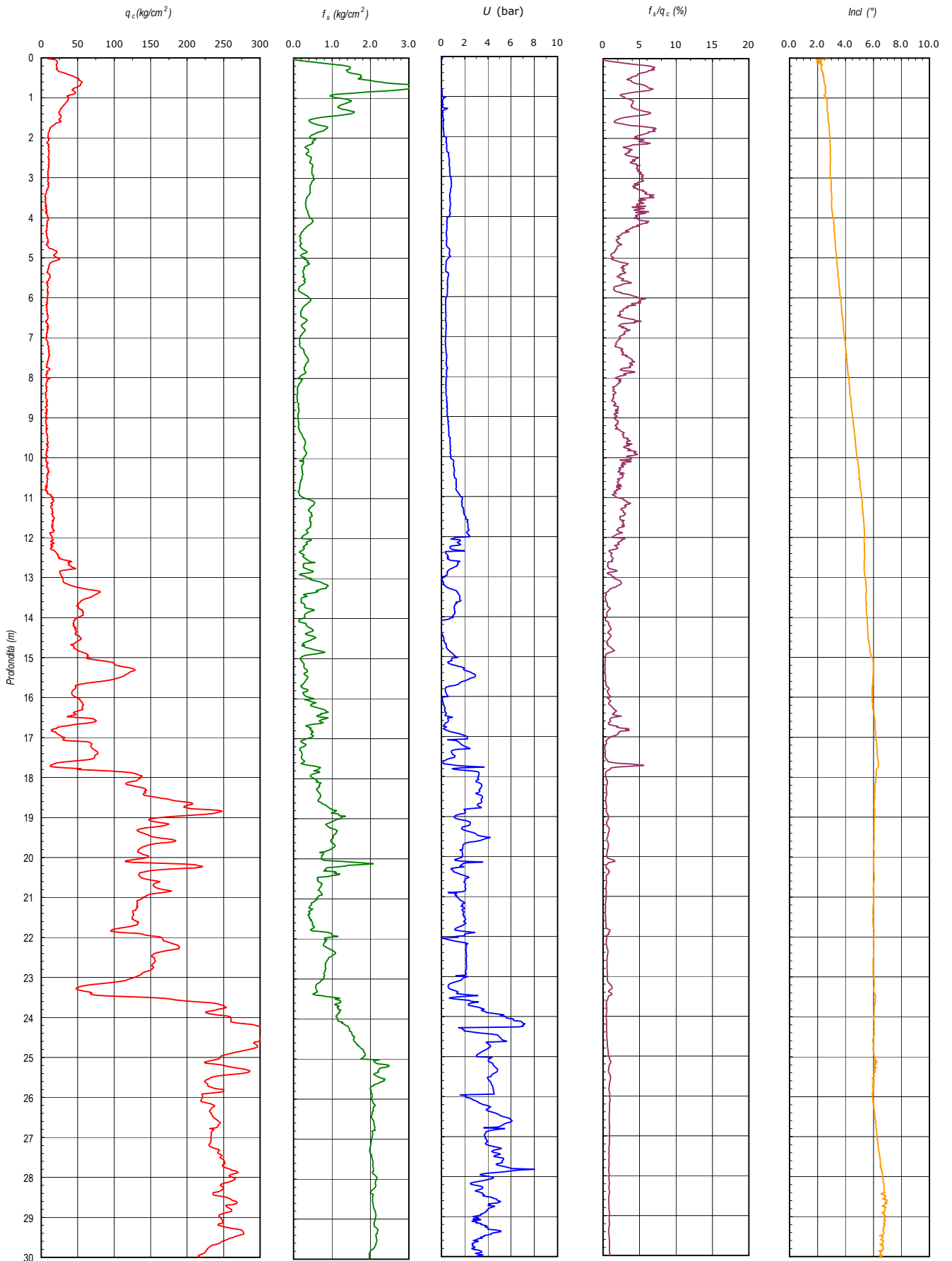


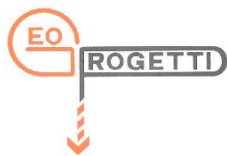
COMMITTENTE: Comune di Mirandola (Modena)
CANTIERE: PSC Mirandola
LOCALITA': Mirandola

PREFORO (m da p.c.):
PROF. FALDA (m da p.c.):
TIPO PUNTA

assente
chiuso a 1,66
piezocono sismico

PROVA: SCPTU1 **PROFONDITA' (m da p.c.):** 30,00 m. **DATA PROVA:** 17/11/2011 **Certificato di prova:**



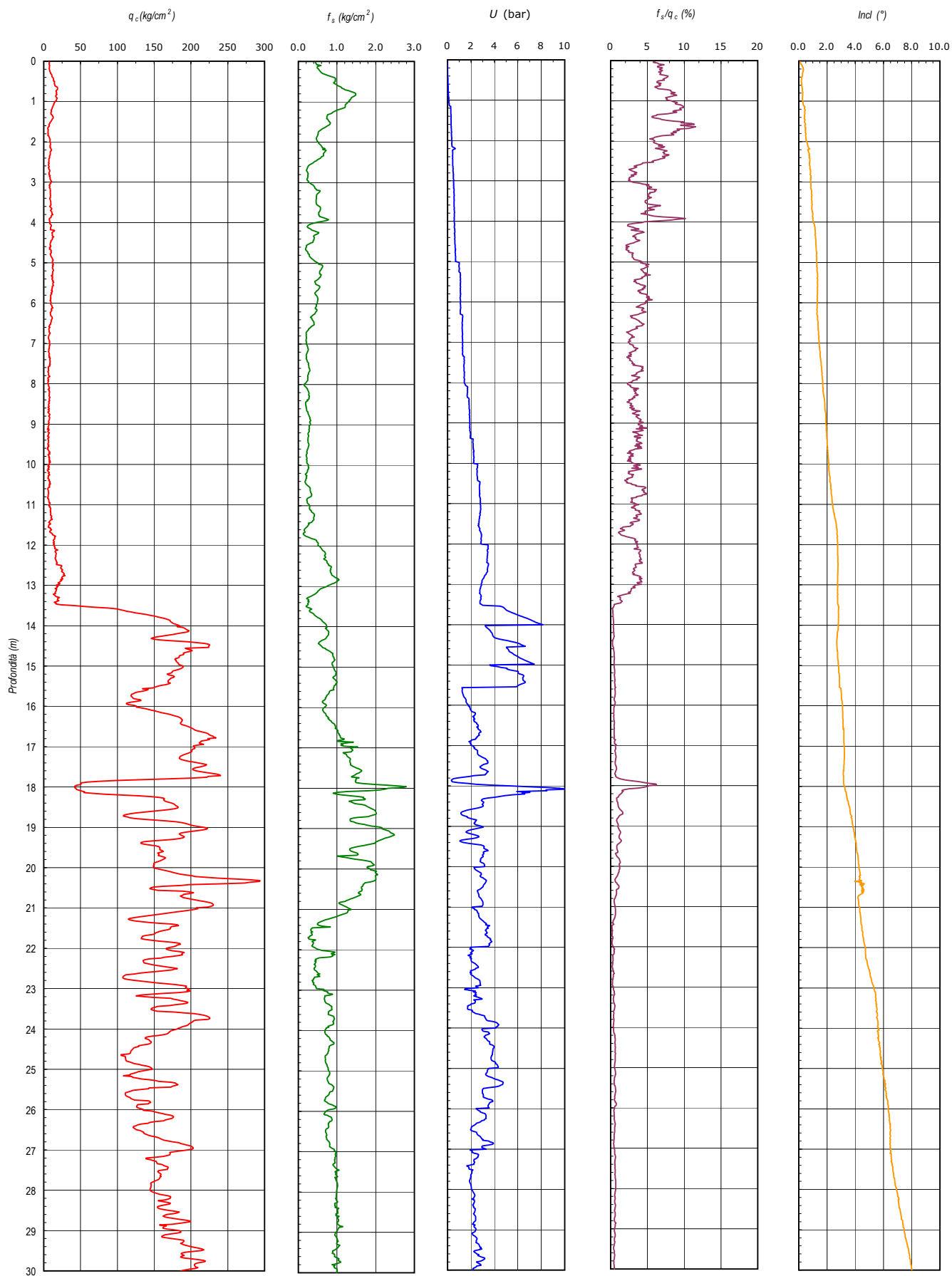


COMMITTENTE: Comune di Mirandola (Modena)
CANTIERE: PSC Mirandola
LOCALITA': Mirandola

PREFORO (m da p.c.):
PROF. FALDA (m da p.c.):
TIPO PUNTA

assente
chiuso 1,35 m
piezocono sismico

PROVA : SCPTU6 PROFONDITA' (m da p.c.): 30,00 m. DATA PROVA: 21/11/2011 Certificato di prova:



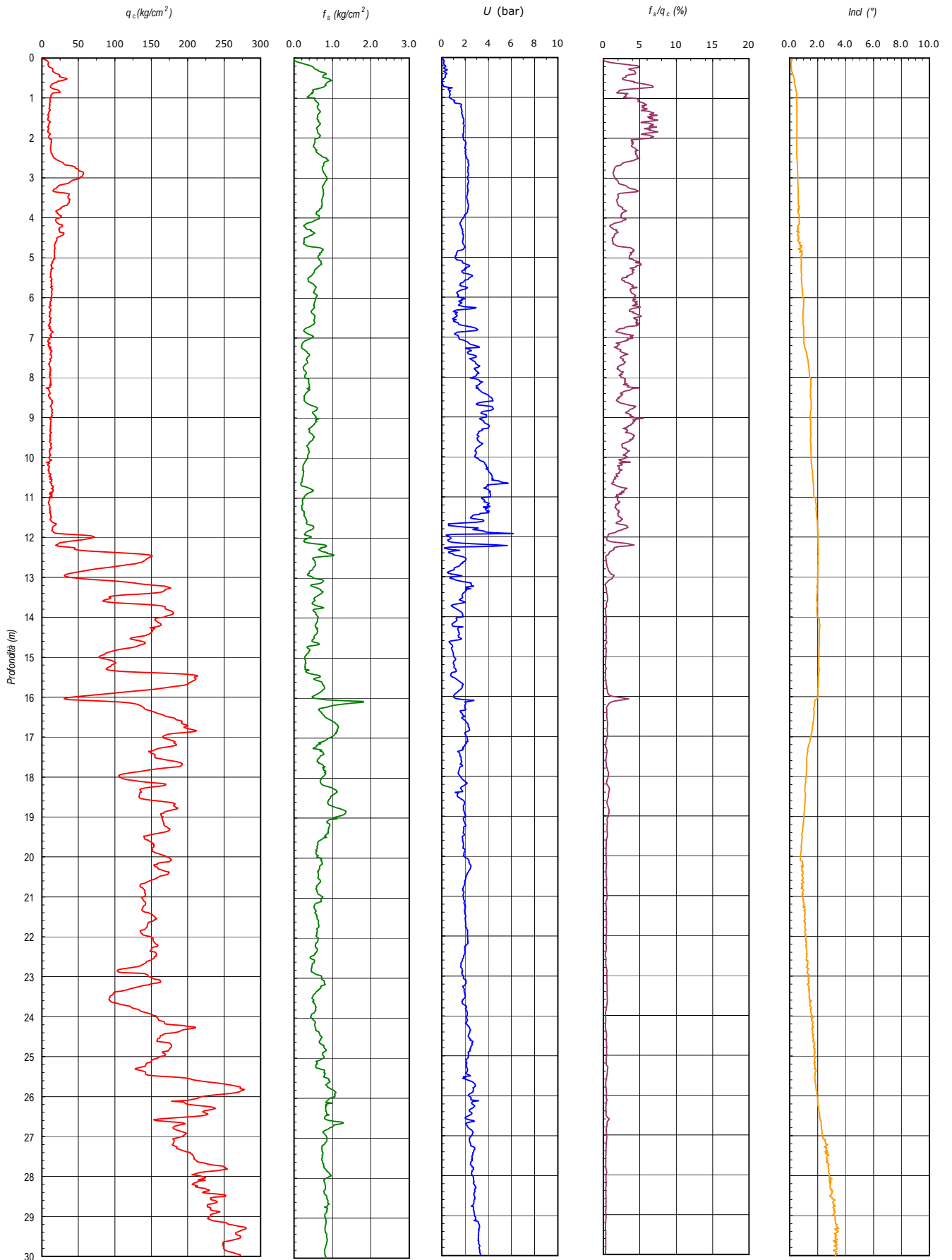
184100B001



COMMITTENTE: Comune di Mirandola (Modena)
CANTIERE: PSC Mirandola
LOCALITA': Mirandola

PREFORO (m da p.c.): assente
PROF. FALDA (m da p.c.): 2,36 m.
TIPO PUNTA: piezometro sismico

PROVA: SCPTU2 **PROFONDITA' (m da p.c.):** 30,00 m. **DATA PROVA:** 18/11/2011 **Certificato di prova:**



ANTENNA SISMICA (ESAC)

CLIENTE: Comune di Mirandola

CODICE LAVORO: 1538

CODICE PROVA: Esac1

LOCALITA': Via Concordia - Mirandola

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

Coordinata est: 4973250.12 m

Coordinata nord: 662623.22 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 15

TERRENO DI MISURA: Naturale soffice

SPACING: 5 m.

RECORD TIME (min): 18

CONDIZIONI METEO: Sole

FOTO AEREA (Google Earth)



FOTO AREA DI INDAGINE



ANTENNA SISMICA (ESAC)

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola

CODICE LAVORO 1538

CODICE PROVA Esac1

LOCALITA': Via Concordia - Mirandola

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

LONGITUDINE: 4973250.12 m

LATITUDINE: 662623.22 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 15

STRUMENTAZIONE Geometrics GEODE

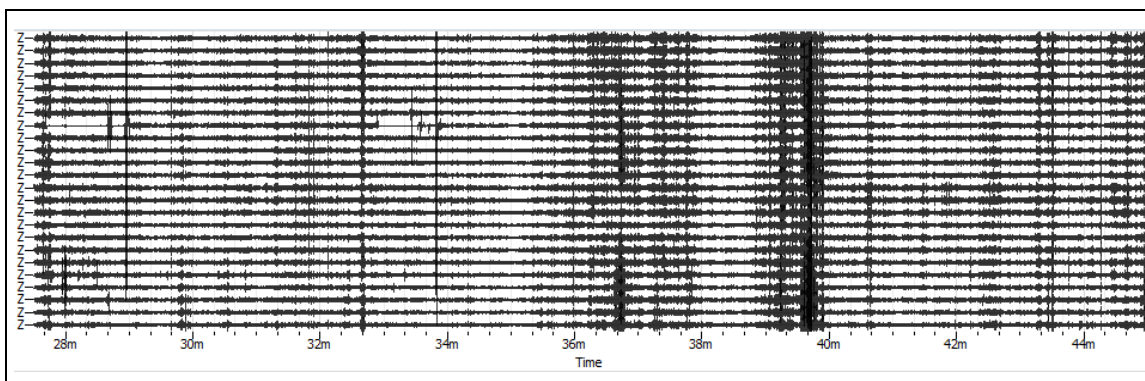
N°CANALI 24

SPACING 5 m.

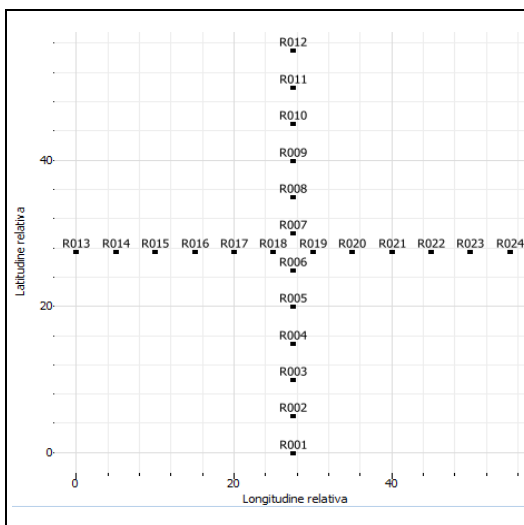
RECORD TIME (min) 18

SAMPLING (Sec) 0.0

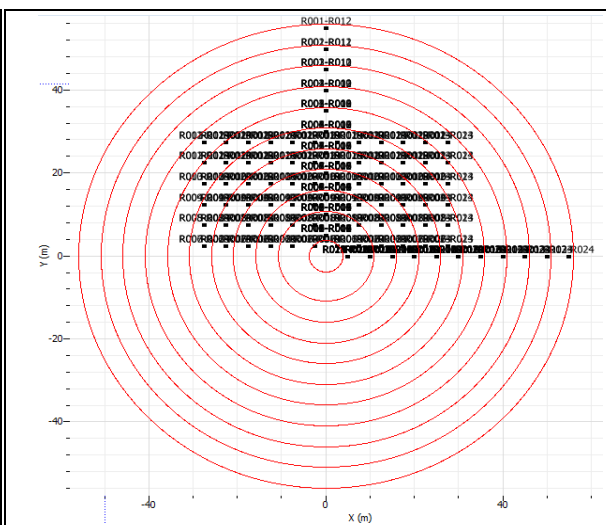
REGISTRAZIONE



PLANIMETRIA ARRAY



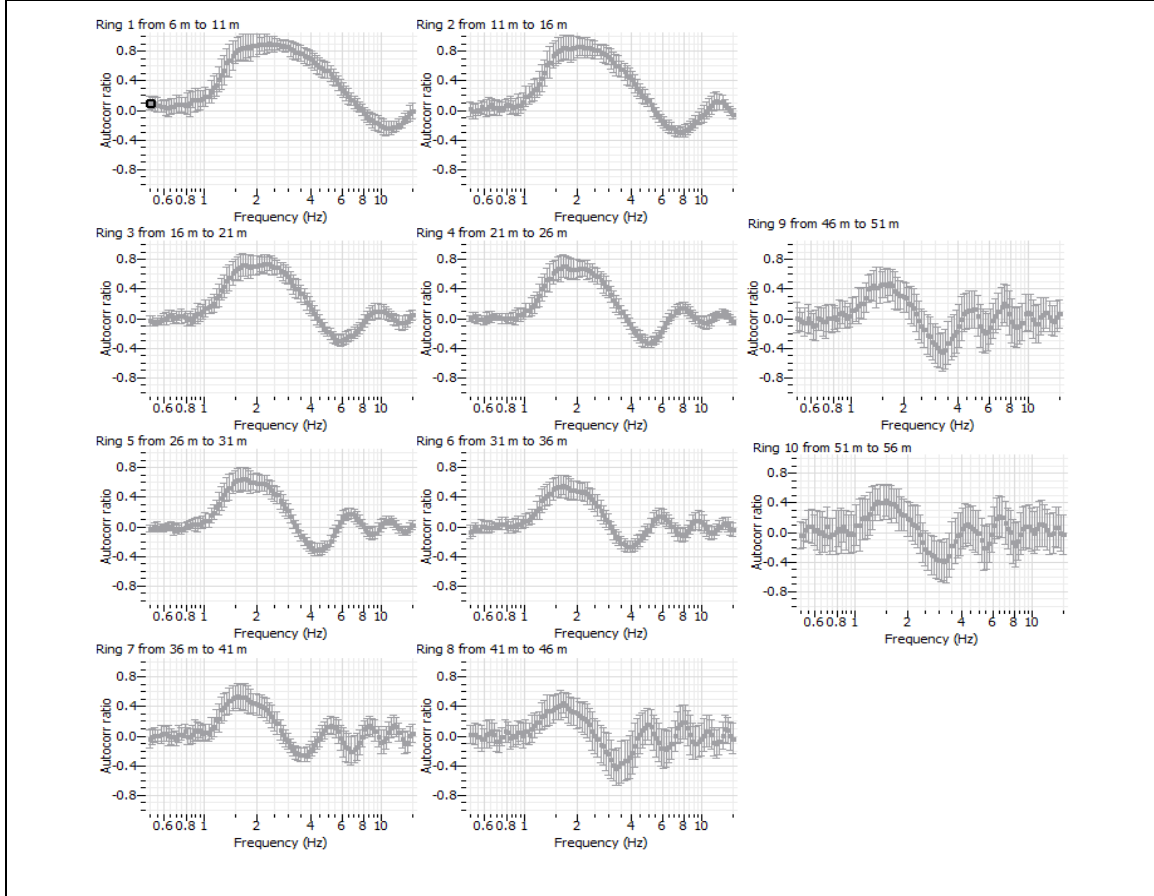
CO-ARRAY E RINGS



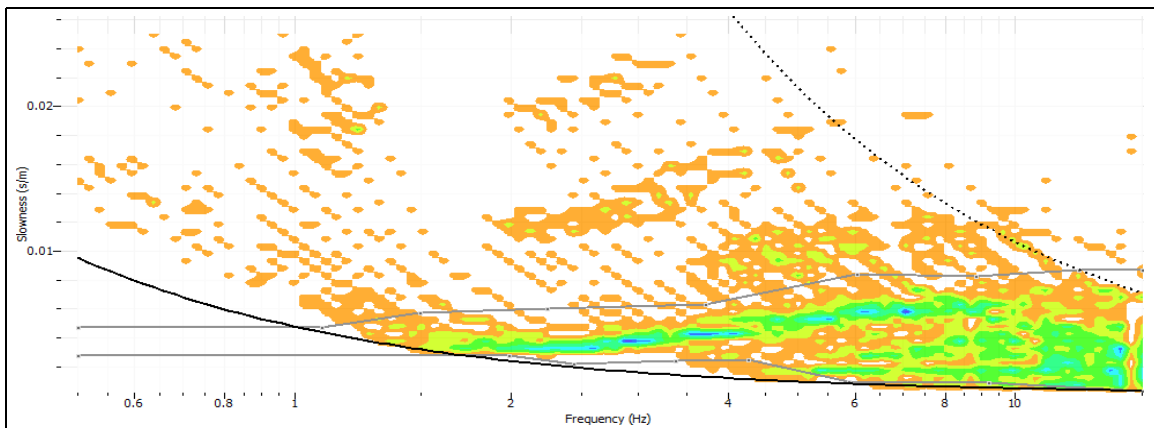
ANTENNA SISMICA ESAC

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola
CODICE LAVORO 1538
CODICE PROVA Esac1

CURVE DI DISPERSIONE CORRISPONDENTI AD OGNI RINGS



CUMULATA DELLE CURVE DI DISPERSIONE DEI RINGS E RELATIVO PICKING PER INDIVIDUARE LE FASI PIÙ SIGNIFICATIVE



RAPPORTO SPETTRALE A STAZIONE SINGOLA (HVSR)

CLIENTE: Comune di Mirandola

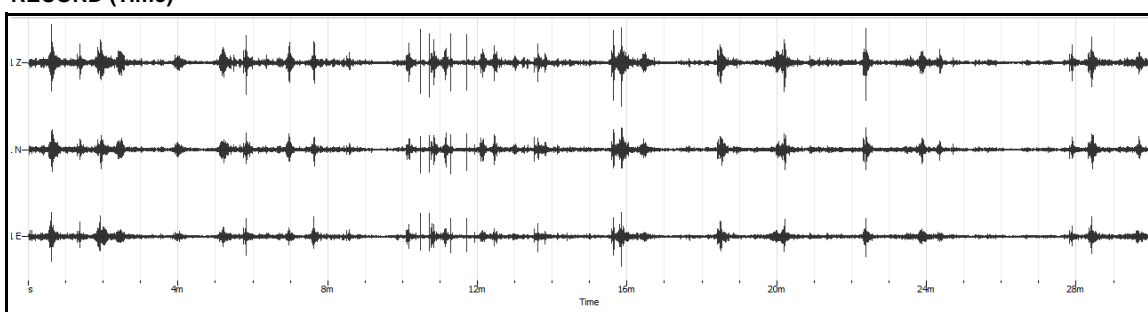
CODICE LAVORO: 1538

CODICE PROVA: Esac1

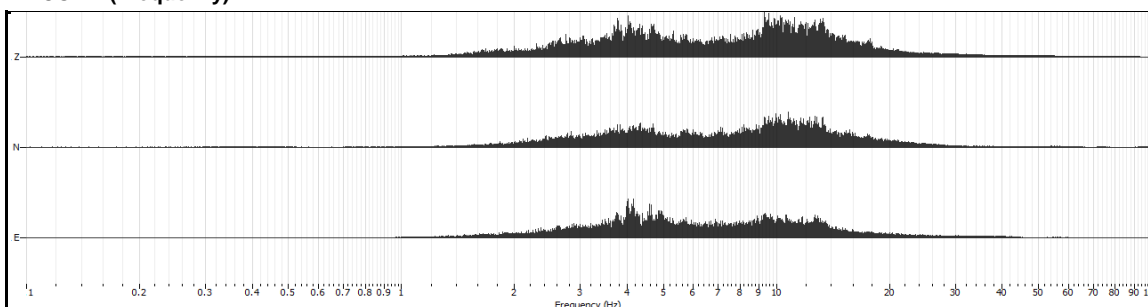
| PARAMETRI DI ACQUISIZIONE | |
|----------------------------|------------|
| Apparecchiatura di misura | Sara SL 07 |
| Lunghezza registrazione | 20 min |
| Fine registrazione | 00:00:00 |
| Frequenza di campionamento | 200 Hz |

| PARAMETRI DI ELABORAZIONE | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Windows lenght (sec) | 20 |
| Overlap | 5% |
| Smoothing windows | Konno & Ohmachi |
| Costant | 40 |
| Taper | 0.5% |
| Low Pass | 15 Hz |
| N° of windows | 49 |

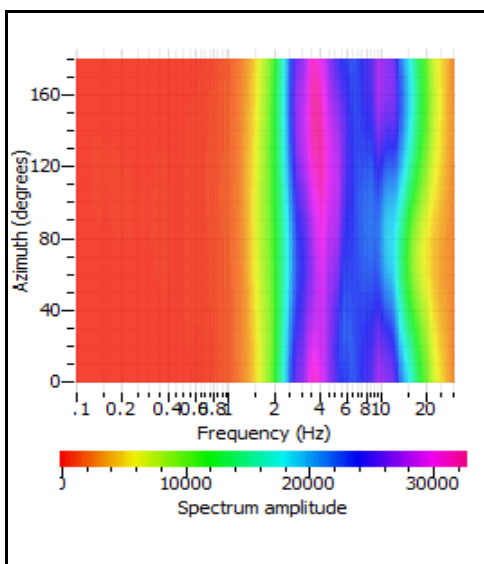
RECORD (Time)



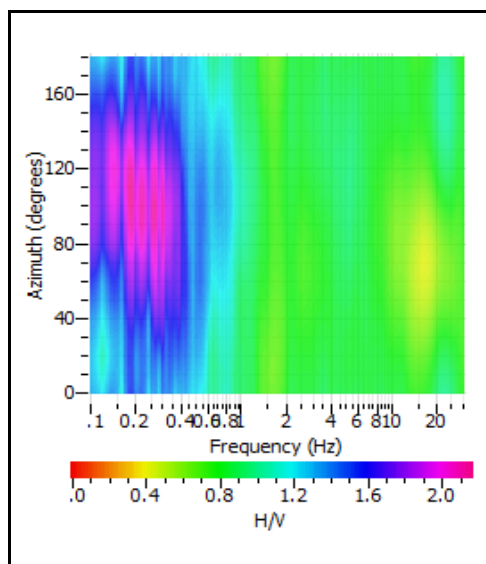
RECORD (Frequency)



HORIZONTAL SPECTRUM ROTATE



HV ROTATE RESULTS

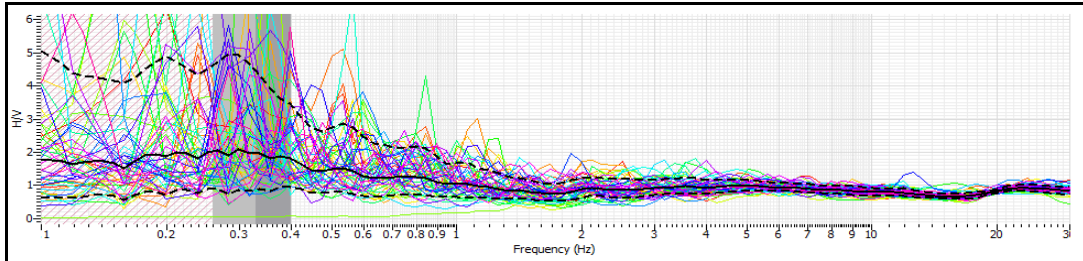


RAPPORTO SPETTRALE A STAZIONE SINGOLA (HVSR)

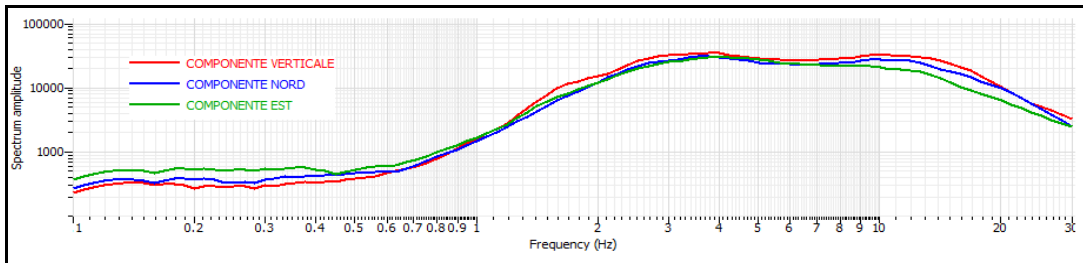
CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola
CODICE LAVORO 1538
CODICE PROVA Esac1

RAPPORTO SPETTRALE H/V

Max HVSR 0.32 ± 0.06 Hz. A0 = 1.24



SPETTRO SINGOLE COMPONENTI



Criteri per una curva H/V affidabile

[tutti 3 dovrebbero risultare soddisfatti]

| | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---|---|
| f0 | 0.32 | | |
| Lw | 20 | | |
| nw | 71 | | |
| f0 > 10 / Lw | 0.32 > 10/20 | | ☒ |
| nc (f0) > 200 | 454.4 > 200 | ☑ | |
| σA(f) < 2 for 0.5 f0 < f < 2 f0 if f0 > 0.5 Hz | Exceeded 0 out of 100 times | ☑ | |
| σA(f) < 3 for 0.5 f0 < f < 2 f0 if f0 < 0.5 Hz | | | |

Criteri per un picco H/V chiaro

[almeno 5 su 6 dovrebbero essere soddisfatti]

| | | | |
|---|------------------|---|---|
| Exists f' in [f0/4, f0] AH/V(f') < A0/2 | 0 Hz | | ☒ |
| Exists f+ in [4f0, f0] AH/V(f+) < A0/2 | 0 Hz | | ☒ |
| A0 > 2 | 1.24 > 2 | | ☒ |
| fpeak [AH/V(f) ± σA(f)] = f0 ± 5% | 0.47574 < 0.05 | | ☒ |
| σf < ε(f0) | 0.069531 < 0.064 | | ☒ |
| σA(f0) < θ(f0) | 0.7361365 < 2.5 | ☑ | |

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Lw | Window length |
| nW | Number of windows used in the analysis |
| nc = Lw nW f0 | Number of significant cycles |
| f | Current frequency |
| f0 | H/V peak frequency |
| σf | Standard deviation of H/V peak frequency |
| ε(f0) | Threshold value for the stability condition σf < ε(f0) |
| A0 | H/V peak amplitude at frequency f0 |
| AH/V(f) | H/V curve amplitude at frequency f |
| f- | Frequency between f0/4 and f0 for which AH/V(f-) < A0/2 |
| f+ | Frequency between f0 and 4f0 for which AH/V(f+) < A0/2 |
| σA(f) | Standard deviation of AH/V(f), σA(f) is the factor by which the mean AH/V(f) curve should be multiplier or divided |
| σlogH/V(f) | Standard deviation of log AH/V(f) curve |
| θ(f0) | Threshold value for the stability condition σA(f) < θ(f0) |

Threshold value for σf and σA(f0)

| Freq. Range [Hz] | < 0.2 | 0.2 - 0.5 | 0.5 - 1.0 | 1.0 - 2.0 | > 2.0 |
|---------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| ε(f0) (Hz) | 0.25 f0 | 0.20 f0 | 0.15 f0 | 0.10 f0 | 0.05 f0 |
| θ(f0) for σA(f0) | 3.00 | 2.50 | 2.00 | 1.78 | 1.58 |
| Log θ(f0) for σlogH/V(f0) | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.20 |

ANALISI CONGIUNTA PROVA ESAC - HVSR

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola

CODICE LAVORO 1538

CODICE PROVA Esac1

LOCALITA': Via Concordia - Mirandola

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

LONGITUDINE: 4973250.12 m

LATITUDINE: 662623.22 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 15

AZIMUT 45°

APPARECCHIATURA ESAC: Geometrics GEODE

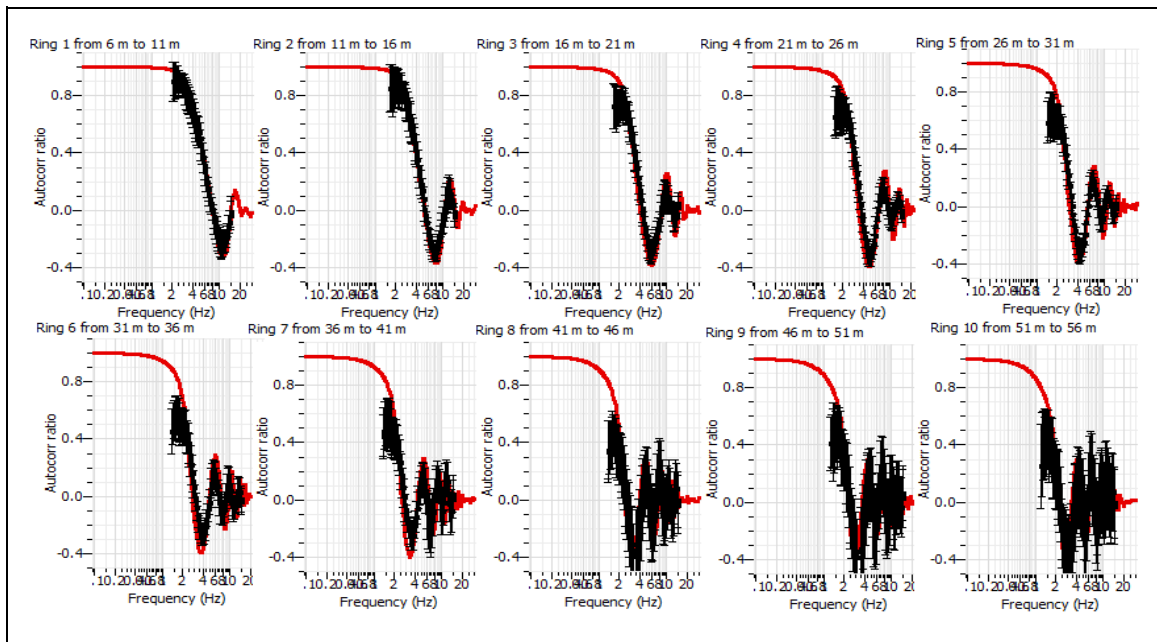
APPARECCHIATURA HVSR: SARA SL 07

N°CANALI 24

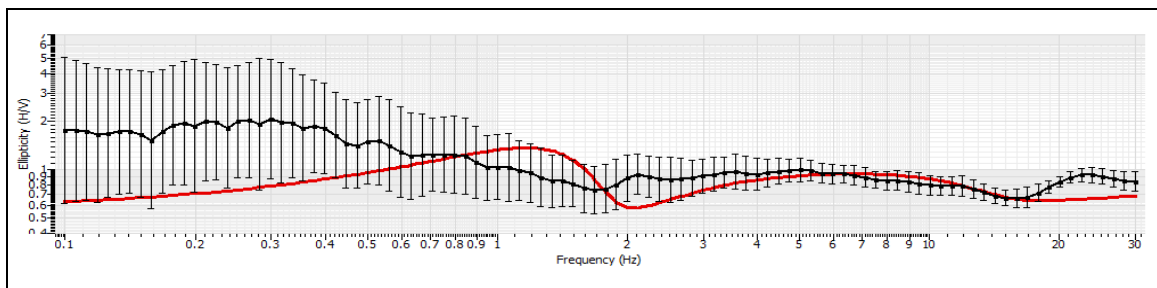
SPACING 5 m.

RECORD TIME (min) 18

VERTICAL RINGS AUTOCORRELATION



ELLIPTICITY AUTOCORRELATION CURVES



ANALISI CONGIUNTA PROVA ESAC - HVSR

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola

CODICE LAVORO 1538

CODICE PROVA Esac1

LOCALITA': Via Concordia - Mirandola

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

LONGITUDINE: 4973250.12 m

LATITUDINE: 662623.22 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 15

AZIMUT 45°

APPARECCHIATURA ESAC: Geometrics GEODE

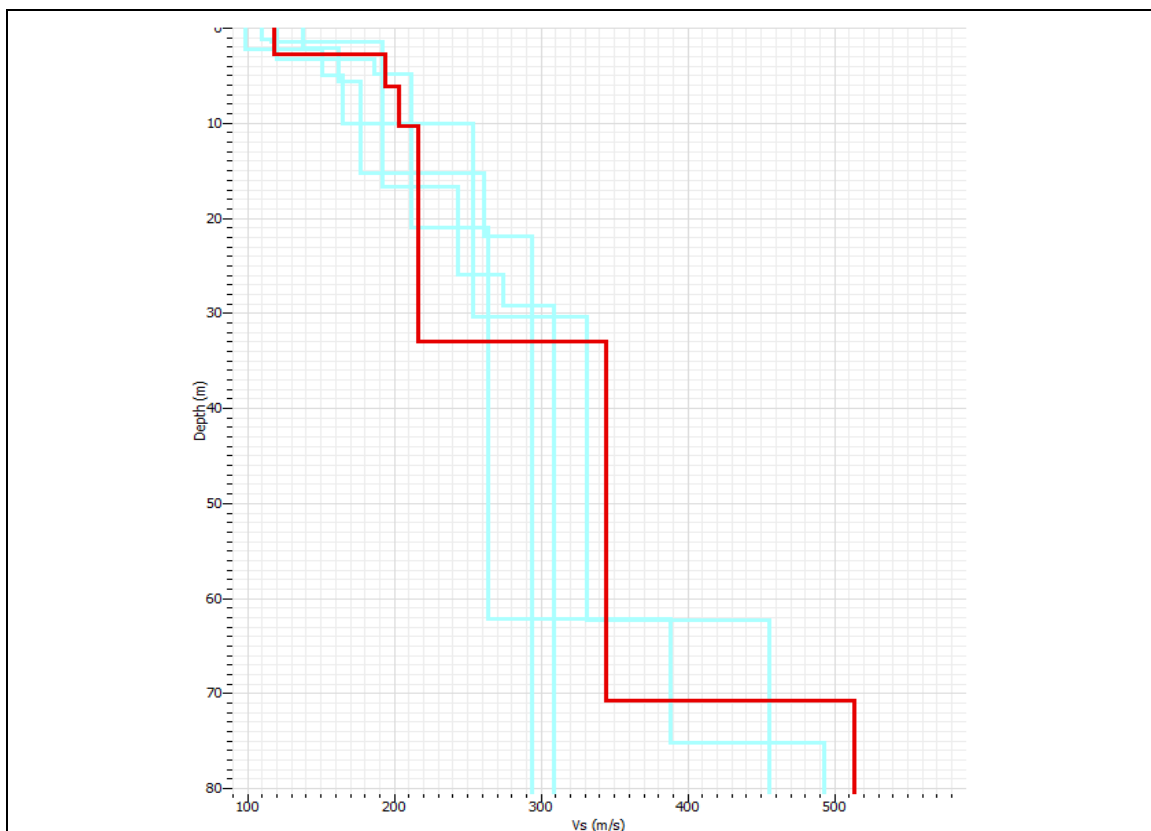
APPARECCHIATURA HVSR: SARA SL 07

N°CANALI 24

SPACING 5 m.

RECORD TIME (min) 18

PROFILO VELOCITÀ ONDE DI TAGLIO



CALCOLO VS 30

| SPESSORE | PROFONDITA' | Vs | SPESSORE/Vs |
|----------|-------------|-----|-------------|
| 2.64 | 0 | 117 | 0.022564103 |
| 3.68 | 2.64 | 193 | 0.019067358 |
| 3.8 | 6.32 | 203 | 0.018719212 |
| 19.88 | 10.12 | 215 | 0.092465116 |

30

0.152815788

$V_{S30} = 196$

Seismic classification of soils
(It. D.M. 14/01/2008)

C

ANTENNA SISMICA (ESAC)

CLIENTE: Comune di Mirandola

CODICE LAVORO: 1538

CODICE PROVA: Esac2

LOCALITA': Via dell'Industria - Mirandola

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

Coordinata est: 4973996.85 m

Coordinata nord: 663807.63 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 14

TERRENO DI MISURA: Naturale soffice

SPACING: 5 m.

RECORD TIME (min): 18

CONDIZIONI METEO: Sole

FOTO AEREA (Google Earth)

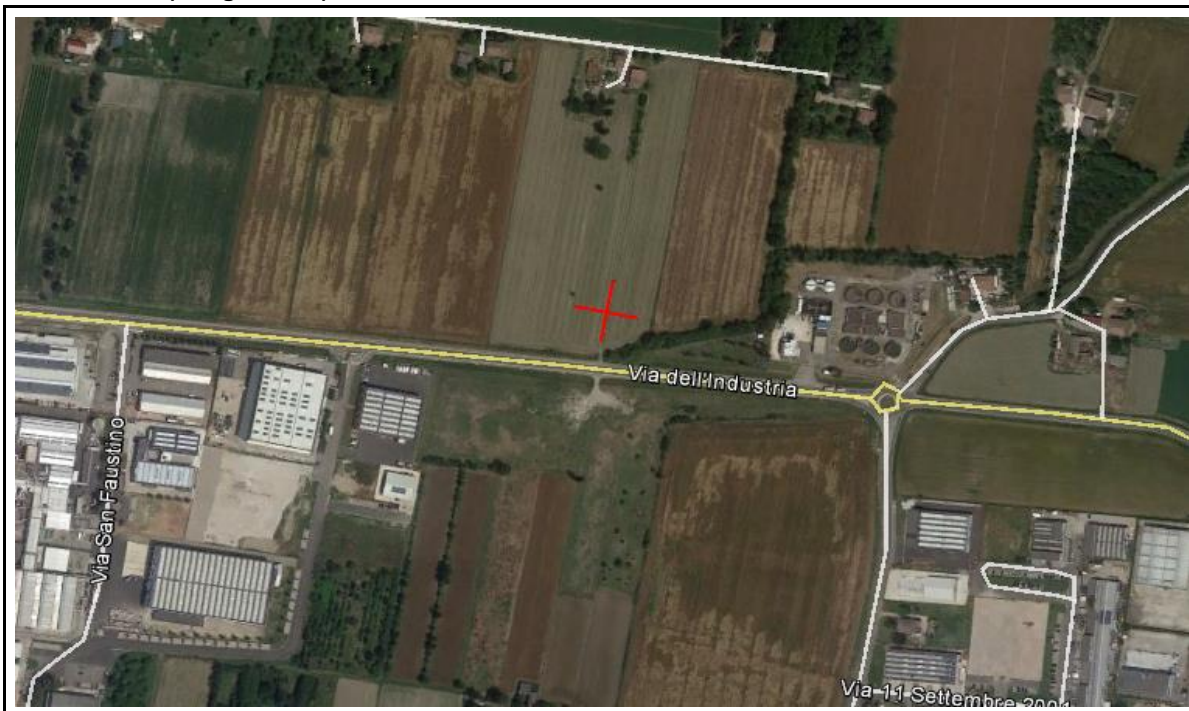


FOTO AREA DI INDAGINE



ANTENNA SISMICA (ESAC)

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola

CODICE LAVORO 1538

CODICE PROVA Esac2

LOCALITA': Via dell'Industria - Mirandola

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

LONGITUDINE: 4973996.85 m

LATITUDINE: 663807.63 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 14

STRUMENTAZIONE Geometrics GEODE

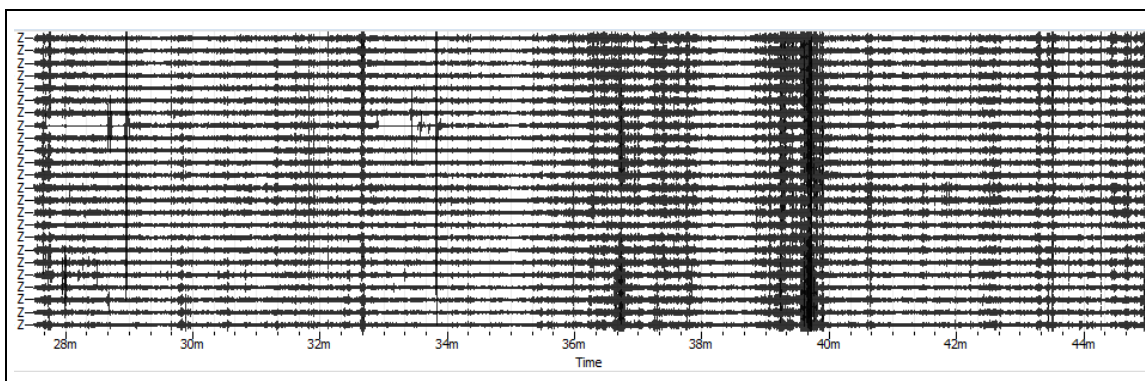
N°CANALI 24

SPACING 5 m.

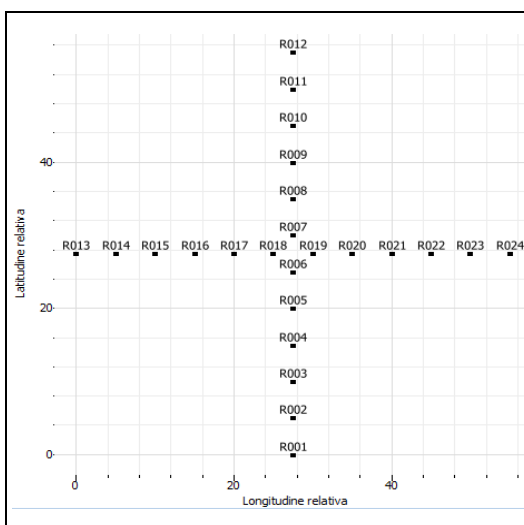
RECORD TIME (min) 18

SAMPLING (Sec) 0.0

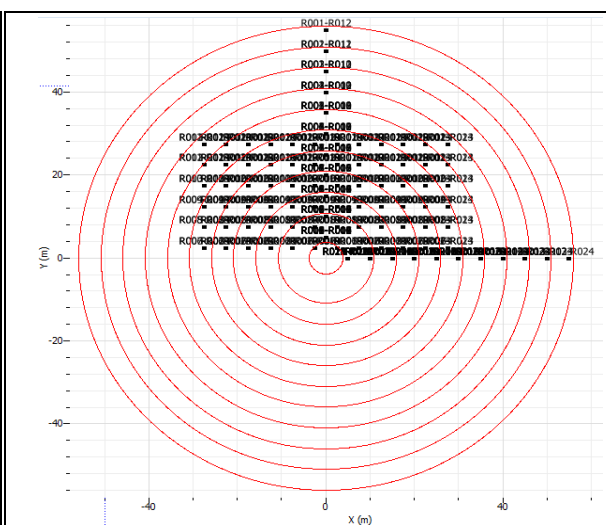
REGISTRAZIONE



PLANIMETRIA ARRAY



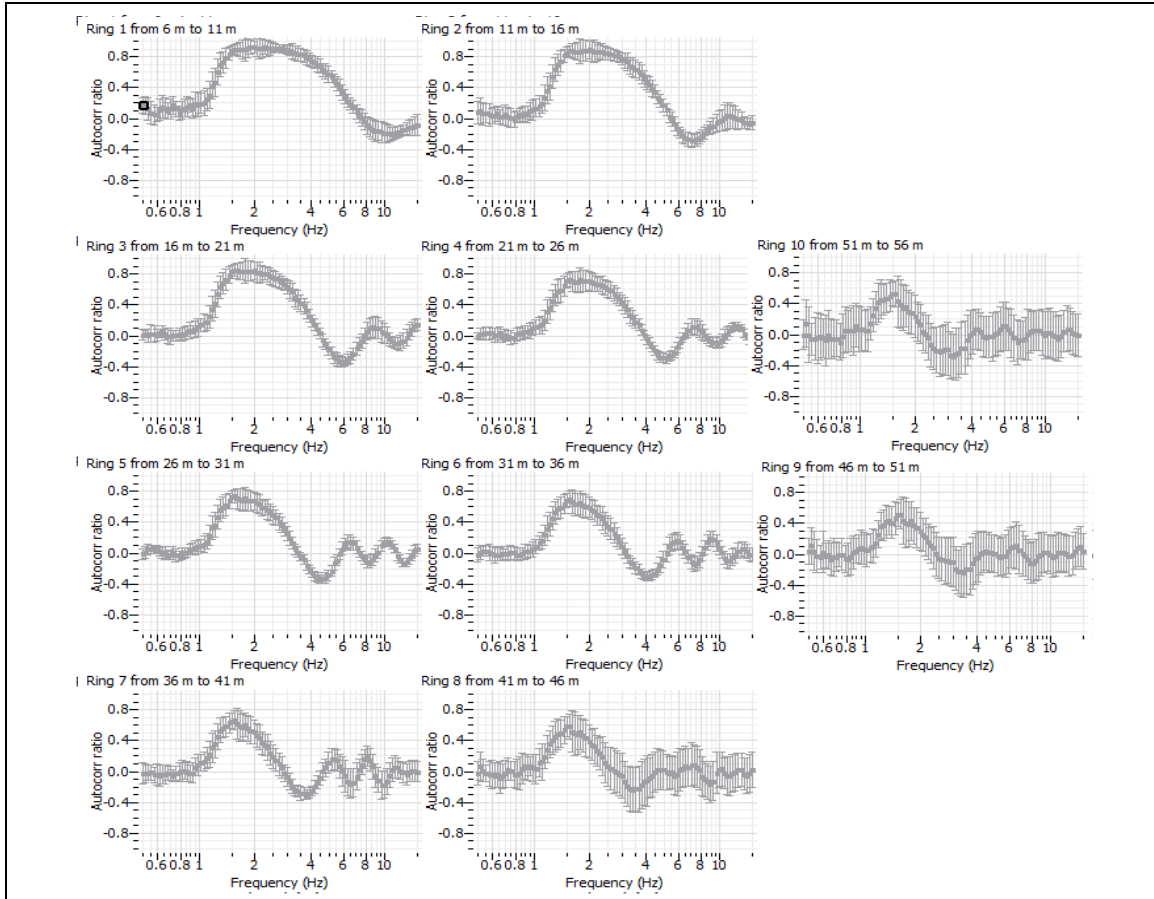
CO-ARRAY E RINGS



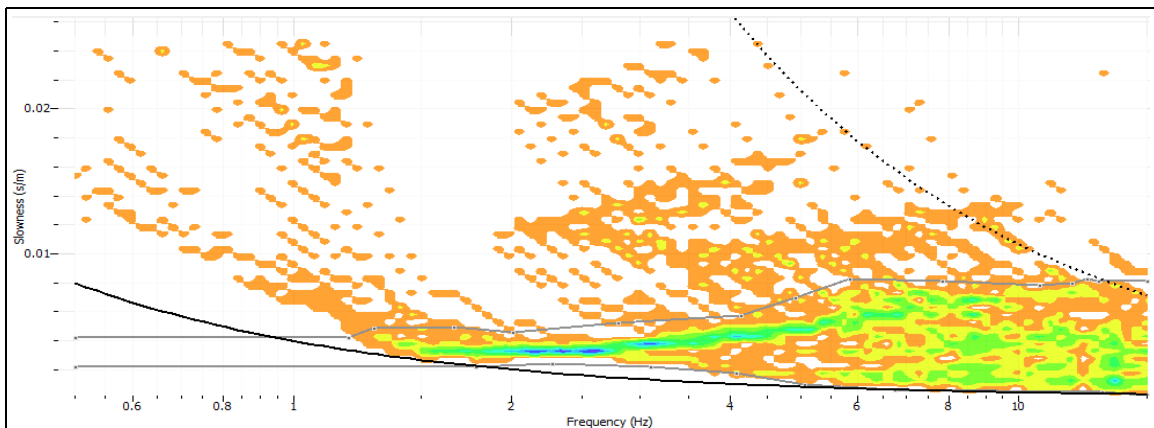
ANTENNA SISMICA ESAC

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola
CODICE LAVORO 1538
CODICE PROVA Esac2

CURVE DI DISPERSIONE CORRISPONDENTI AD OGNI RINGS



CUMULATA DELLE CURVE DI DISPERSIONE DEI RINGS E RELATIVO PICKING PER INDIVIDUARNE LE FASI PIÙ SIGNIFICATIVE



RAPPORTO SPETTRALE A STAZIONE SINGOLA (HVSR)

CLIENTE: Comune di Mirandola

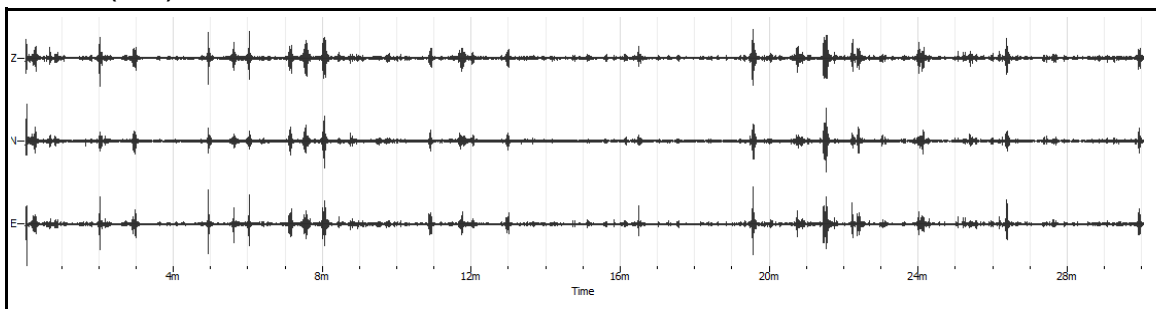
CODICE LAVORO: 1538

CODICE PROVA: Esac2

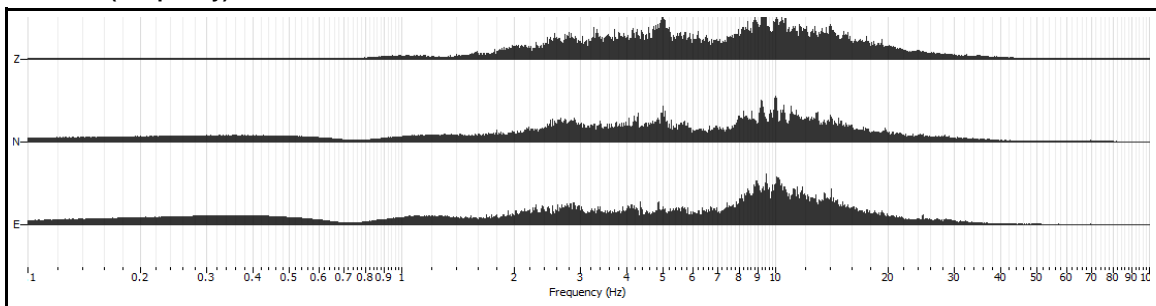
| PARAMETRI DI ACQUISIZIONE | |
|----------------------------|------------|
| Apparecchiatura di misura | Sara SL 07 |
| Lunghezza registrazione | 20 min |
| Fine registrazione | 00:00:00 |
| Frequenza di campionamento | 200 Hz |

| PARAMETRI DI ELABORAZIONE | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Windows lenght (sec) | 20 |
| Overlap | 5% |
| Smoothing windows | Konno & Ohmachi |
| Costant | 40 |
| Taper | 0.5% |
| Low Pass | 15 Hz |
| N° of windows | 70 |

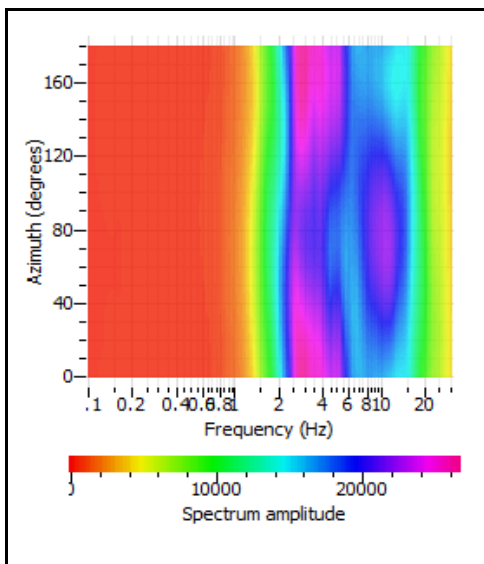
RECORD (Time)



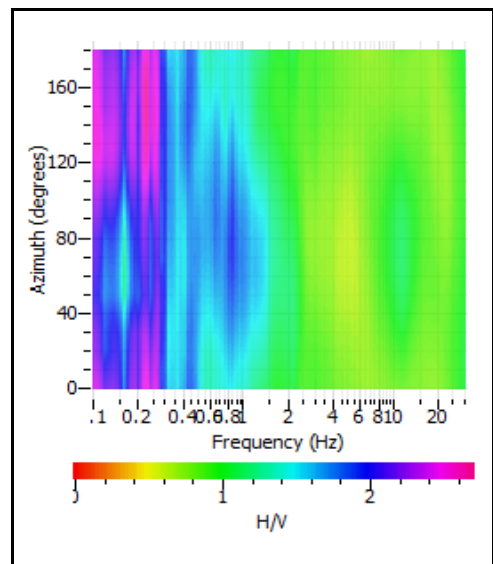
RECORD (Frequency)



HORIZONTAL SPECTRUM ROTATE



HV ROTATE RESULTS

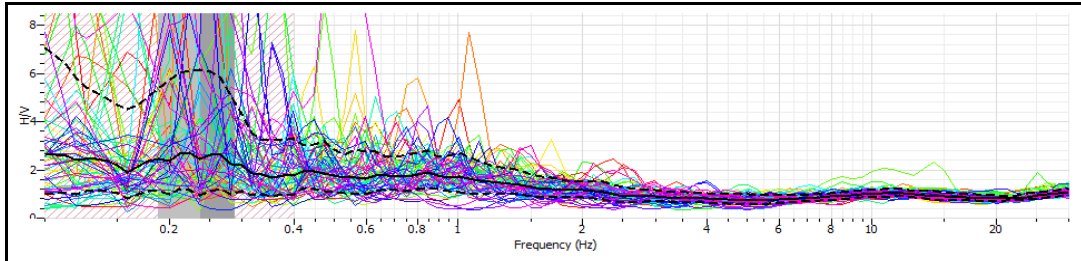


RAPPORTO SPETTRALE A STAZIONE SINGOLA (HVSR)

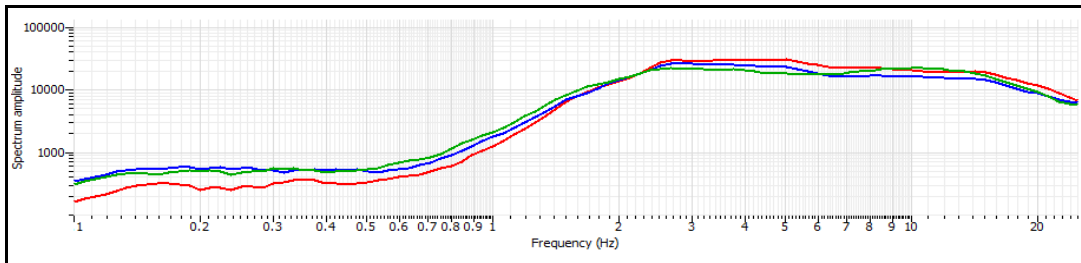
CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola
CODICE LAVORO 1538
CODICE PROVA Esac2

RAPPORTO SPETTRALE H/V

Max HVSR 0.23 ± 0.04 Hz. A0 = 2.68



SPETTRO SINGOLE COMPONENTI



Criteri per una curva H/V affidabile

[tutti 3 dovrebbero risultare soddisfatti]

| | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---|---|
| f0 | 0.23 | | |
| Lw | 20 | | |
| nw | 71 | | |
| f0 > 10 / Lw | 0.23 > 10/20 | | ☒ |
| nc (f0) > 200 | 326.6 > 200 | ☑ | |
| σA(f) < 2 for 0.5 f0 < f < 2 f0 if f0 > 0.5 Hz | Exceeded 0 out of 100 times | ☑ | |
| σA(f) < 3 for 0.5 f0 < f < 2 f0 if f0 < 0.5 Hz | | | |

Criteri per un picco H/V chiaro

[almeno 5 su 6 dovrebbero essere soddisfatti]

| | | | |
|--|------------------|---|---|
| Exists f in [f0/4, f0] AH/V(f) < A0/2 | 0 Hz | | ☒ |
| Exists f+ in [4f0, f0] AH/V(f+) < A0/2 | 0 Hz | | ☒ |
| A0 > 2 | 2.68 > 2 | ☑ | |
| fpeak [AH/V(f) ± σA(f)] = f0 ± 5% | < 0.05 | ☑ | |
| σ < ε(f0) | 0.049904 < 0.046 | | ☒ |
| σA(f0) < θ(f0) | 0.77987 < 2.5 | ☑ | |

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Lw | Window length |
| nW | Number of windows used in the analysis |
| nc = Lw nW f0 | Number of significant cycles |
| f | Current frequency |
| f0 | H/V peak frequency |
| σ | Standard deviation of H/V peak frequency |
| ε(f0) | Threshold value for the stability condition of < ε(f0) |
| A0 | H/V peak amplitude at frequency f0 |
| AH/V(f) | H/V curve amplitude at frequency f |
| f - | Frequency between f0/4 and f0 for which AH/V(f-) < A0/2 |
| f + | Frequency between f0 and 4f0 for which AH/V(f+) < A0/2 |
| σA(f) | Standard deviation of AH/V(f), σA(f) is the factor by which the mean AH/V(f) curve should be multiplier or divided |
| σlogH/V(f) | Standard deviation of log AH/V(f) curve |
| θ(f0) | Threshold value for the stability condition σA(f) < θ(f0) |

Threshold value for σ and σA(f0)

| Freq. Range [Hz] | < 0.2 | 0.2 - 0.5 | 0.5 - 1.0 | 1.0 - 2.0 | > 2.0 |
|---------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| ε(f0) (Hz) | 0.25 f0 | 0.20 f0 | 0.15 f0 | 0.10 f0 | 0.05 f0 |
| θ(f0) for σA(f0) | 3.00 | 2.50 | 2.00 | 1.78 | 1.58 |
| Log θ(f0) for σlogH/V(f0) | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.20 |

ANALISI CONGIUNTA PROVA ESAC - HVSR

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola

CODICE LAVORO 1538

CODICE PROVA Esac2

LOCALITA': Via dell'Industria - Mirandola

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

LONGITUDINE: 4973996.85 m

LATITUDINE: 663807.63 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 14

AZIMUT 45°

APPARECCHIATURA ESAC: Geometrics GEODE

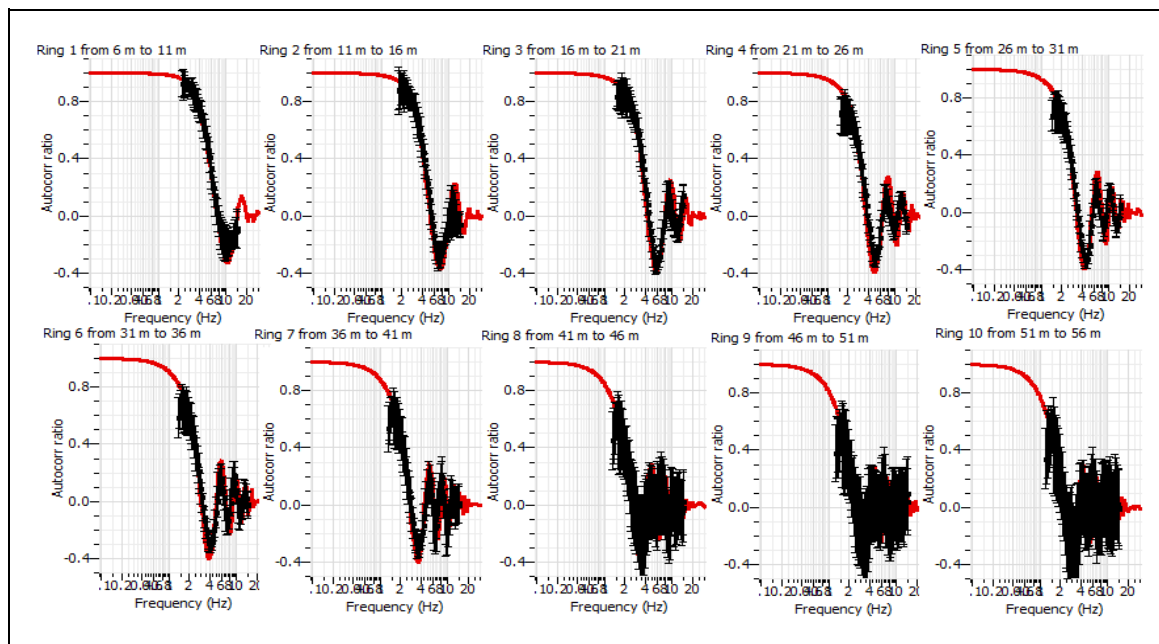
APPARECCHIATURA HVSR: SARA SL 07

N°CANALI 24

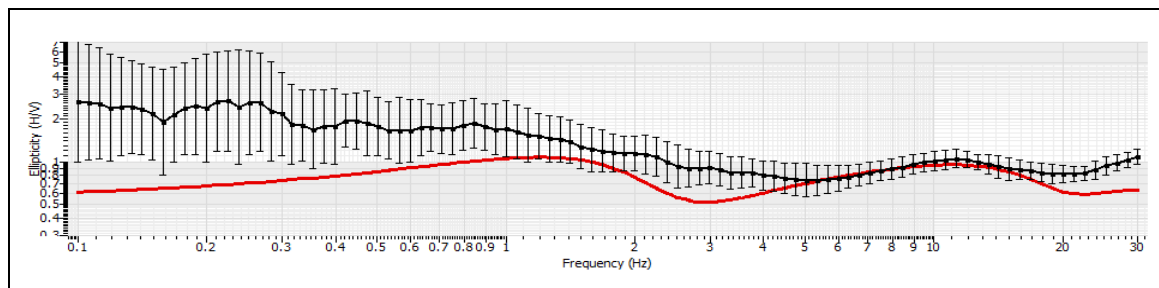
SPACING 5 m.

RECORD TIME (min) 18

VERTICAL RINGS AUTOCORRELATION



ELLIPTICITY AUTOCORRELATION CURVES



ANALISI CONGIUNTA PROVA ESAC - HVSR

CLIENTE **Comune di Mirandola**

CODICE LAVORO **1538**

CODICE PROVA **Esac2**

LOCALITA': Via dell'Industria - Mirandola

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

LONGITUDINE: 4973996.85 m

LATITUDINE: 663807.63 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 14

AZIMUT 45°

APPARECCHIATURA ESAC: Geometrics GEODE

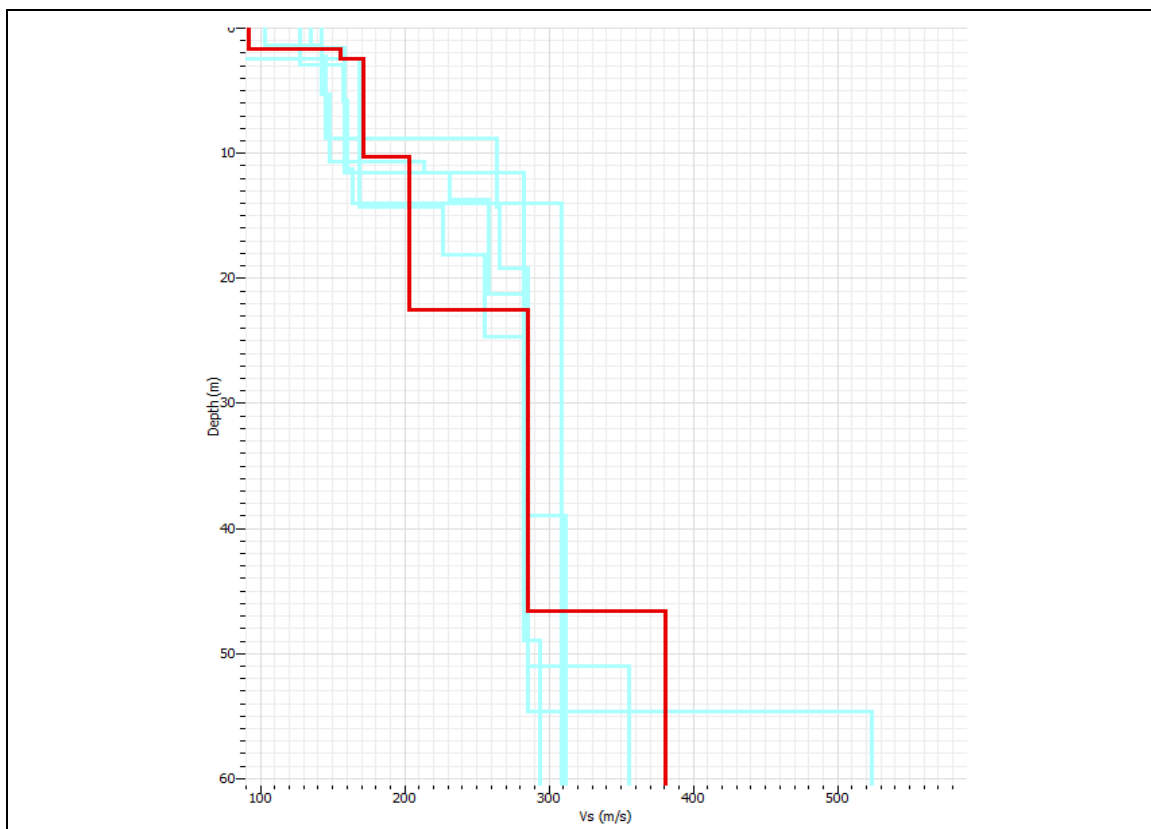
APPARECCHIATURA HVSR: SARA SL 07

N°CANALI 24

SPACING 5 m.

RECORD TIME (min) 18

PROFILO VELOCITÀ ONDE DI TAGLIO



CALCOLO VS 30

| SPESSORE | PROFONDITA' | Vs | SPESSORE/Vs |
|----------|-------------|-----|-------------|
| 1.85 | 0 | 91 | 0.02032967 |
| 8.27 | 1.85 | 171 | 0.048362573 |
| 12.03 | 10.12 | 203 | 0.059261084 |
| 7.85 | 22.15 | 285 | 0.02754386 |
| | 30 | | |
| | | | 0.155497187 |

Vs₃₀ = 193

Seismic classification of soils
(It. D.M. 14/01/2008)

C

ANTENNA SISMICA (ESAC)

CLIENTE: Comune di Mirandola

CODICE LAVORO: 1538

CODICE PROVA: Esac3

LOCALITA': Via Nicolò De Conti - Mirandola

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

Coordinata est: 4972741.47 m

Coordinata nord: 665552.74 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 14

TERRENO DI MISURA: Naturale soffice

SPACING: 5 m.

RECORD TIME (min): 18

CONDIZIONI METEO: Sole

FOTO AEREA (Google Earth)



FOTO AREA DI INDAGINE



ANTENNA SISMICA (ESAC)

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola

CODICE LAVORO 1538

CODICE PROVA Esac3

LOCALITA': Via Nicolò De Conti - Mirandola

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

LONGITUDINE: 4972741.47 m

LATITUDINE: 665552.74 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 14

STRUMENTAZIONE Geometrics GEODE

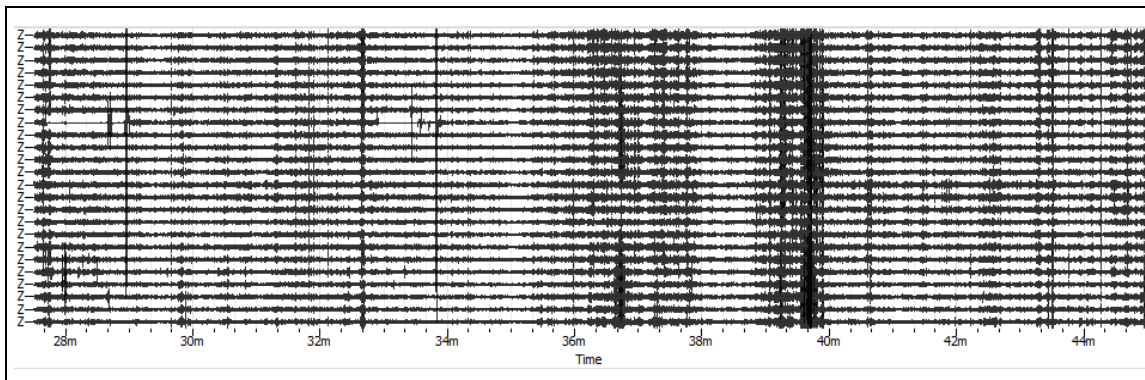
N°CANALI 24

SPACING 5 m.

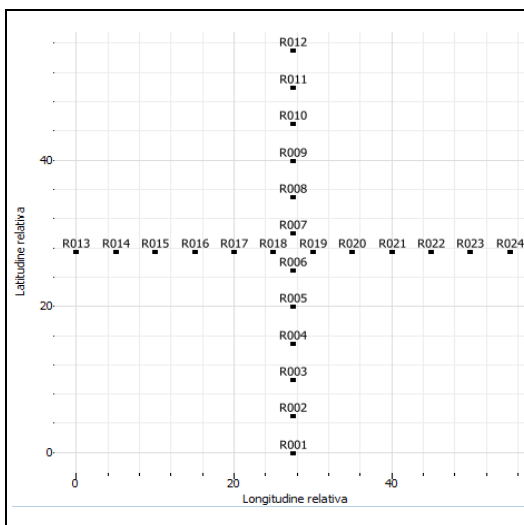
RECORD TIME (min) 18

SAMPLING (Sec) 0.0

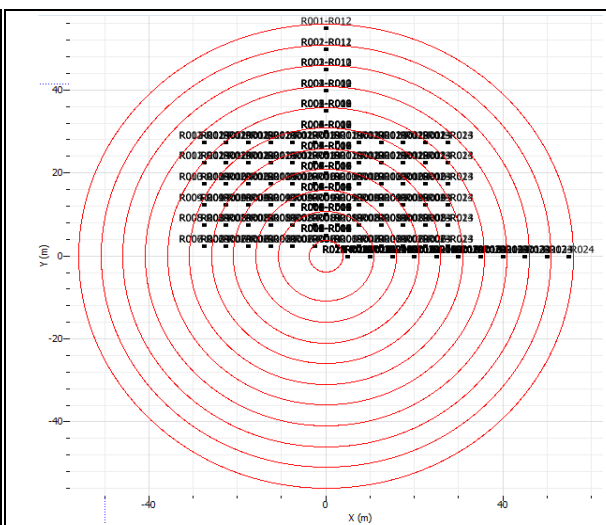
REGISTRAZIONE



PLANIMETRIA ARRAY



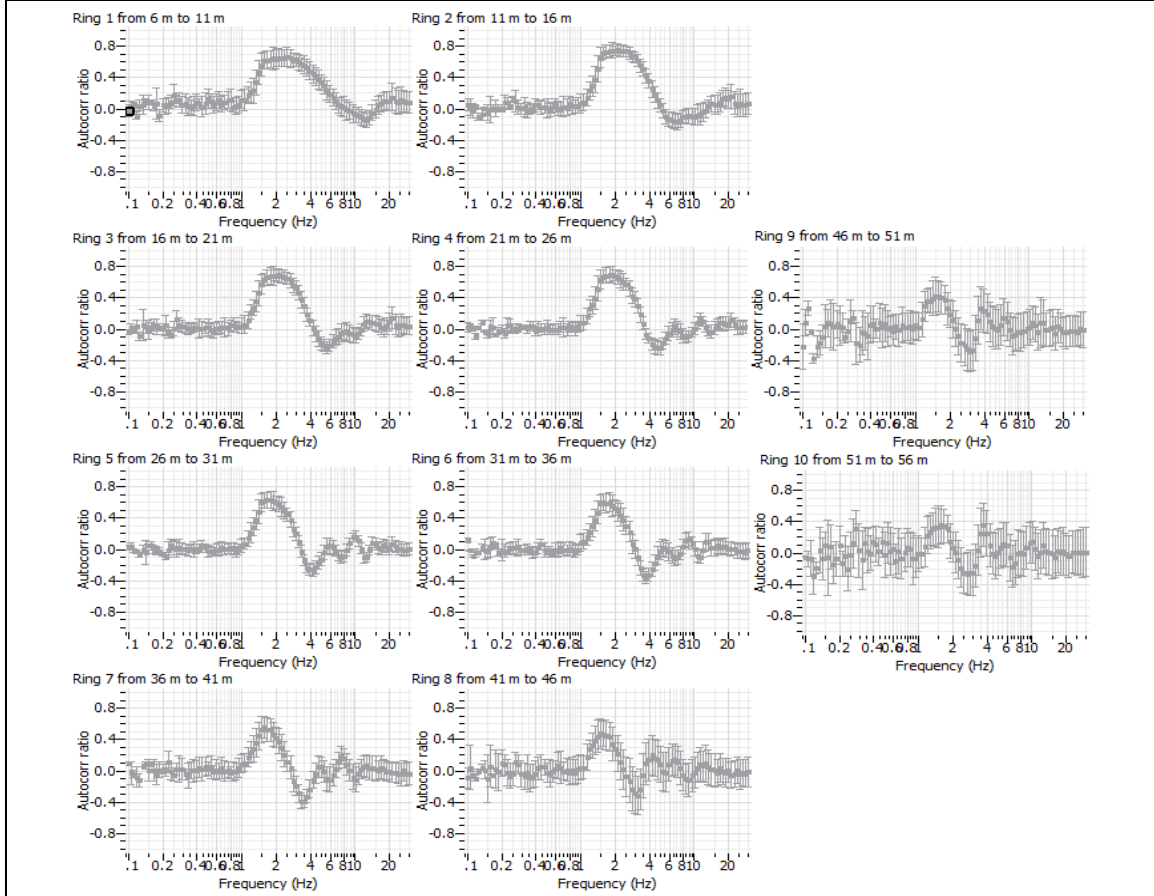
CO-ARRAY E RINGS



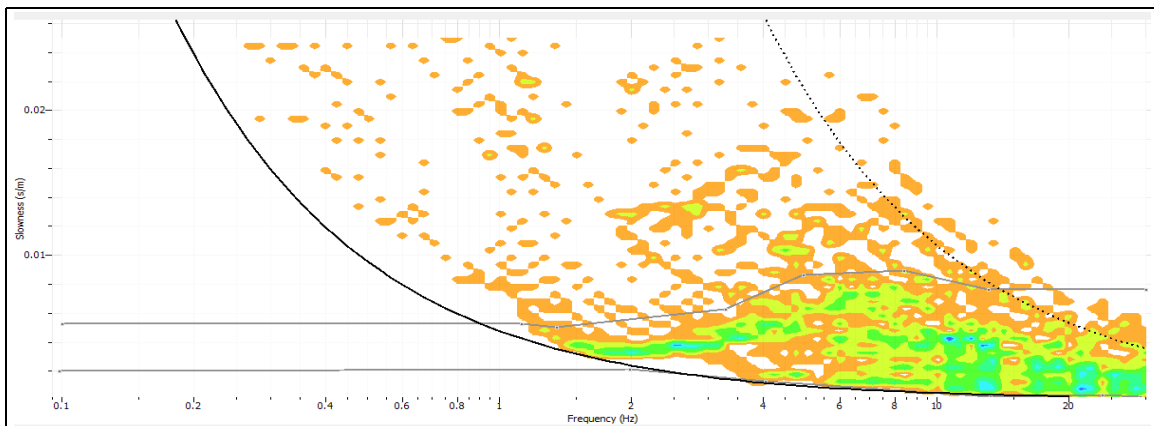
ANTENNA SISMICA ESAC

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola
CODICE LAVORO 1538
CODICE PROVA Esac3

CURVE DI DISPERSIONE CORRISPONDENTI AD OGNI RINGS



CUMULATA DELLE CURVE DI DISPERSIONE DEI RINGS E RELATIVO PICKING PER INDIVIDUARNE LE FASI PIÙ SIGNIFICATIVE



RAPPORTO SPETTRALE A STAZIONE SINGOLA (HVSR)

CLIENTE: Comune di Mirandola

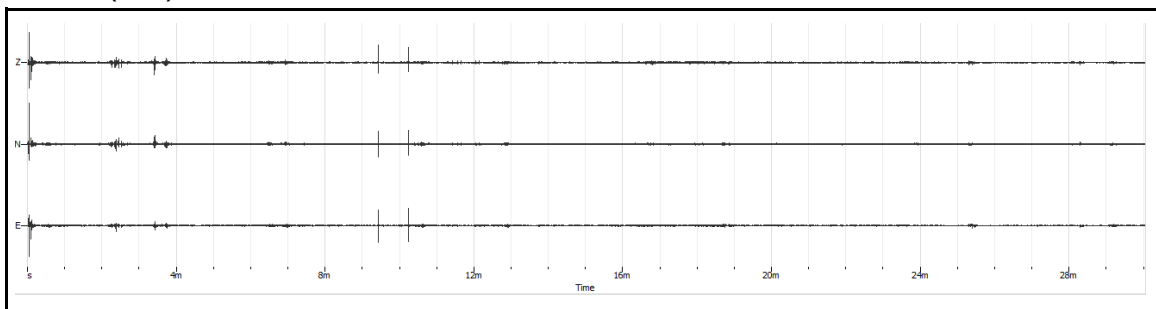
CODICE LAVORO: 1538

CODICE PROVA: Esac3

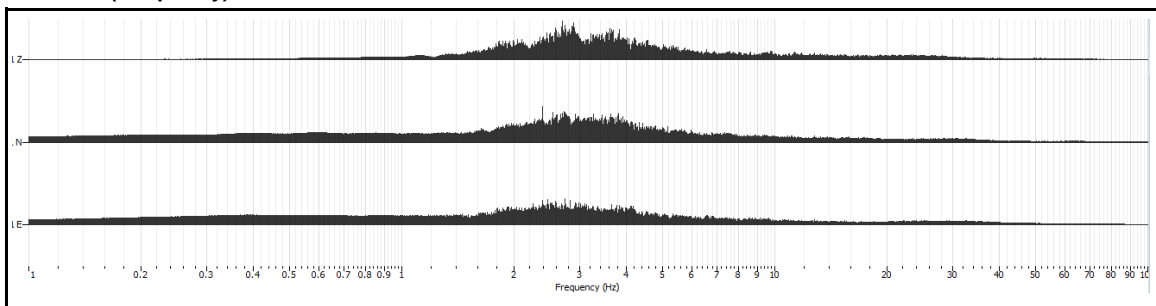
| PARAMETRI DI ACQUISIZIONE | |
|----------------------------|------------|
| Apparecchiatura di misura | Sara SL 07 |
| Lunghezza registrazione | 20 min |
| Fine registrazione | 00:00:00 |
| Frequenza di campionamento | 200 Hz |

| PARAMETRI DI ELABORAZIONE | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Windows lenght (sec) | 20 |
| Overlap | 5% |
| Smoothing windows | Konno & Ohmachi |
| Costant | 40 |
| Taper | 0.5% |
| Low Pass | 15 Hz |
| N° of windows | 72 |

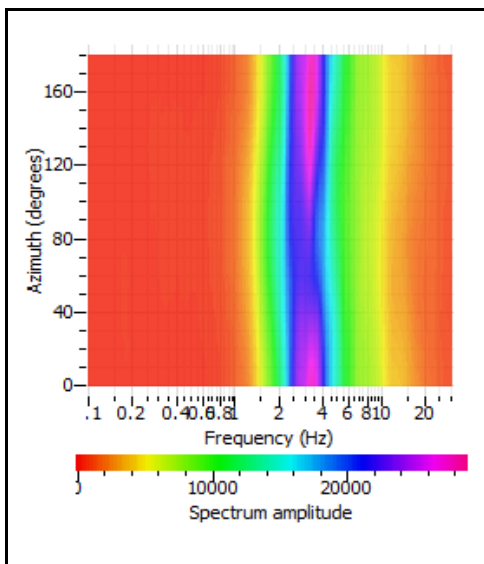
RECORD (Time)



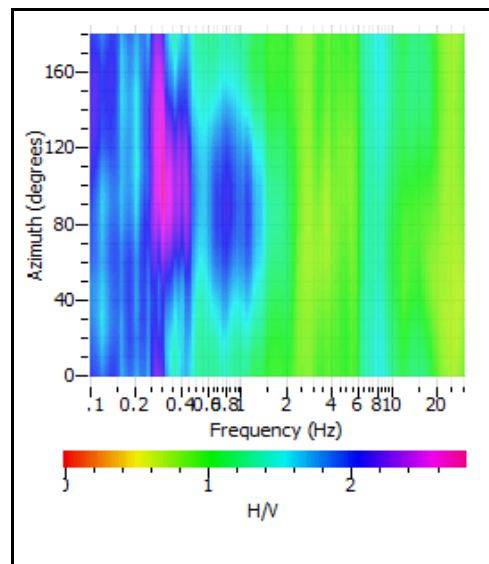
RECORD (Frequency)



HORIZONTAL SPECTRUM ROTATE



HV ROTATE RESULTS

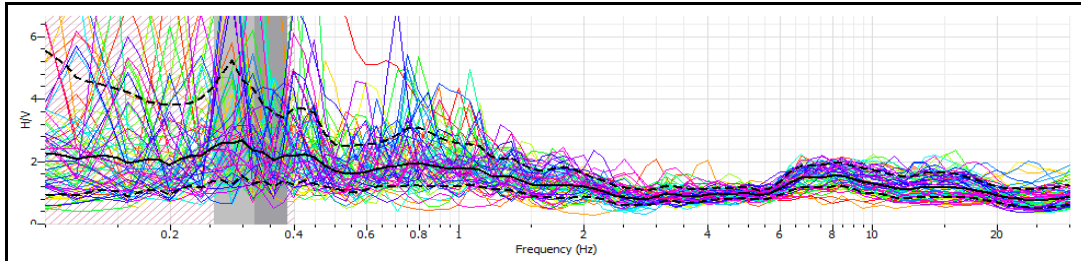


RAPPORTO SPETTRALE A STAZIONE SINGOLA (HVSR)

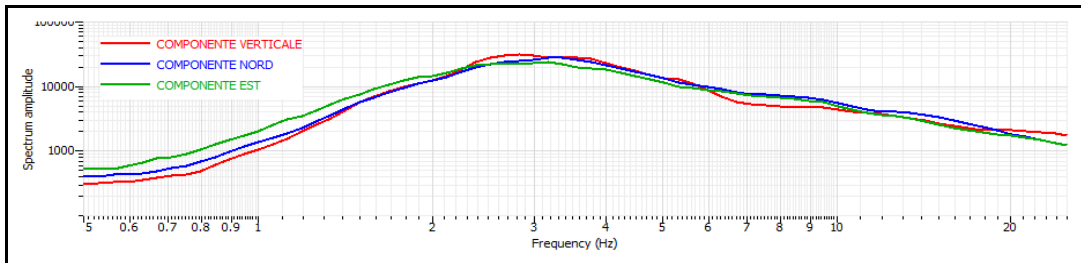
CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola
CODICE LAVORO 1538
CODICE PROVA Esac3

RAPPORTO SPETTRALE H/V

Max HVSR 0.32 ± 0.06 Hz. A0 = 2.67



SPETTRO SINGOLE COMPONENTI



Criteri per una curva H/V affidabile

[tutti 3 dovrebbero risultare soddisfatti]

| | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---|---|
| f0 | 0.32 | | |
| Lw | 20 | | |
| nw | 71 | | |
| f0 > 10 / Lw | 0.32 > 10/20 | | ☒ |
| nc (f0) > 200 | 454.4 > 200 | ☑ | |
| σA(f) < 2 for 0.5 f0 < f < 2 f0 if f0 > 0.5 Hz | Exceeded 0 out of 100 times | ☑ | |
| σA(f) < 3 for 0.5 f0 < f < 2 f0 if f0 < 0.5 Hz | | | |

Criteri per un picco H/V chiaro

[almeno 5 su 6 dovrebbero essere soddisfatti]

| | | | |
|--|------------------|---|---|
| Exists f in [f0/4, f0] AH/V(f) < A0/2 | 0 Hz | | ☒ |
| Exists f+ in [4f0, f0] AH/V(f+) < A0/2 | 0 Hz | | ☒ |
| A0 > 2 | 2.67 > 2 | ☑ | |
| fpeak [AH/V(f) ± σA(f)] = f0 ± 5% | < 0.05 | ☑ | |
| σf < ε(f0) | 0.064605 < 0.064 | | ☒ |
| σA(f0) < θ(f0) | 0.93423 < 2.5 | ☑ | |

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Lw | Window length |
| nW | Number of windows used in the analysis |
| nc = Lw nW f0 | Number of significant cycles |
| f | Current frequency |
| f0 | H/V peak frequency |
| σf | Standard deviation of H/V peak frequency |
| ε(f0) | Threshold value for the stability condition of ε(f0) |
| A0 | H/V peak amplitude at frequency f0 |
| AH/V(f) | H/V curve amplitude at frequency f |
| f- | Frequency between f0/4 and f0 for which AH/V(f-) < A0/2 |
| f+ | Frequency between f0 and 4f0 for which AH/V(f+) < A0/2 |
| σA(f) | Standard deviation of AH/V(f), σA(f) is the factor by which the mean AH/V(f) curve should be multiplier or divided |
| σlogH/V(f) | Standard deviation of log AH/V(f) curve |
| θ(f0) | Threshold value for the stability condition σA(f) < θ(f0) |

Threshold value for σf and σA(f0)

| Freq. Range [Hz] | < 0.2 | 0.2 - 0.5 | 0.5 - 1.0 | 1.0 - 2.0 | > 2.0 |
|---------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| ε(f0) (Hz) | 0.25 f0 | 0.20 f0 | 0.15 f0 | 0.10 f0 | 0.05 f0 |
| θ(f0) for σA(f0) | 3.00 | 2.50 | 2.00 | 1.78 | 1.58 |
| Log θ(f0) for σlogH/V(f0) | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.20 |

ANALISI CONGIUNTA PROVA ESAC - HVSR

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola

CODICE LAVORO 1538

CODICE PROVA Esac3

LOCALITA': Via Nicolò De Conti - Mirandola

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

LONGITUDINE: 4972741.47 m

LATITUDINE: 665552.74 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 14

AZIMUT 45°

APPARECCHIATURA ESAC: Geometrics GEODE

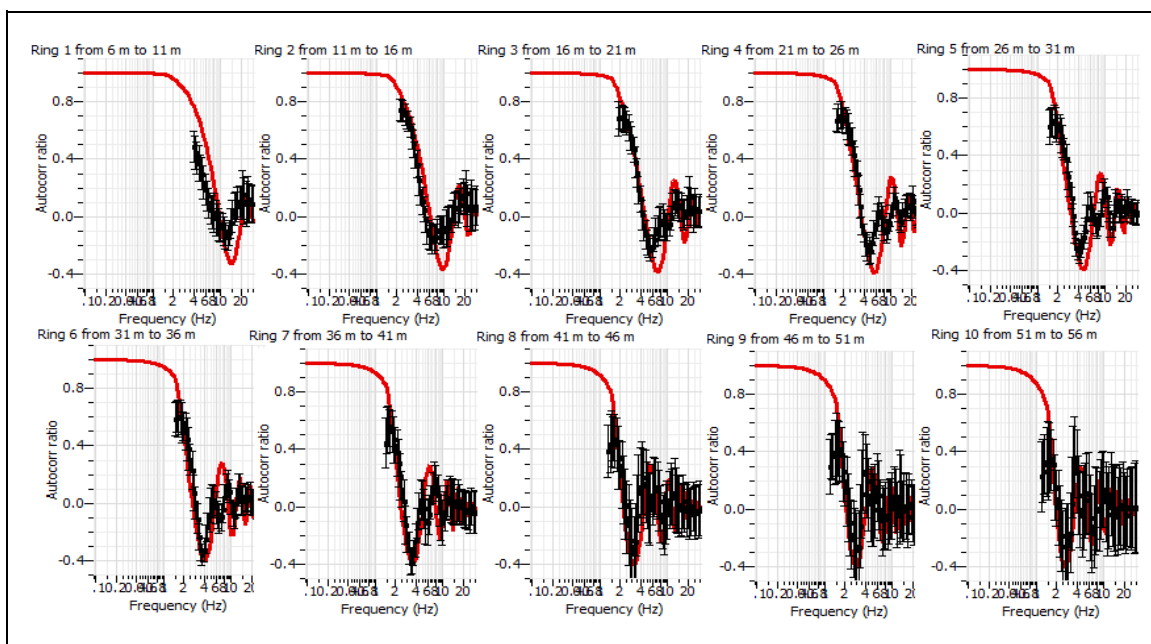
APPARECCHIATURA HVSR: SARA SL 07

N°CANALI 24

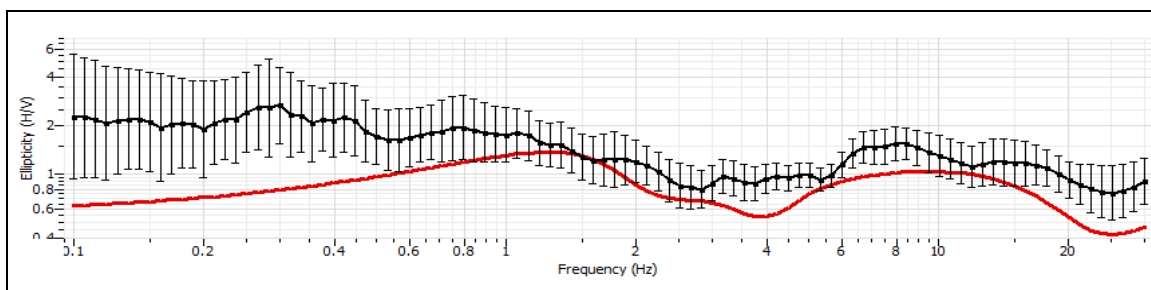
SPACING 5 m.

RECORD TIME (min) 18

VERTICAL RINGS AUTOCORRELATION



ELLIPTICITY AUTOCORRELATION CURVES



ANALISI CONGIUNTA PROVA ESAC - HVSR

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola

CODICE LAVORO 1538

CODICE PROVA Esac3

LOCALITA': Via Nicolò De Conti - Mirandola

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

LONGITUDINE: 4972741.47 m

LATITUDINE: 665552.74 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 14

AZIMUT 45°

APPARECCHIATURA ESAC: Geometrics GEODE

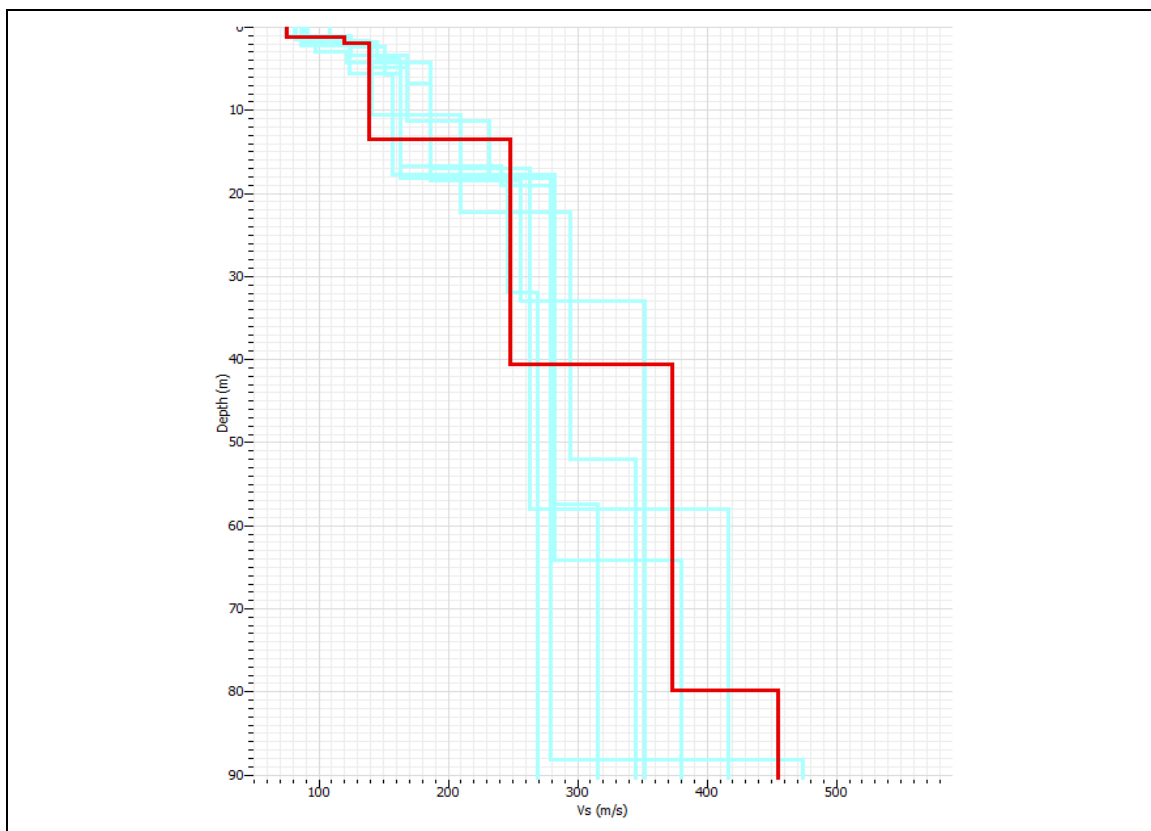
APPARECCHIATURA HVSR: SARA SL 07

N°CANALI 24

SPACING 5 m.

RECORD TIME (min) 18

PROFILO VELOCITÀ ONDE DI TAGLIO



CALCOLO VS 30

| SPESSORE | PROFONDITA' | Vs | SPESSORE/Vs |
|----------|-------------|-----|-------------|
| 1.2 | 0 | 75 | 0.016 |
| 0.71 | 1.2 | 120 | 0.005916667 |
| 11.5 | 1.91 | 139 | 0.082733813 |
| 16.59 | 13.41 | 248 | 0.066895161 |

30

0.171545641

$$Vs_{30} = 175$$

Seismic classification of soils
(It. D.M. 14/01/2008)

D

ANTENNA SISMICA (ESAC)

CLIENTE: Comune di Mirandola

CODICE LAVORO: 1538

CODICE PROVA: Esac4

LOCALITA': Via Nazioni Unite - Mirandola

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

Coordinata est: 664261.78 m

Coordinata nord: 4971900.00 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 15

TERRENO DI MISURA: Naturale soffice

SPACING: 5 m.

RECORD TIME (min): 18

CONDIZIONI METEO: Sole

FOTO AEREA (Google Earth)



FOTO AREA DI INDAGINE



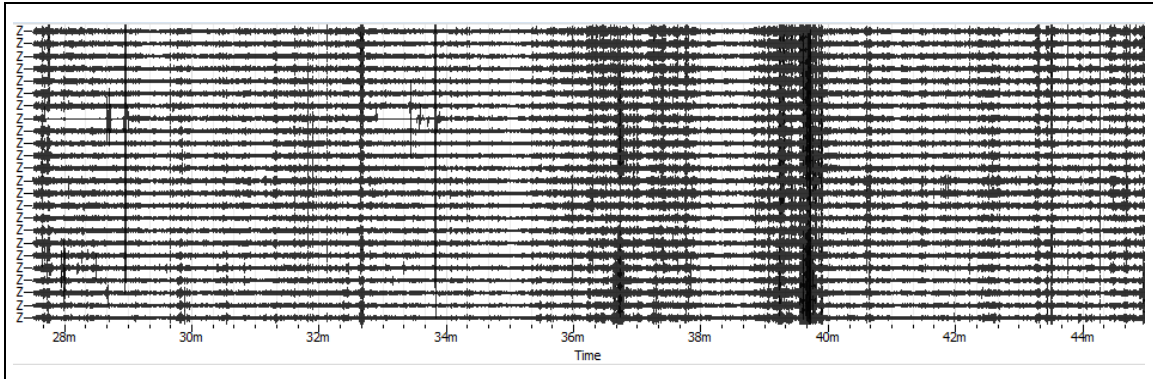
ANTENNA SISMICA (ESAC)

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola
CODICE LAVORO 1538
CODICE PROVA Esac4

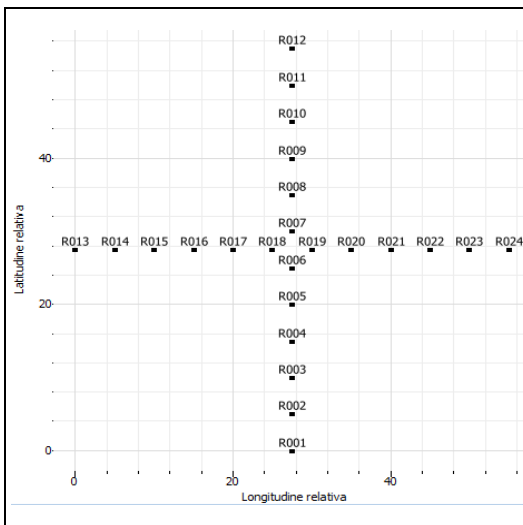
LOCALITA': Via Nazioni Unite - Mirandola
DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015
LONGITUDINE: 664261.78 m
LATITUDINE: 4971900.00 m
QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 15

STRUMENTAZIONE Geometrics GEODE
N°CANALI 24
SPACING 5 m.
RECORD TIME (min) 18
SAMPLING (Sec) 0.0

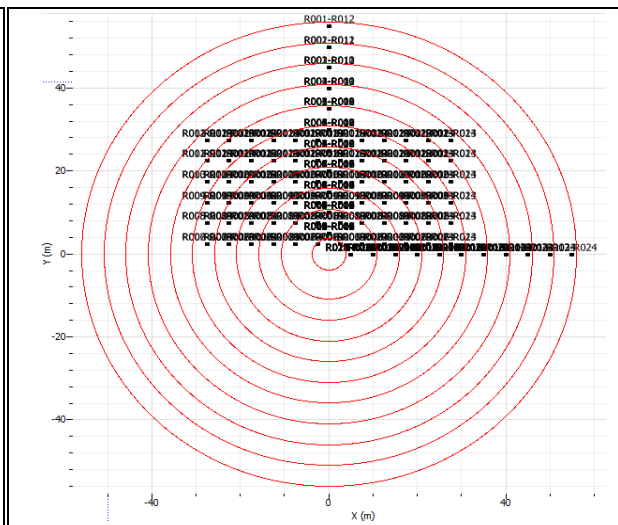
REGISTRAZIONE



PLANIMETRIA ARRAY



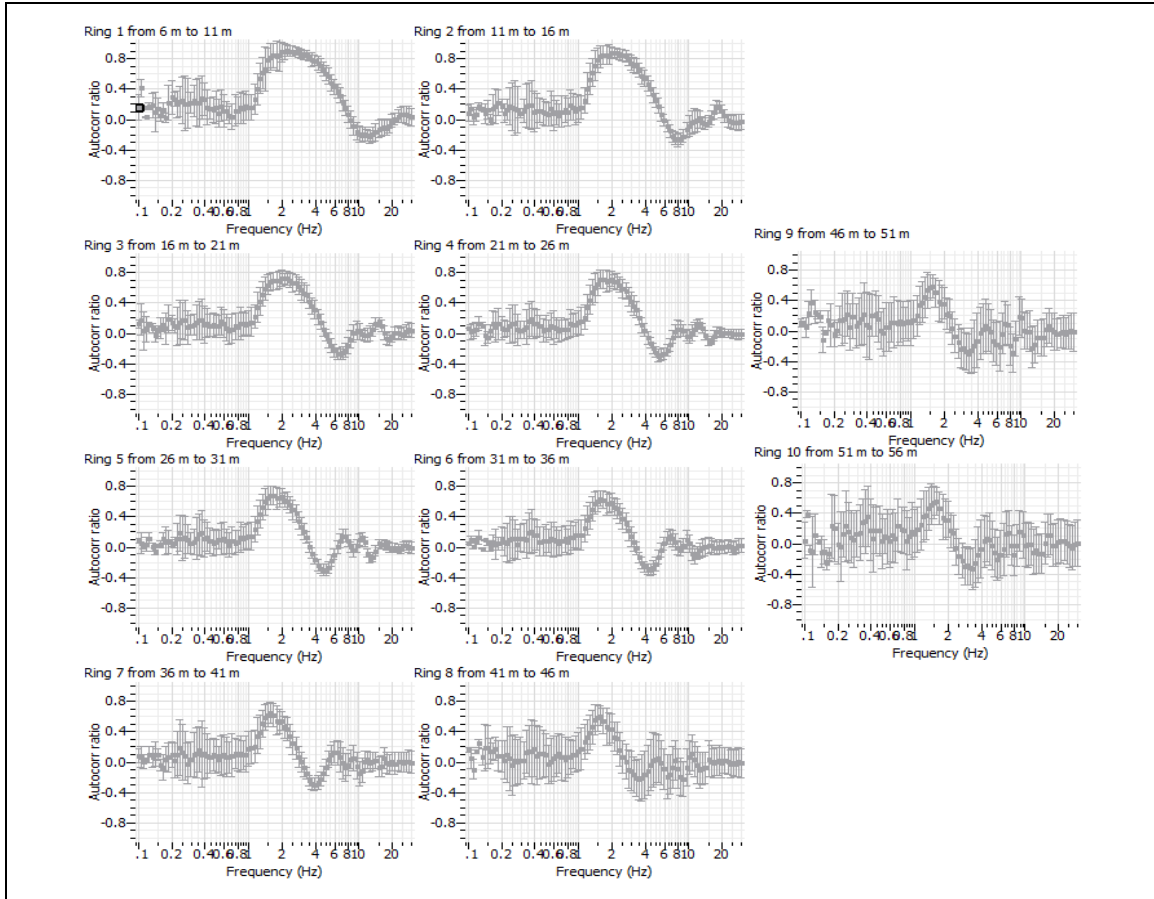
CO-ARRAY E RINGS



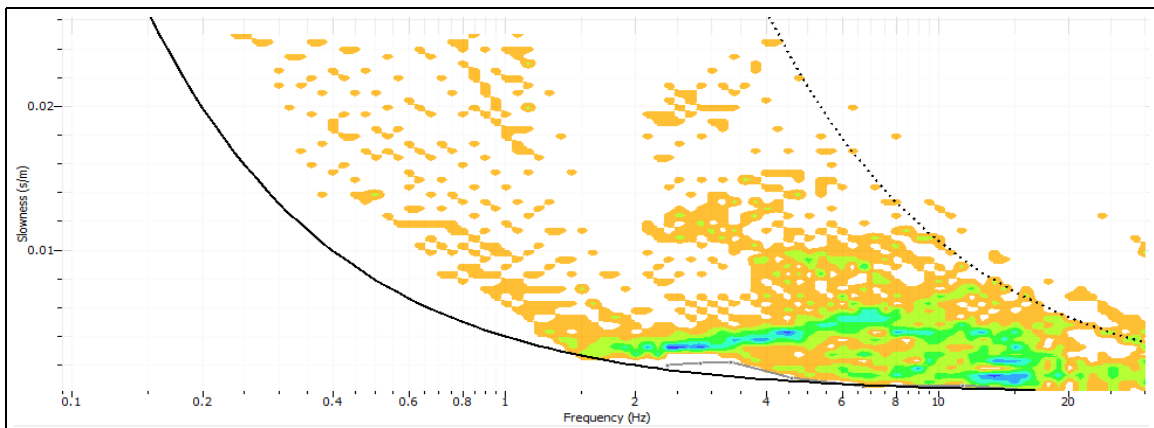
ANTENNA SISMICA ESAC

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola
CODICE LAVORO 1538
CODICE PROVA Esac4

CURVE DI DISPERSIONE CORRISPONDENTI AD OGNI RINGS



CUMULATA DELLE CURVE DI DISPERSIONE DEI RINGS E RELATIVO PICKING PER INDIVIDUARE LE FASI PIÙ SIGNIFICATIVE



RAPPORTO SPETTRALE A STAZIONE SINGOLA (HVSR)

CLIENTE: Comune di Mirandola

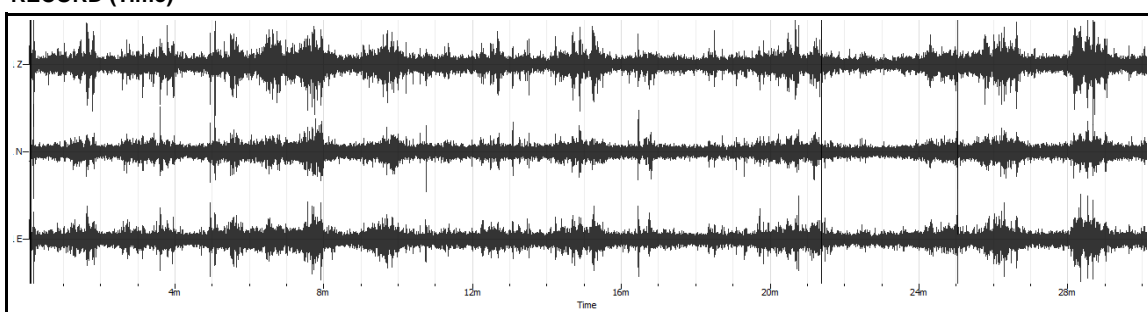
CODICE LAVORO: 1538

CODICE PROVA: Esac4

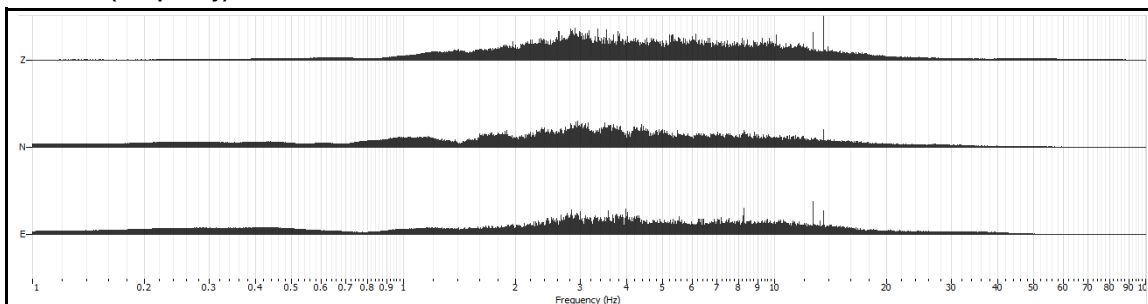
| PARAMETRI DI ACQUISIZIONE | |
|----------------------------|------------|
| Apparecchiatura di misura | Sara SL 07 |
| Lunghezza registrazione | 20 min |
| Fine registrazione | 00:00:00 |
| Frequenza di campionamento | 200 Hz |

| PARAMETRI DI ELABORAZIONE | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Windows lenght (sec) | 20 |
| Overlap | 5% |
| Smoothing windows | Konno & Ohmachi |
| Costant | 40 |
| Taper | 0.5% |
| Low Pass | 15 Hz |
| N° of windows | 65 |

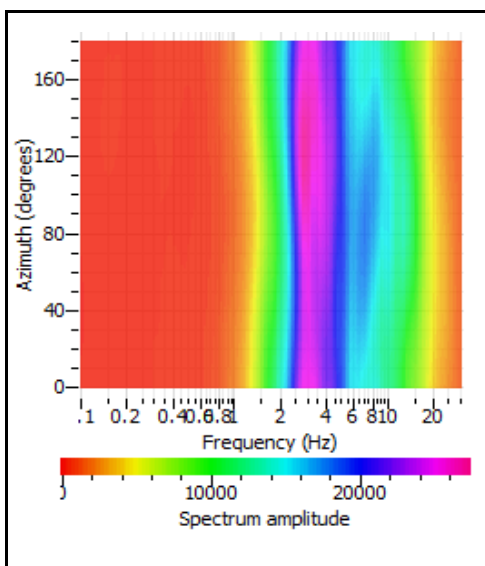
RECORD (Time)



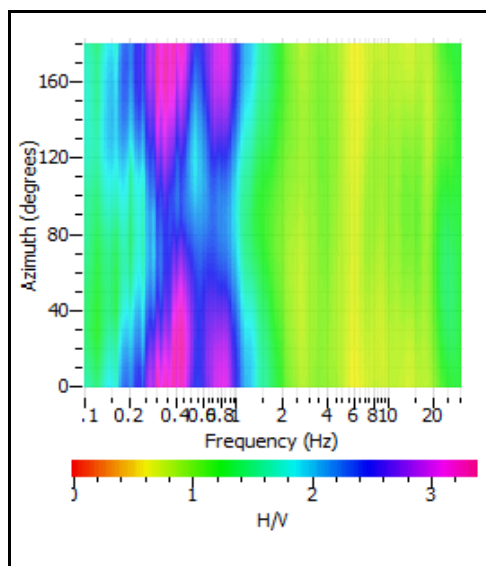
RECORD (Frequency)



HORIZONTAL SPECTRUM ROTATE



HV ROTATE RESULTS

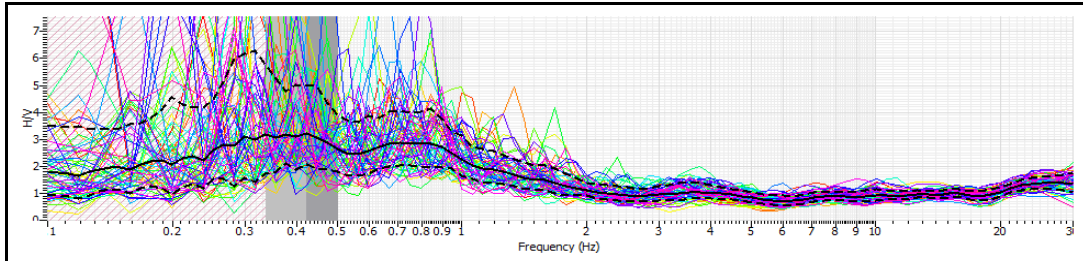


RAPPORTO SPETTRALE A STAZIONE SINGOLA (HVSR)

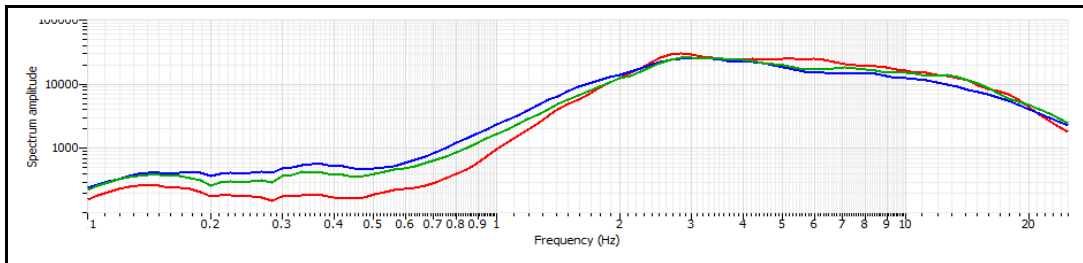
CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola
CODICE LAVORO 1538
CODICE PROVA Esac4

RAPPORTO SPETTRALE H/V

Max HVSR 0.42 ± 0.08 Hz. A0 = 3.2



SPETTRO SINGOLE COMPONENTI



Criteri per una curva H/V affidabile

[tutti 3 dovrebbero risultare soddisfatti]

| | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---|---|
| f0 | 0.42 | | |
| Lw | 20 | | |
| nw | 71 | | |
| f0 > 10 / Lw | 0.42 > 10/20 | | ☒ |
| nc (f0) > 200 | 596.4 > 200 | ☑ | |
| σA(f) < 2 for 0.5 f0 < f < 2 f0 if f0 > 0.5 Hz | Exceeded 0 out of 100 times | ☑ | |
| σA(f) < 3 for 0.5 f0 < f < 2 f0 if f0 < 0.5 Hz | | | |

Criteri per un picco H/V chiaro

[almeno 5 su 6 dovrebbero essere soddisfatti]

| | | | |
|--|------------------|---|---|
| Exists f in [f0/4, f0] AH/V(f) < A0/2 | 0 Hz | | ☒ |
| Exists f+ in [4f0, f0] AH/V(f+) < A0/2 | 1.68 Hz | ☑ | |
| A0 > 2 | 3.2 > 2 | ☑ | |
| fpeak [AH/V(f) ± σA(f)] = f0 ± 5% | < 0.05 | ☑ | |
| σf < ε(f0) | 0.083362 < 0.084 | ☑ | |
| σA(f0) < θ(f0) | 1.00143 < 2.5 | ☑ | |

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Lw | Window length |
| nW | Number of windows used in the analysis |
| nc = Lw nW f0 | Number of significant cycles |
| f | Current frequency |
| f0 | H/V peak frequency |
| σf | Standard deviation of H/V peak frequency |
| ε(f0) | Threshold value for the stability condition of ε(f0) |
| A0 | H/V peak amplitude at frequency f0 |
| AH/V(f) | H/V curve amplitude at frequency f |
| f- | Frequency between f0/4 and f0 for which AH/V(f-) < A0/2 |
| f+ | Frequency between f0 and 4f0 for which AH/V(f+) < A0/2 |
| σA(f) | Standard deviation of AH/V(f), σA(f) is the factor by which the mean AH/V(f) curve should be multiplier or divided |
| σlogH/V(f) | Standard deviation of log AH/V(f) curve |
| θ(f0) | Threshold value for the stability condition σA(f) < θ(f0) |

Threshold value for σf and σA(f0)

| Freq. Range [Hz] | < 0.2 | 0.2 - 0.5 | 0.5 - 1.0 | 1.0 - 2.0 | > 2.0 |
|---------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| ε(f0) (Hz) | 0.25 f0 | 0.20 f0 | 0.15 f0 | 0.10 f0 | 0.05 f0 |
| θ(f0) for σA(f0) | 3.00 | 2.50 | 2.00 | 1.78 | 1.58 |
| Log θ(f0) for σlogH/V(f0) | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.20 |

ANALISI CONGIUNTA PROVA ESAC - HVSR

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola

CODICE LAVORO 1538

CODICE PROVA Esac4

LOCALITA': Via Nazioni Unite - Mirandola

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

LONGITUDINE: 664261.78 m

LATITUDINE: 4971900.00 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 15

AZIMUT 45°

APPARECCHIATURA ESAC: Geometrics GEODE

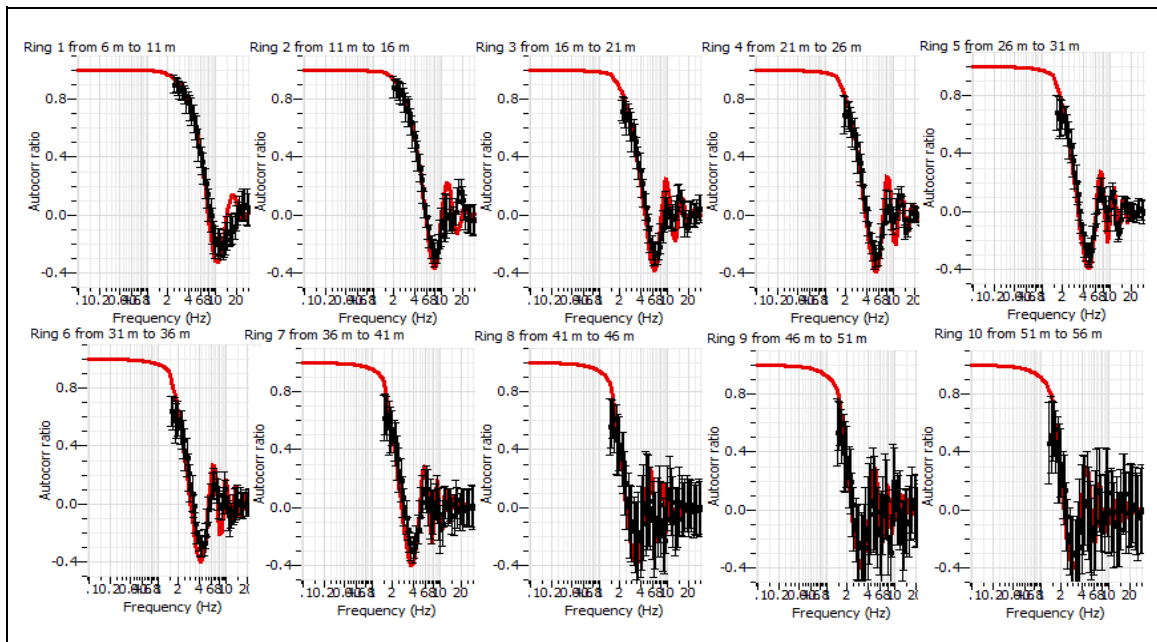
APPARECCHIATURA HVSR: SARA SL 07

N°CANALI 24

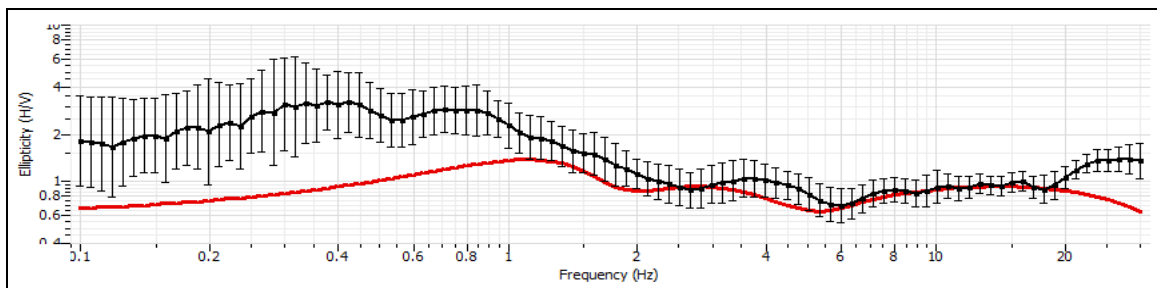
SPACING 5 m.

RECORD TIME (min) 18

VERTICAL RINGS AUTOCORRELATION



ELLIPTICITY AUTOCORRELATION CURVES



ANALISI CONGIUNTA PROVA ESAC - HVSR

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola

CODICE LAVORO 1538

CODICE PROVA Esac4

LOCALITA': Via Nazioni Unite - Mirandola

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

LONGITUDINE: 664261.78 m

LATITUDINE: 4971900.00 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 15

AZIMUT 45°

APPARECCHIATURA ESAC: Geometrics GEODE

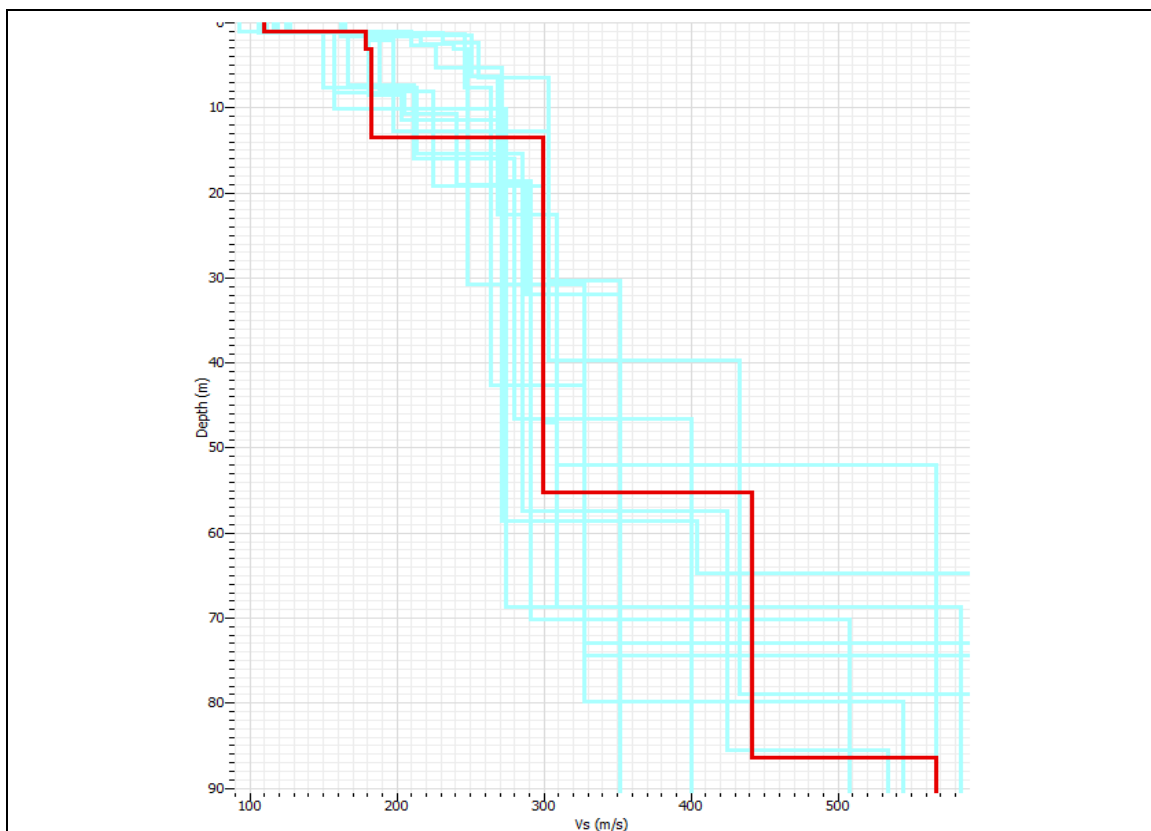
APPARECCHIATURA HVSR: SARA SL 07

N°CANALI 24

SPACING 5 m.

RECORD TIME (min) 18

PROFILO VELOCITÀ ONDE DI TAGLIO



CALCOLO VS 30

| SPESSORE | PROFONDITA' | Vs | SPESSORE/Vs |
|----------|-------------|-----|-------------|
| 1.05 | 0 | 109 | 0.009633028 |
| 2.03 | 1.05 | 179 | 0.011340782 |
| 10.35 | 3.08 | 182 | 0.056868132 |
| 16.57 | 13.43 | 300 | 0.055233333 |

30

0.133075275

$$V_{S30} = 225$$

Seismic classification of soils
(It. D.M. 14/01/2008)

C

ANTENNA SISMICA (ESAC)

CLIENTE: Comune di Mirandola

CODICE LAVORO: 1538

CODICE PROVA: Esac5

LOCALITA': Via Valnemorosa - San Martino Spino

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

Coordinata est: 676176.30 m

Coordinata nord: 4978096.72 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 9

TERRENO DI MISURA: Naturale soffice

SPACING: 5 m.

RECORD TIME (min): 18

CONDIZIONI METEO: Sole

FOTO AEREA (Google Earth)



FOTO AREA DI INDAGINE



ANTENNA SISMICA (ESAC)

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola

CODICE LAVORO 1538

CODICE PROVA Esac5

LOCALITA': Via Valnemorosa - San Martino Spino

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

LONGITUDINE: 676176.30 m

LATITUDINE: 4978096.72 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 9

STRUMENTAZIONE Geometrics GEODE

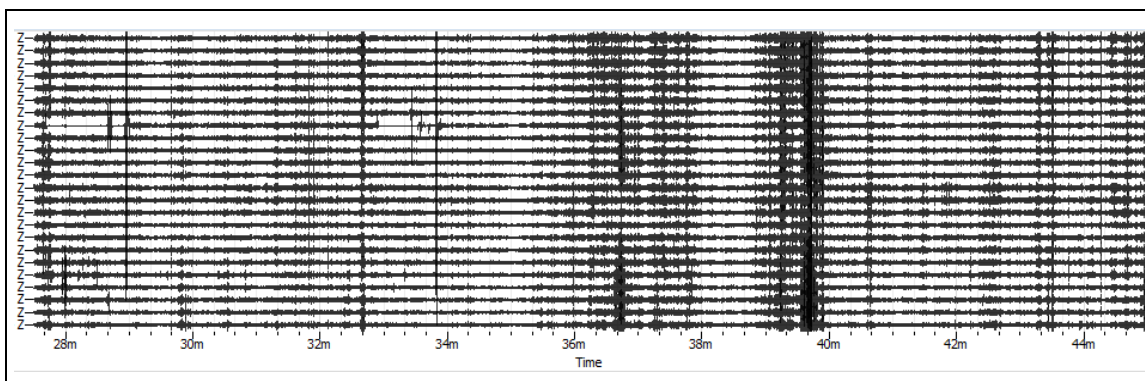
N°CANALI 24

SPACING 5 m.

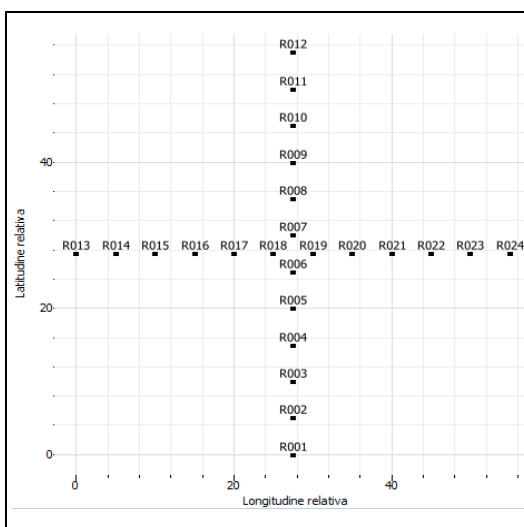
RECORD TIME (min) 18

SAMPLING (Sec) 0.0

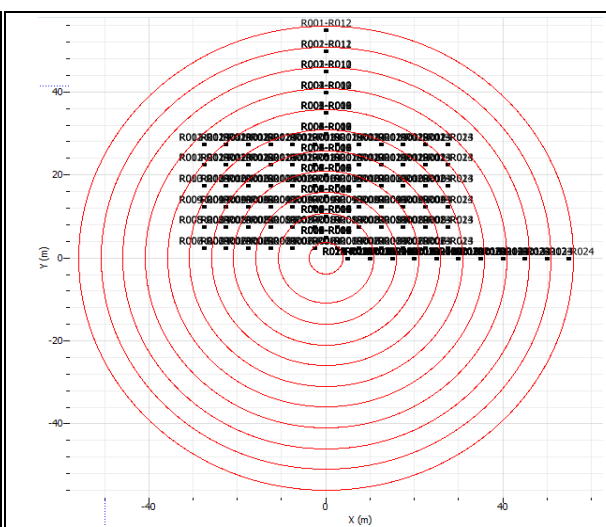
REGISTRAZIONE



PLANIMETRIA ARRAY



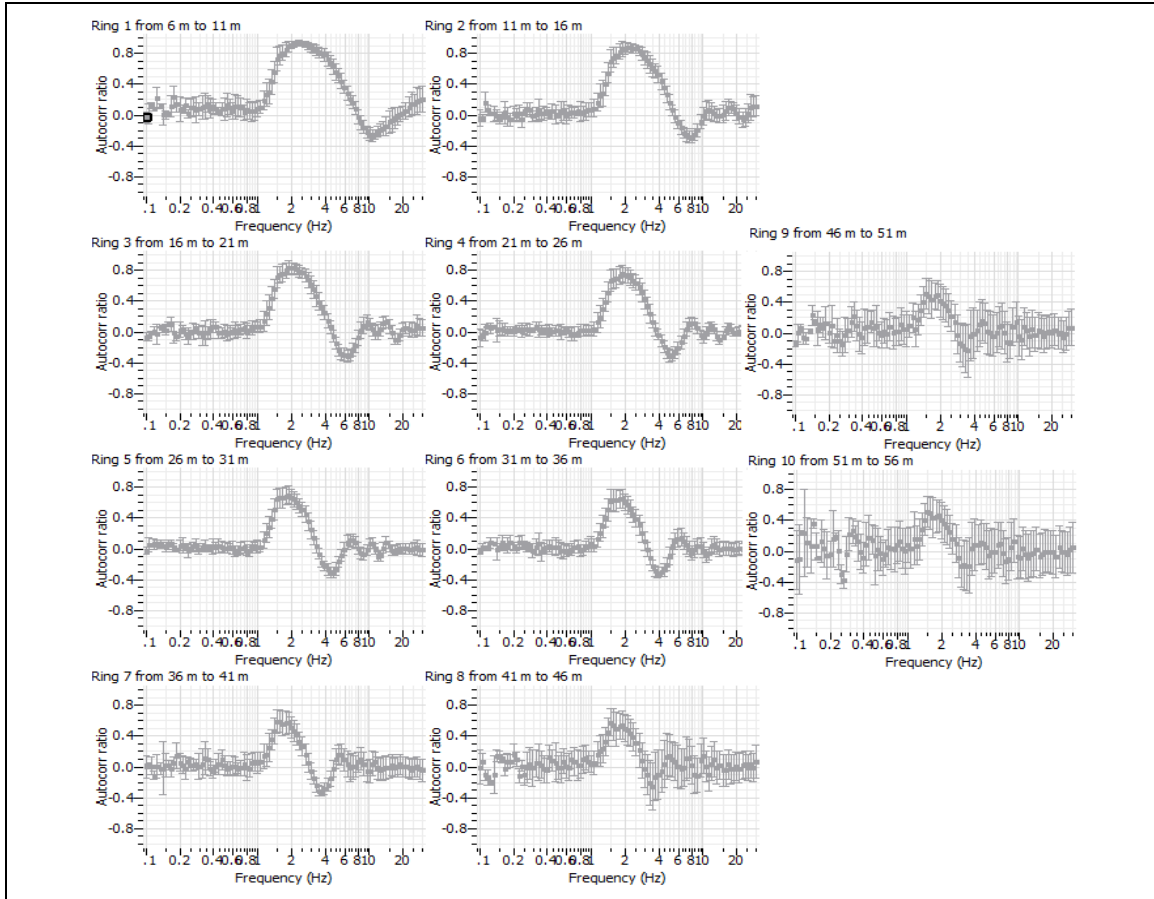
CO-ARRAY E RINGS



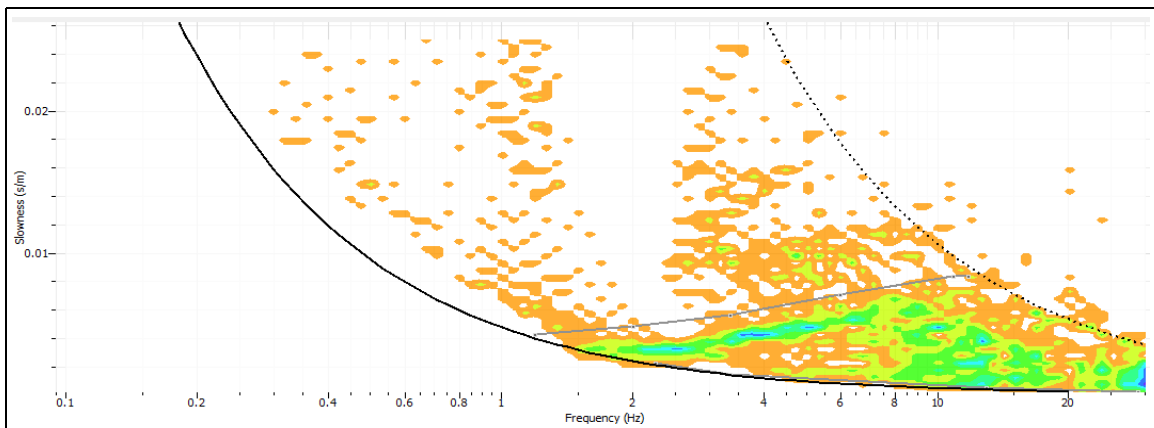
ANTENNA SISMICA ESAC

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola
CODICE LAVORO 1538
CODICE PROVA Esac5

CURVE DI DISPERSIONE CORRISPONDENTI AD OGNI RINGS



CUMULATA DELLE CURVE DI DISPERSIONE DEI RINGS E RELATIVO PICKING PER INDIVIDUARNE LE FASI PIÙ SIGNIFICATIVE



RAPPORTO SPETTRALE A STAZIONE SINGOLA (HVSR)

CLIENTE: Comune di Mirandola

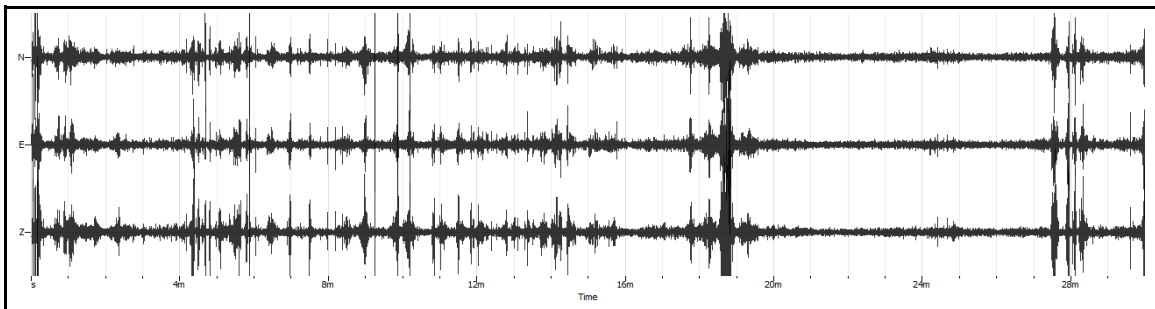
CODICE LAVORO: 1538

CODICE PROVA: Esac5

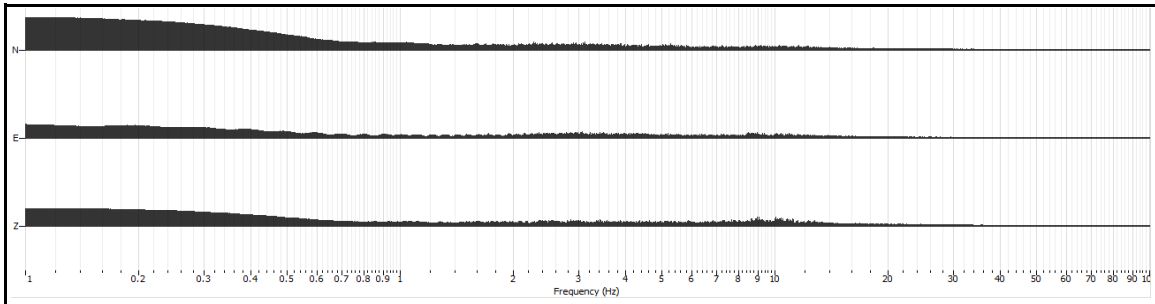
| PARAMETRI DI ACQUISIZIONE | |
|----------------------------|------------|
| Apparecchiatura di misura | Sara SL 07 |
| Lunghezza registrazione | 20 min |
| Fine registrazione | 00:00:00 |
| Frequenza di campionamento | 200 Hz |

| PARAMETRI DI ELABORAZIONE | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Windows lenght (sec) | 20 |
| Overlap | 5% |
| Smoothing windows | Konno & Ohmachi |
| Costant | 40 |
| Taper | 0.5% |
| Low Pass | 15 Hz |
| N° of windows | 50 |

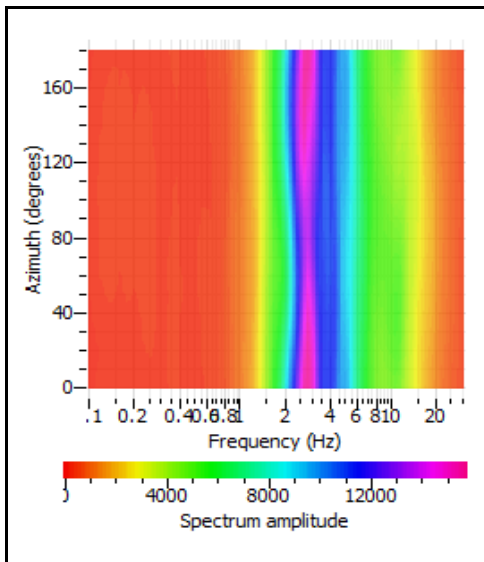
RECORD (Time)



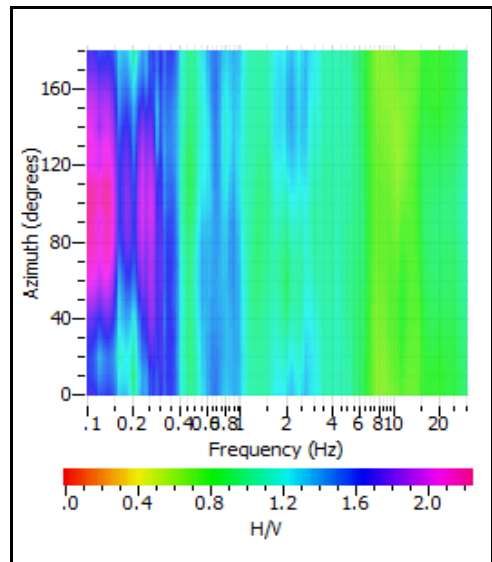
RECORD (Frequency)



HORIZONTAL SPECTRUM ROTATE



HV ROTATE RESULTS

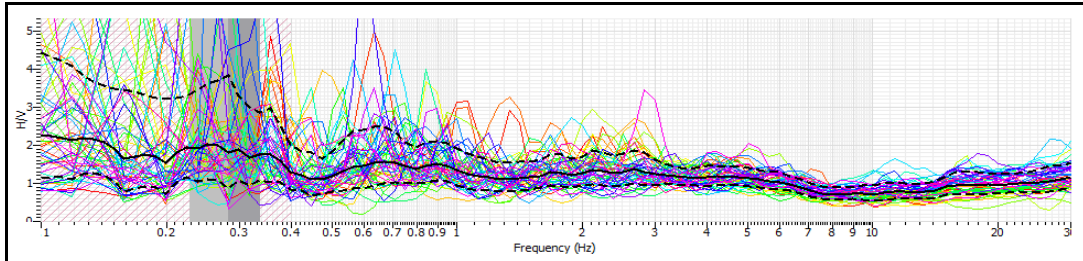


RAPPORTO SPETTRALE A STAZIONE SINGOLA (HVSR)

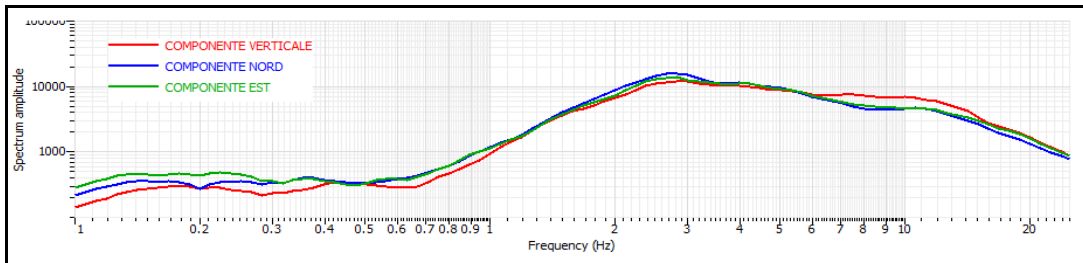
CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola
CODICE LAVORO 1538
CODICE PROVA Esac5

RAPPORTO SPETTRALE H/V

Max HVSR 0.28 ± 0.05 Hz. A0 = 2.22



SPETTRO SINGOLE COMPONENTI



Criteri per una curva H/V affidabile

[tutti 3 dovrebbero risultare soddisfatti]

| | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---|---|
| f0 | 0.28 | | |
| Lw | 20 | | |
| nw | 71 | | |
| f0 > 10 / Lw | 0.28 > 10/20 | | ☒ |
| nc (f0) > 200 | 397.6 > 200 | ☑ | |
| $\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5 f_0 < f < 2 f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5$ Hz | Exceeded 0 out of 100 times | ☑ | |
| $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5 f_0 < f < 2 f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5$ Hz | | | |

Criteri per un picco H/V chiaro

[almeno 5 su 6 dovrebbero essere soddisfatti]

| | | | |
|--|------------------|---|---|
| Exists f in [f0/4, f0] AH/V(f) < A0/2 | 0 Hz | | ☒ |
| Exists f+ in [4f0, f0] AH/V(f+) < A0/2 | 0 Hz | | ☒ |
| A0 > 2 | 2.22 > 2 | ☑ | |
| fpeak [AH/V(f) ± σA(f)] = f0 ± 5% | < 0.05 | ☑ | |
| σf < ε(f0) | 0.054068 < 0.056 | ☑ | |
| σA(f0) < θ(f0) | 0.742255 < 2.5 | ☑ | |

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Lw | Window length |
| nW | Number of windows used in the analysis |
| nc = Lw nW f0 | Number of significant cycles |
| f | Current frequency |
| f0 | H/V peak frequency |
| σf | Standard deviation of H/V peak frequency |
| ε(f0) | Threshold value for the stability condition of ε(f0) |
| A0 | H/V peak amplitude at frequency f0 |
| AH/V(f) | H/V curve amplitude at frequency f |
| f- | Frequency between f0/4 and f0 for which AH/V(f-) < A0/2 |
| f+ | Frequency between f0 and 4f0 for which AH/V(f+) < A0/2 |
| σA(f) | Standard deviation of AH/V(f), σA(f) is the factor by which the mean AH/V(f) curve should be multiplier or divided |
| σlogH/V(f) | Standard deviation of log AH/V(f) curve |
| θ(f0) | Threshold value for the stability condition σA(f) < θ(f0) |

Threshold value for σf and σA(f0)

| Freq. Range [Hz] | < 0.2 | 0.2 - 0.5 | 0.5 - 1.0 | 1.0 - 2.0 | > 2.0 |
|---------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| ε(f0) (Hz) | 0.25 f0 | 0.20 f0 | 0.15 f0 | 0.10 f0 | 0.05 f0 |
| θ(f0) for σA(f0) | 3.00 | 2.50 | 2.00 | 1.78 | 1.58 |
| Log θ(f0) for σlogH/V(f0) | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.20 |

ANALISI CONGIUNTA PROVA ESAC - HVSR

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola

CODICE LAVORO 1538

CODICE PROVA Esac5

LOCALITA': Via Valnemorosa - San Martino Spino

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

LONGITUDINE: 676176.30 m

LATITUDINE: 4978096.72 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 9

AZIMUT 45°

APPARECCHIATURA ESAC: Geometrics GEODE

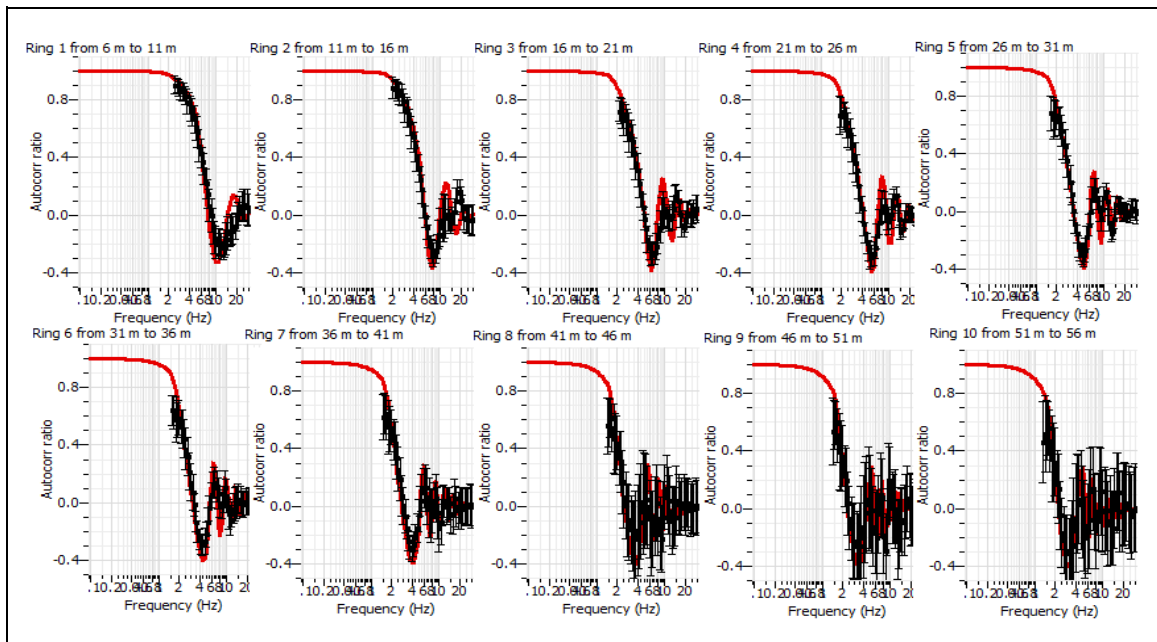
APPARECCHIATURA HVSR: SARA SL 07

N°CANALI 24

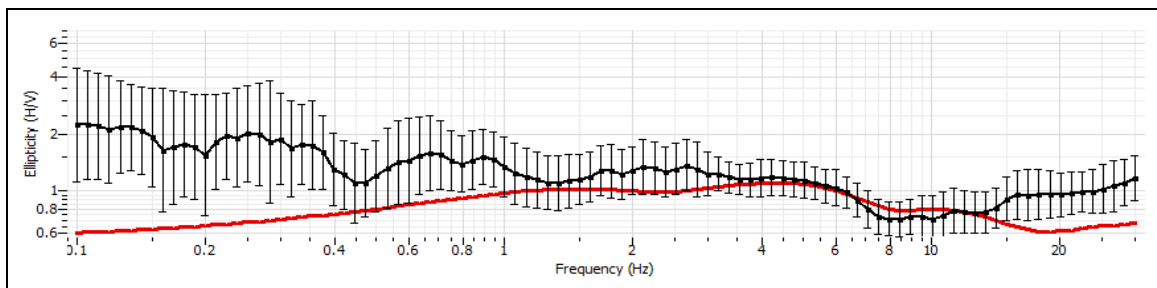
SPACING 5 m.

RECORD TIME (min) 18

VERTICAL RINGS AUTOCORRELATION



ELLIPTICITY AUTOCORRELATION CURVES



ANALISI CONGIUNTA PROVA ESAC - HVSR

CLIENTE Comune di Mirandola

CODICE LAVORO 1538

CODICE PROVA Esac5

LOCALITA': Via Valnemorosa - San Martino Spino

DATA PROVA: 13/01/2015

LONGITUDINE: 676176.30 m

LATITUDINE: 4978096.72 m

QUOTA (m.s.l.m.): 9

AZIMUT 45°

APPARECCHIATURA ESAC: Geometrics GEODE

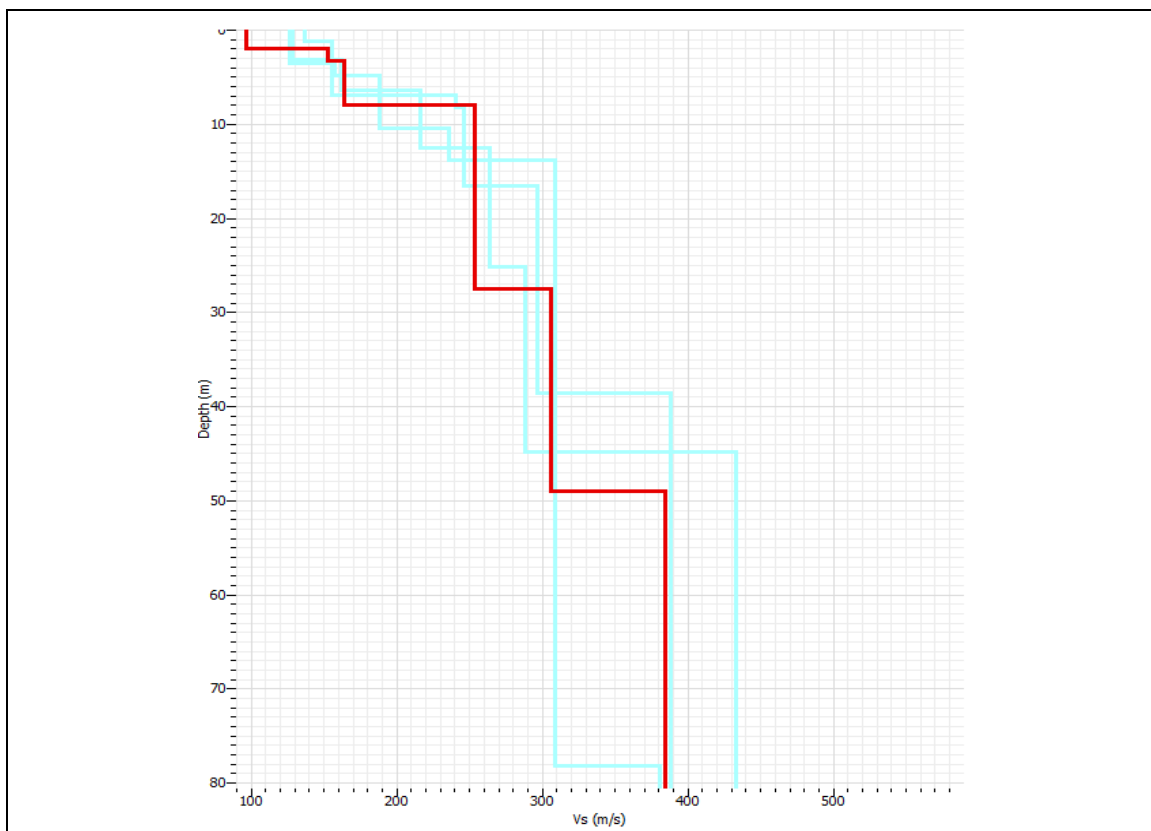
APPARECCHIATURA HVSR: SARA SL 07

N°CANALI 24

SPACING 5 m.

RECORD TIME (min) 18

PROFILO VELOCITÀ ONDE DI TAGLIO



CALCOLO VS 30

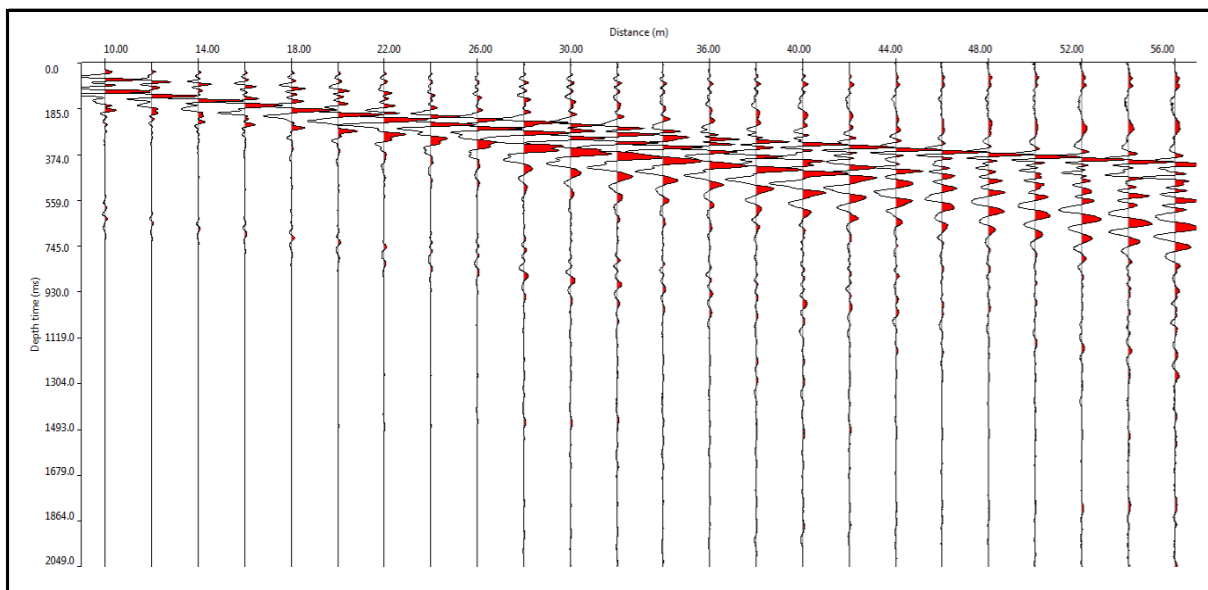
| SPESSORE | PROFONDITA' | Vs | SPESSORE/Vs |
|----------|-------------|-----|-------------|
| 2.15 | 0 | 96 | 0.022395833 |
| 1.13 | 2.15 | 152 | 0.007434211 |
| 4.65 | 3.28 | 163 | 0.028527607 |
| 22.07 | 7.93 | 253 | 0.087233202 |

0.145590853

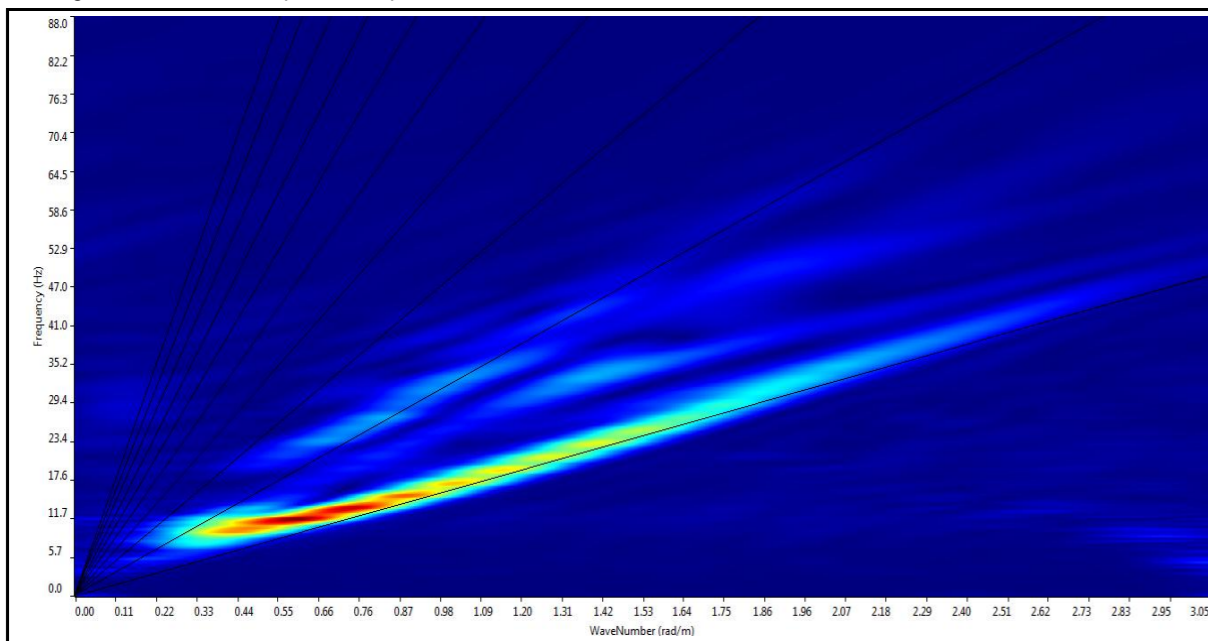
$$V_{S30} = 206$$

Seismic classification of soils
(It. D.M. 14/01/2008)

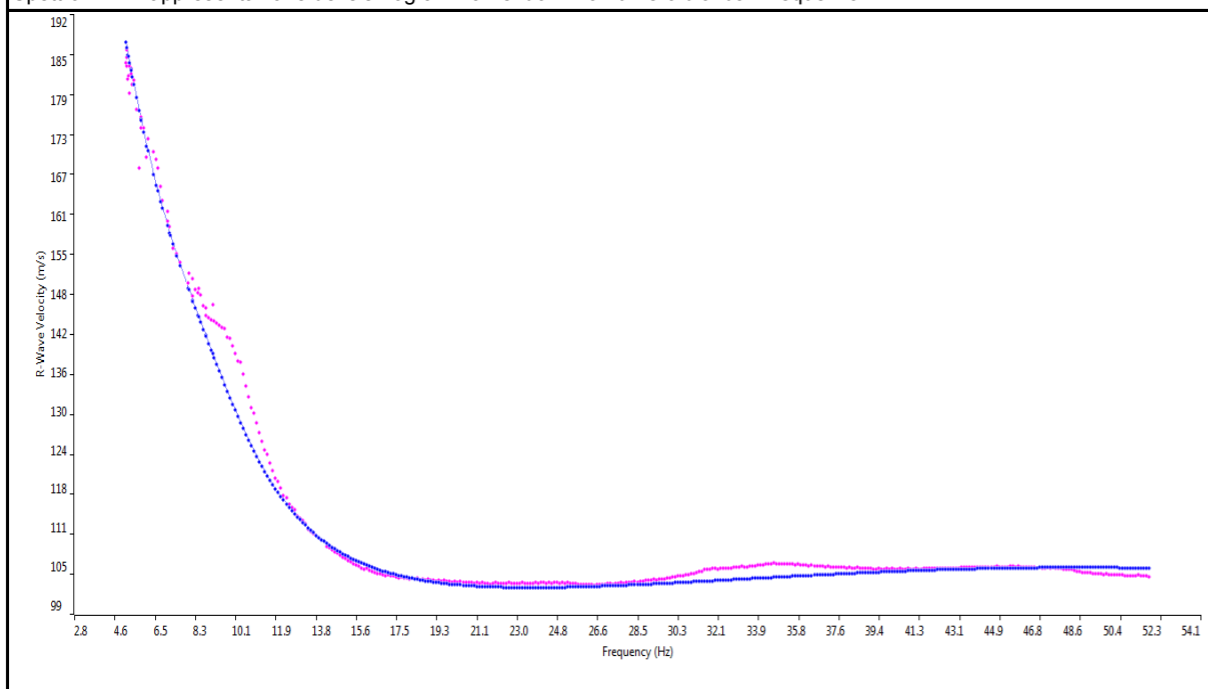
C



Sismogramma nel dominio spazio - tempo



Spettro FK - Rappresentazione del sismogramma nel dominio numero d'onda - frequenza



Sovrapposizione curva di dispersione calcolata / curva teorica rappresentata nel dominio Frequenza/Velocità

V_{S30} calcolata in base al art. 3.2.2. del NTC08

Prof. posa fondazione in m da pc= 0

$$V_{S_{0/30}} = 185 \text{ m/sec}$$

PROFONDITA' FONDAZIONE COMUNICATA DAL PROGETTISTA/COMMITTENTE

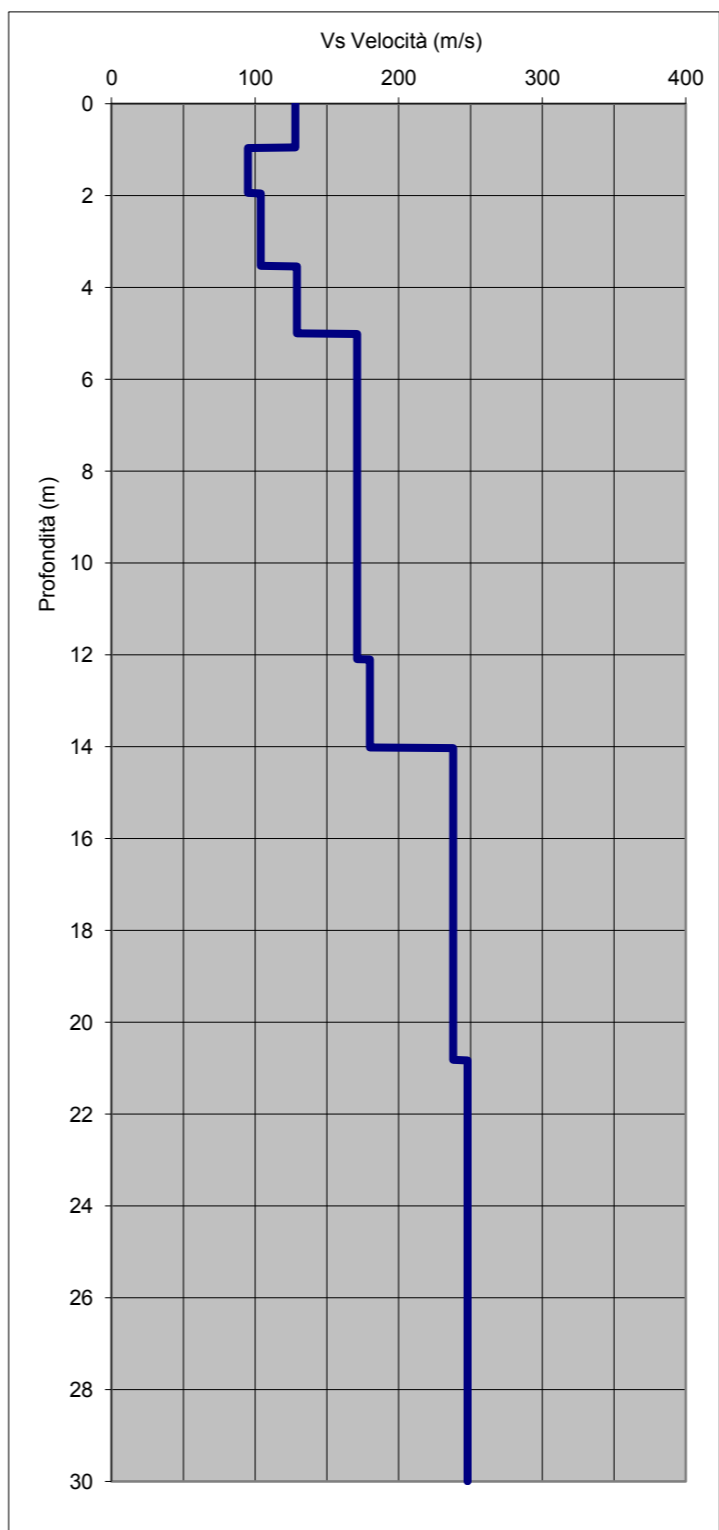


Grafico velocità/profondità onde di taglio Vs

Risultati elaborazione

| Strato | Profondità da | Profondità a | Spessore m | Vel m/sec |
|---------|---------------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| Strato1 | 0,00 | 0,95 | 0,95 | 128 |
| Strato2 | 0,95 | 1,94 | 0,99 | 95 |
| Strato3 | 1,94 | 3,53 | 1,59 | 104 |
| Strato4 | 3,53 | 5,00 | 1,47 | 129 |
| Strato5 | 5,00 | 12,09 | 7,09 | 171 |
| Strato6 | 12,09 | 14,02 | 1,93 | 180 |
| Strato7 | 14,02 | 20,82 | 6,80 | 238 |
| Strato8 | 20,82 | 30,00 | 9,18 | 248 |

$$V_{S_{30}} = \frac{30}{\sum_{i=1,N} \frac{h_i}{V_{S_i}}}$$

$$V_{S_{30}} = 185 \text{ m/sec}$$

velocità calcolata dal p.c. naturale

Si ricorda che in base all'art 3.2.2 del DM 14 gennaio 2008 la V_{S30} di progetto è riferita al piano di imposta delle fondazioni superficiali o alla testa dei pali in caso di fondazioni profonde od opere di sostegno di terreni naturali.

Caratteristiche Indagine

Ubicazione indagine

| | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|
| Sismografo | PASI SG24 |
| Geofoni | Geospace |
| N° geofoni a 4,5Hz | 24 |
| Spaziatura geofoni | 2,0 m |
| Lunghezza stendimento geofonico | 46 m |
| Energizzazione | 10 m |
| Lunghezza totale stendimento | 56 m |

**PROSPERAZIONE SISMICA DI SUPERFICIE
METODOLOGIA MASW**

COMMITTENTE:

Comune di Mirandola (MO)

LOCALITA':

Mirandola (MO)

CANTIERE:

PSC via Bosco

DATA: Febbraio 2015

FILE: MW_Mirandola

Dir. Lavori:

Dr. Geol. Gabriele Tarabusi

Rif. 012_15

TECNOGEOFISICA snc

Via S. Catania, 1/a

41012 Carpi (MO)

info@tecnogeo fisica.com

www.tecnogeo fisica.com

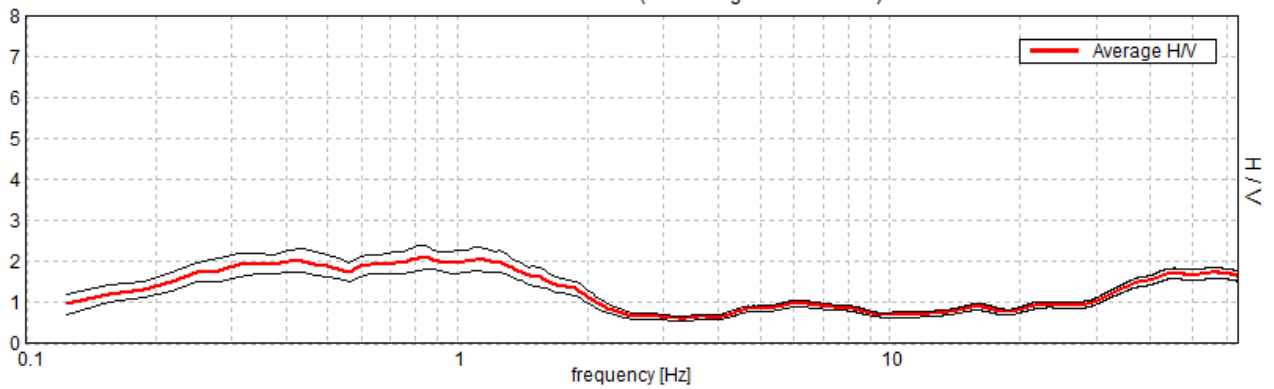
MIRANDOLA PSC, HVS1 (Area ANS_2.2)

Instrument: TRS-0025/01-07
 Data format: 16 byte
 Full scale [mV]: n.a.
 Start recording: 26/01/15 10:44:08 End recording: 26/01/15 11:04:09
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

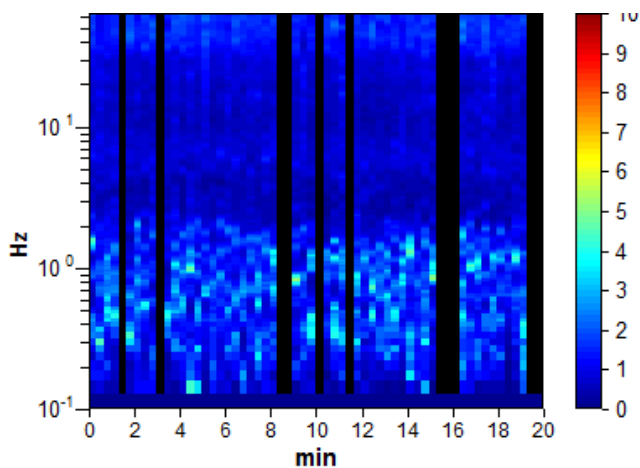
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 85% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

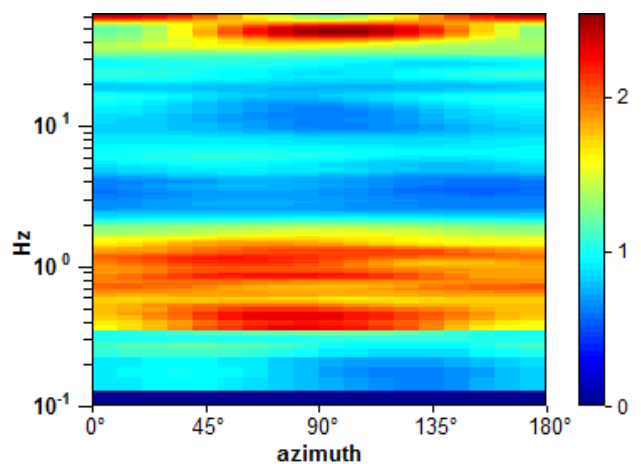
Max. H/V at 0.84 ± 0.33 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).



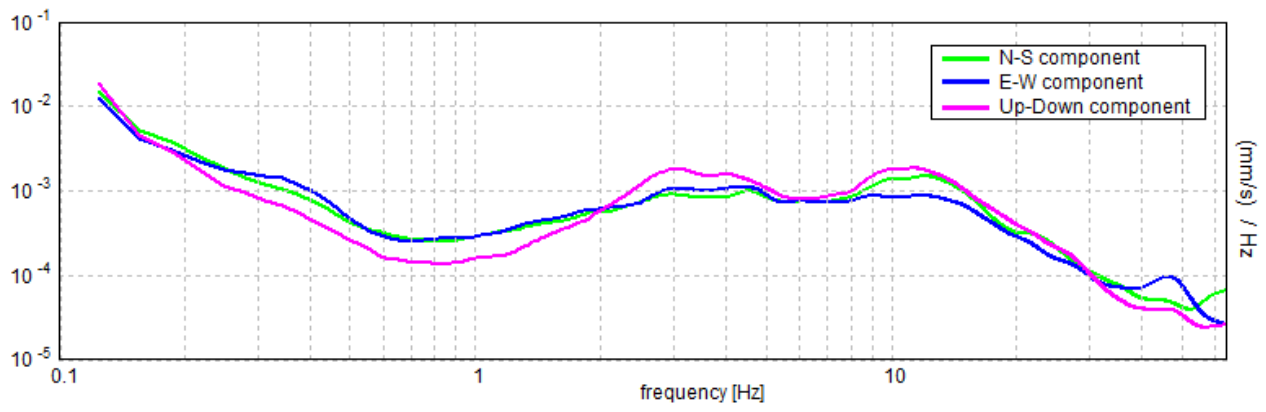
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. **Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.**]

Max. H/V at 0.84 ± 0.33 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).

| Criteria for a reliable H/V curve [All 3 should be fulfilled] | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| $f_0 > 10 / L_w$ | 0.84 > 0.50 | OK | |
| $n_c(f_0) > 200$ | 826.9 > 200 | OK | |
| $\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$ | Exceeded 0 out of 42 times | OK | |
| Criteria for a clear H/V peak [At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled] | | | |
| Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$ | | | NO |
| Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$ | 2.063 Hz | OK | |
| $A_0 > 2$ | 2.12 > 2 | OK | |
| $f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$ | $ 0.39046 < 0.05$ | | NO |
| $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ | $0.32945 < 0.12656$ | | NO |
| $\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$ | $0.2814 < 2.0$ | OK | |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| L_w | window length |
| n_w | number of windows used in the analysis |
| $n_c = L_w n_w f_0$ | number of significant cycles |
| f | current frequency |
| f_0 | H/V peak frequency |
| σ_f | standard deviation of H/V peak frequency |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ |
| A_0 | H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0 |
| $A_{H/V}(f)$ | H/V curve amplitude at frequency f |
| f^- | frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$ |
| f^+ | frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$ |
| $\sigma_A(f)$ | standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided |
| $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$ | standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve |
| $\theta(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$ |

| Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | | | | | |
|---|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| Freq. range [Hz] | < 0.2 | 0.2 – 0.5 | 0.5 – 1.0 | 1.0 – 2.0 | > 2.0 |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz] | 0.25 f_0 | 0.2 f_0 | 0.15 f_0 | 0.10 f_0 | 0.05 f_0 |
| $\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.78 | 1.58 |
| $\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$ | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.20 |

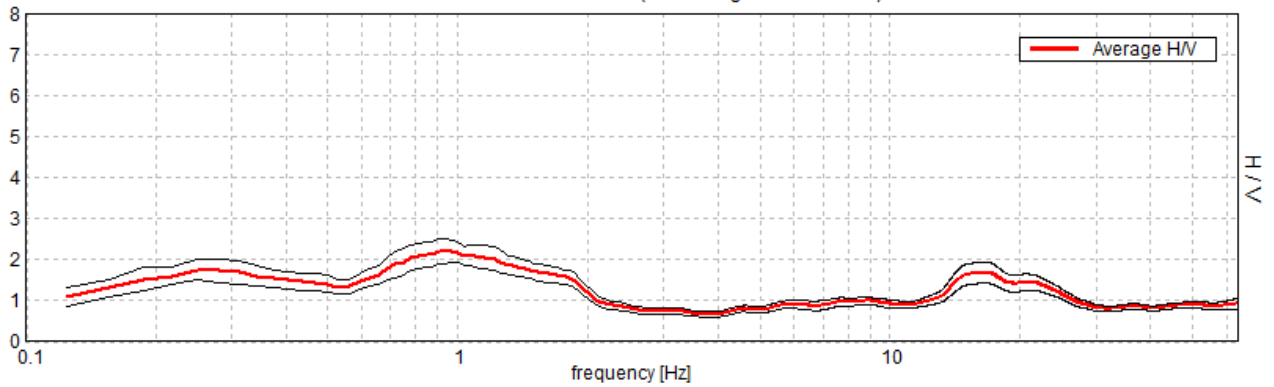
MIRANDOLA PSC, HVSR2 (Area ASP_N1)

Instrument: TEN-0029/01-07
 Data format: 16 byte
 Full scale [mV]: n.a.
 Start recording: 26/01/15 10:11:07 End recording: 26/01/15 10:31:08
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

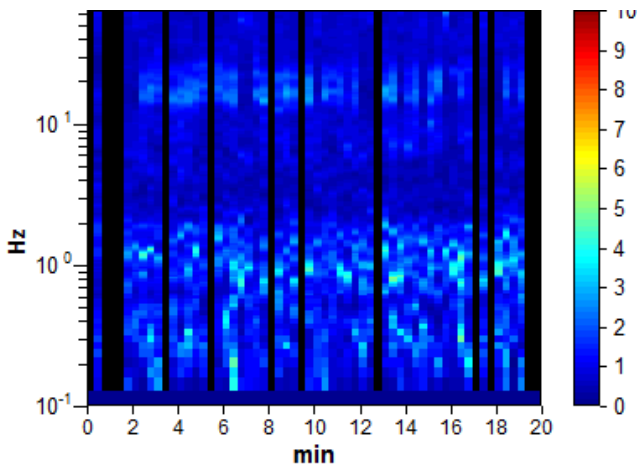
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 82% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

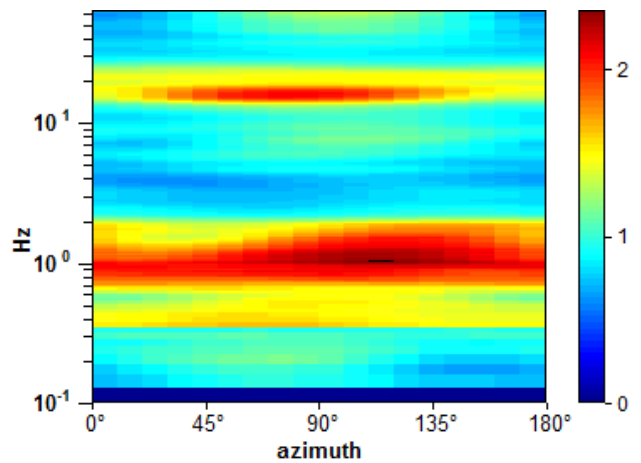
Max. H/V at 0.97 ± 0.26 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).



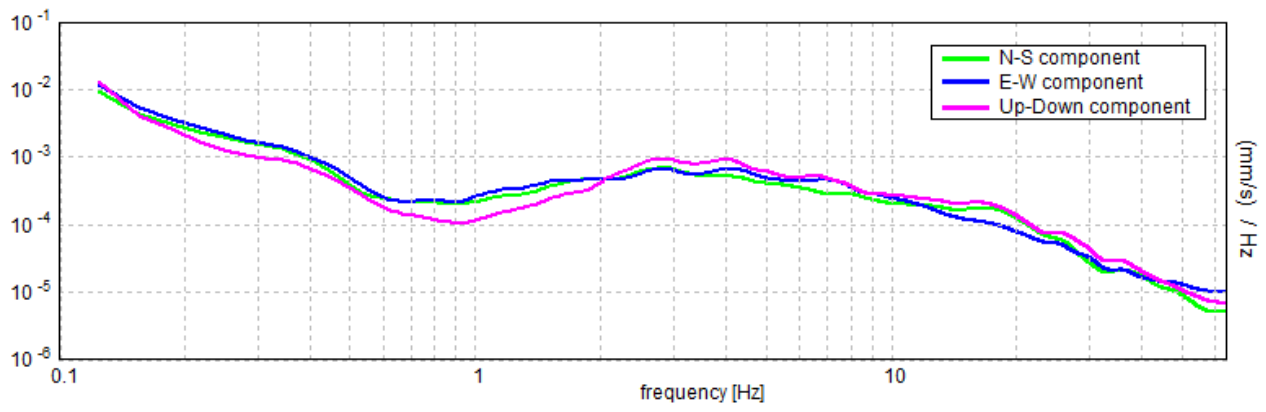
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. **Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.**]

Max. H/V at 0.97 ± 0.26 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).

| Criteria for a reliable H/V curve [All 3 should be fulfilled] | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| $f_0 > 10 / L_w$ | $0.97 > 0.50$ | OK | |
| $n_c(f_0) > 200$ | $910.6 > 200$ | OK | |
| $\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$ | Exceeded 0 out of 48 times | OK | |
| Criteria for a clear H/V peak [At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled] | | | |
| Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$ | | | NO |
| Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$ | 2.063 Hz | OK | |
| $A_0 > 2$ | $2.21 > 2$ | OK | |
| $f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$ | $ 0.27279 < 0.05$ | | NO |
| $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ | $0.26426 < 0.14531$ | | NO |
| $\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$ | $0.2709 < 2.0$ | OK | |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| L_w | window length |
| n_w | number of windows used in the analysis |
| $n_c = L_w n_w f_0$ | number of significant cycles |
| f | current frequency |
| f_0 | H/V peak frequency |
| σ_f | standard deviation of H/V peak frequency |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ |
| A_0 | H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0 |
| $A_{H/V}(f)$ | H/V curve amplitude at frequency f |
| f^- | frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$ |
| f^+ | frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$ |
| $\sigma_A(f)$ | standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided |
| $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$ | standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve |
| $\theta(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$ |

| Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | | | | | |
|---|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| Freq. range [Hz] | < 0.2 | 0.2 – 0.5 | 0.5 – 1.0 | 1.0 – 2.0 | > 2.0 |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz] | $0.25 f_0$ | $0.2 f_0$ | $0.15 f_0$ | $0.10 f_0$ | $0.05 f_0$ |
| $\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.78 | 1.58 |
| $\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$ | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.20 |

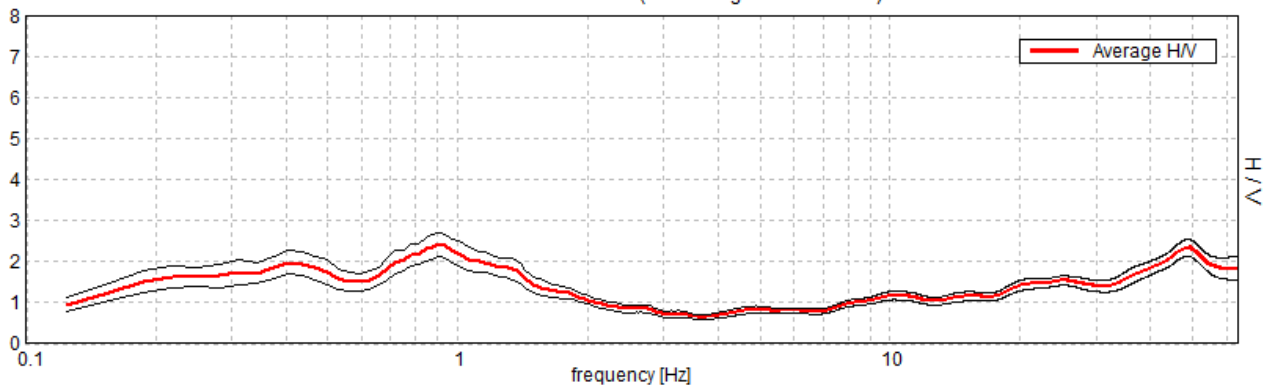
MIRANDOLA PSC, HVSR3 (Area ASP_N4)

Instrument: TRS-0025/01-07
 Data format: 16 byte
 Full scale [mV]: n.a.
 Start recording: 26/01/15 10:12:51 End recording: 26/01/15 10:32:52
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

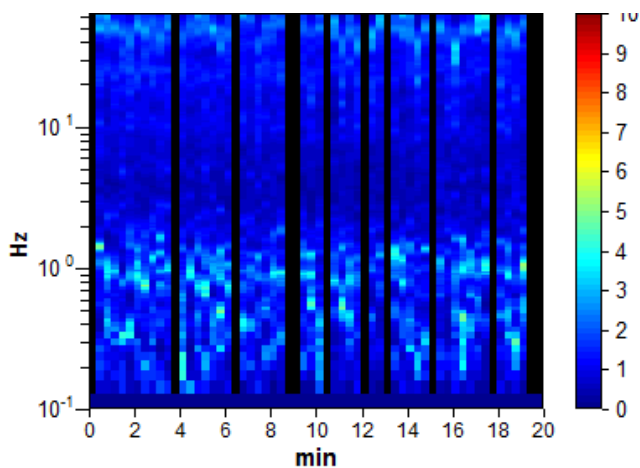
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 83% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

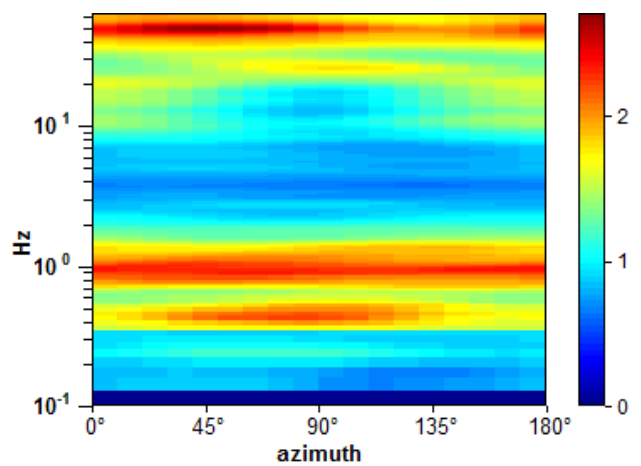
Max. H/V at 0.91 ± 0.23 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).



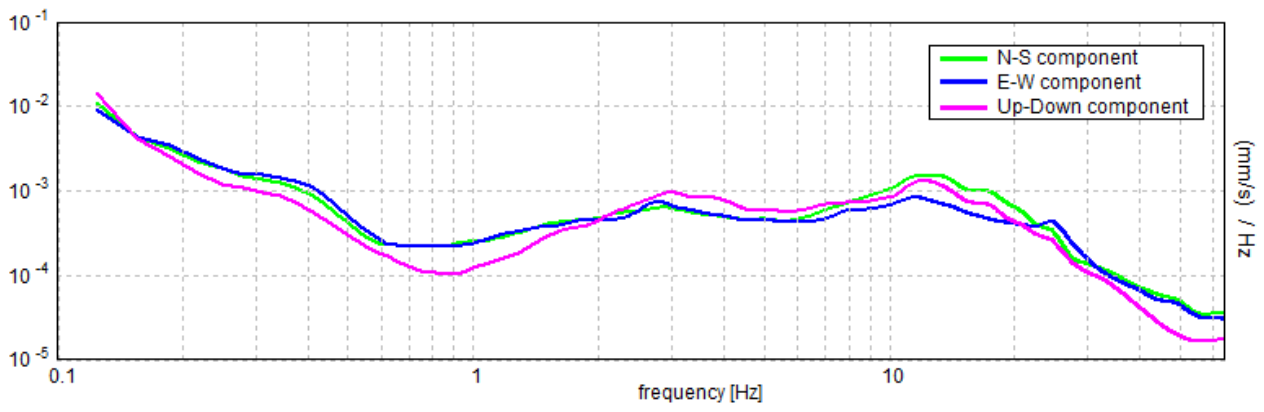
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. **Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.**]

Max. H/V at 0.91 ± 0.23 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).

| Criteria for a reliable H/V curve [All 3 should be fulfilled] | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| $f_0 > 10 / L_w$ | 0.91 > 0.50 | OK | |
| $n_c(f_0) > 200$ | 870.0 > 200 | OK | |
| $\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$ | Exceeded 0 out of 44 times | OK | |
| Criteria for a clear H/V peak [At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled] | | | |
| Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$ | | | NO |
| Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$ | 1.844 Hz | OK | |
| $A_0 > 2$ | 2.41 > 2 | OK | |
| $f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$ | 0.2566 < 0.05 | | NO |
| $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ | 0.23254 < 0.13594 | | NO |
| $\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$ | 0.3027 < 2.0 | OK | |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| L_w | window length |
| n_w | number of windows used in the analysis |
| $n_c = L_w n_w f_0$ | number of significant cycles |
| f | current frequency |
| f_0 | H/V peak frequency |
| σ_f | standard deviation of H/V peak frequency |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ |
| A_0 | H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0 |
| $A_{H/V}(f)$ | H/V curve amplitude at frequency f |
| f^- | frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$ |
| f^+ | frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$ |
| $\sigma_A(f)$ | standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided |
| $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$ | standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve |
| $\theta(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$ |

| Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | | | | | |
|---|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| Freq. range [Hz] | < 0.2 | 0.2 – 0.5 | 0.5 – 1.0 | 1.0 – 2.0 | > 2.0 |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz] | 0.25 f_0 | 0.2 f_0 | 0.15 f_0 | 0.10 f_0 | 0.05 f_0 |
| $\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.78 | 1.58 |
| $\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$ | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.20 |

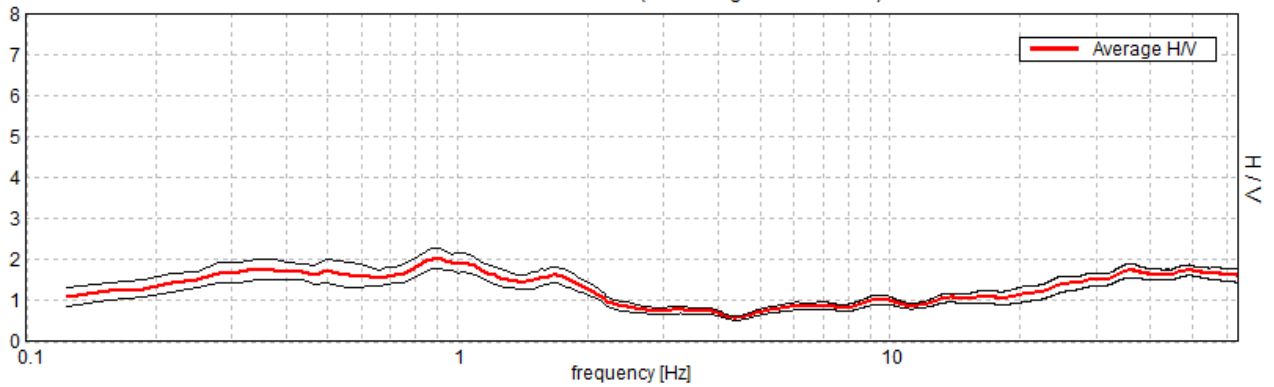
MIRANDOLA PSC, HVSR4 (Area ASP_N5)

Instrument: TEN-0029/01-07
 Data format: 16 byte
 Full scale [mV]: n.a.
 Start recording: 26/01/15 09:41:43 End recording: 26/01/15 10:01:44
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

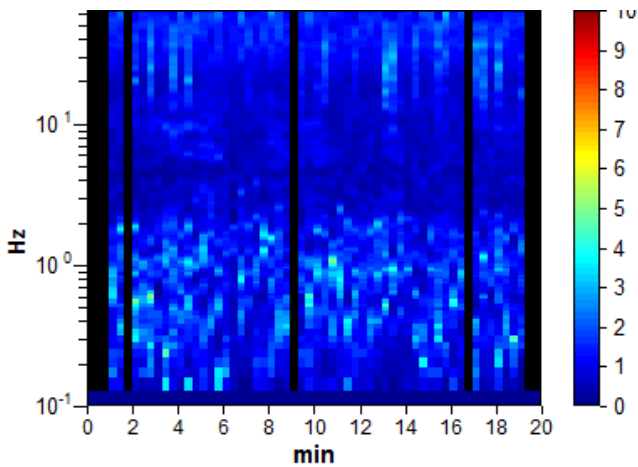
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 90% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

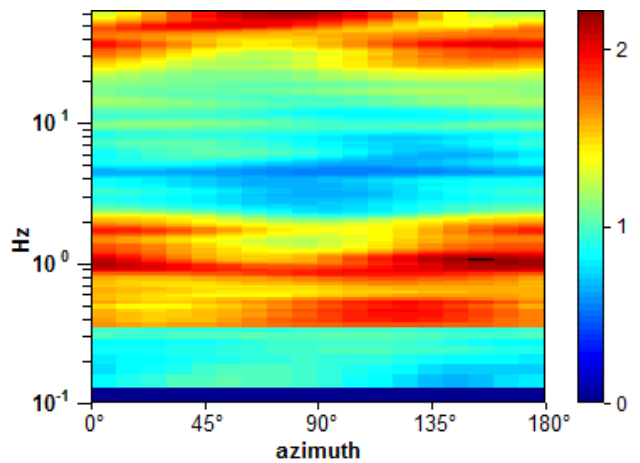
Max. H/V at 0.91 ± 0.27 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).



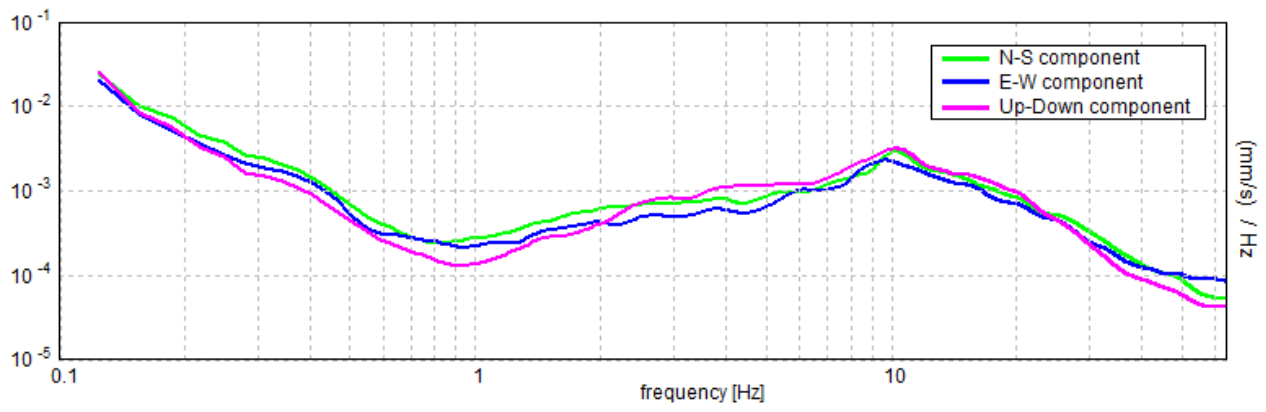
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. **Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.**]

Max. H/V at 0.91 ± 0.27 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).

| Criteria for a reliable H/V curve [All 3 should be fulfilled] | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| $f_0 > 10 / L_w$ | 0.91 > 0.50 | OK | |
| $n_c(f_0) > 200$ | 942.5 > 200 | OK | |
| $\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$ | Exceeded 0 out of 44 times | OK | |
| Criteria for a clear H/V peak [At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled] | | | |
| Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$ | | | NO |
| Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$ | 2.219 Hz | OK | |
| $A_0 > 2$ | 2.03 > 2 | OK | |
| $f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$ | $ 0.29509 < 0.05$ | | NO |
| $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ | $0.26742 < 0.13594$ | | NO |
| $\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$ | $0.2501 < 2.0$ | OK | |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| L_w | window length |
| n_w | number of windows used in the analysis |
| $n_c = L_w n_w f_0$ | number of significant cycles |
| f | current frequency |
| f_0 | H/V peak frequency |
| σ_f | standard deviation of H/V peak frequency |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ |
| A_0 | H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0 |
| $A_{H/V}(f)$ | H/V curve amplitude at frequency f |
| f^- | frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$ |
| f^+ | frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$ |
| $\sigma_A(f)$ | standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided |
| $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$ | standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve |
| $\theta(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$ |

| Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | | | | | |
|---|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| Freq. range [Hz] | < 0.2 | 0.2 – 0.5 | 0.5 – 1.0 | 1.0 – 2.0 | > 2.0 |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz] | 0.25 f_0 | 0.2 f_0 | 0.15 f_0 | 0.10 f_0 | 0.05 f_0 |
| $\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.78 | 1.58 |
| $\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$ | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.20 |

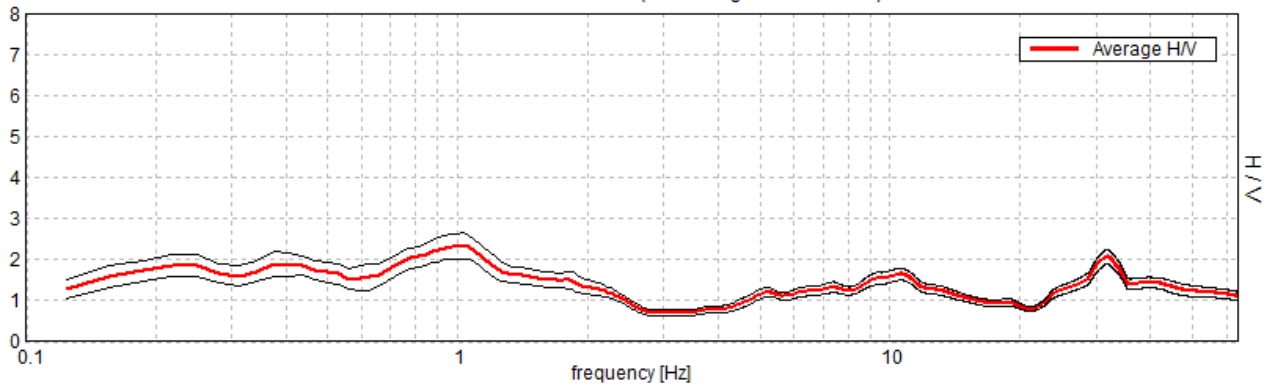
MIRANDOLA PSC, HVSR5 (Area ANS_1.7)

Instrument: TEN-0029/01-07
 Data format: 16 byte
 Full scale [mV]: n.a.
 Start recording: 26/01/15 09:11:27 End recording: 26/01/15 09:31:28
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

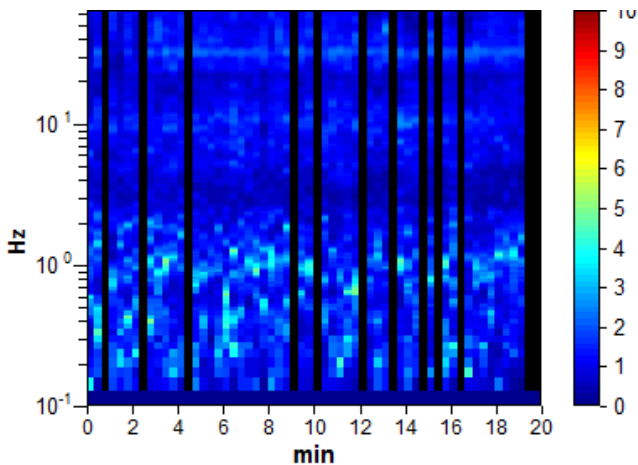
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 83% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

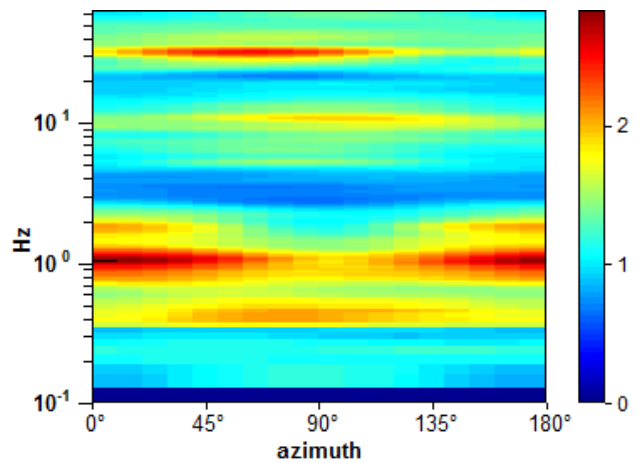
Max. H/V at 1.03 ± 0.39 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).



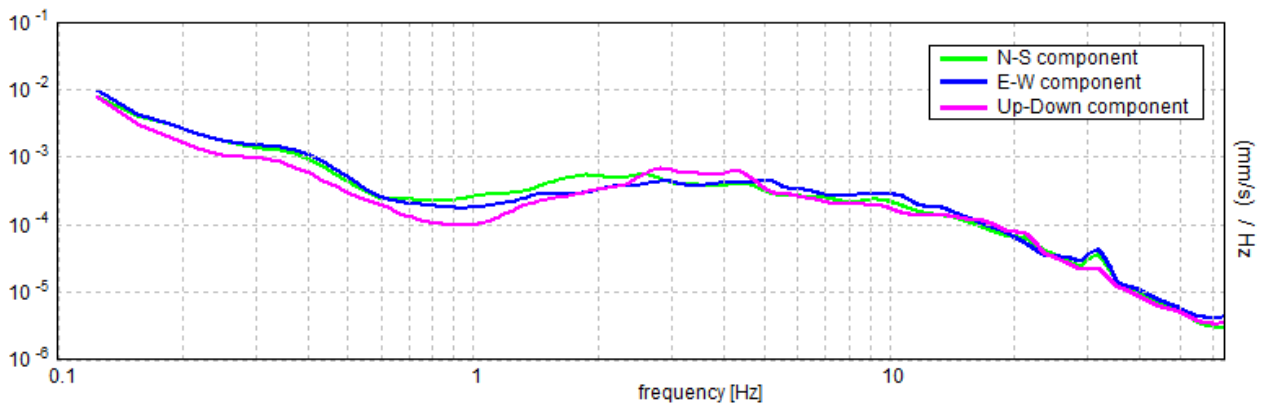
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. **Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.**]

Max. H/V at 1.03 ± 0.39 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).

| Criteria for a reliable H/V curve [All 3 should be fulfilled] | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| $f_0 > 10 / L_w$ | 1.03 > 0.50 | OK | |
| $n_c(f_0) > 200$ | 990.0 > 200 | OK | |
| $\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$ | Exceeded 0 out of 50 times | OK | |
| Criteria for a clear H/V peak [At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled] | | | |
| Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$ | | | NO |
| Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$ | 2.313 Hz | OK | |
| $A_0 > 2$ | 2.33 > 2 | OK | |
| $f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$ | $ 0.38108 < 0.05$ | | NO |
| $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ | $0.39299 < 0.10313$ | | NO |
| $\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$ | $0.3159 < 1.78$ | OK | |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| L_w | window length |
| n_w | number of windows used in the analysis |
| $n_c = L_w n_w f_0$ | number of significant cycles |
| f | current frequency |
| f_0 | H/V peak frequency |
| σ_f | standard deviation of H/V peak frequency |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ |
| A_0 | H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0 |
| $A_{H/V}(f)$ | H/V curve amplitude at frequency f |
| f^- | frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$ |
| f^+ | frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$ |
| $\sigma_A(f)$ | standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided |
| $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$ | standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve |
| $\theta(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$ |

| Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | | | | | |
|---|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| Freq. range [Hz] | < 0.2 | 0.2 – 0.5 | 0.5 – 1.0 | 1.0 – 2.0 | > 2.0 |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz] | $0.25 f_0$ | $0.2 f_0$ | $0.15 f_0$ | $0.10 f_0$ | $0.05 f_0$ |
| $\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.78 | 1.58 |
| $\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$ | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.20 |

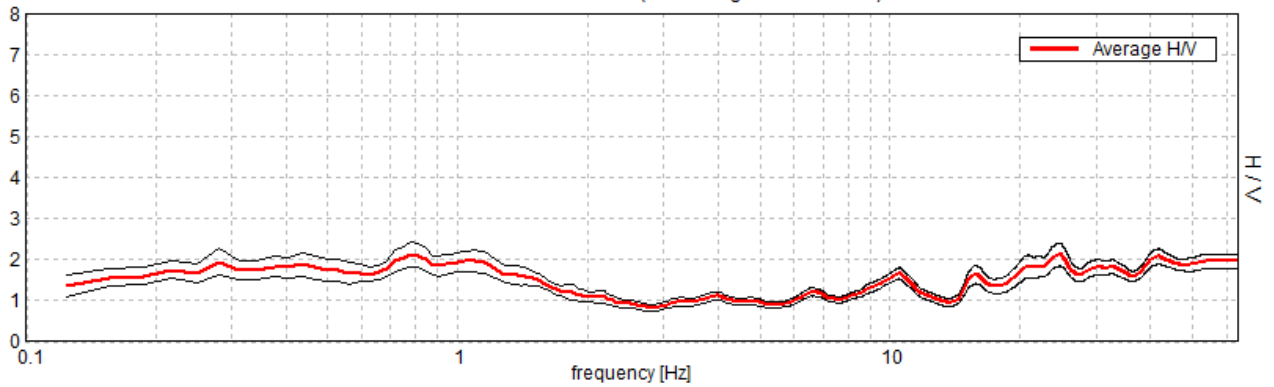
MIRANDOLA PSC, HVSR6 (Area ASP_N7)

Instrument: TRS-0025/01-07
 Data format: 16 byte
 Full scale [mV]: n.a.
 Start recording: 26/01/15 09:03:44 End recording: 26/01/15 09:23:45
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

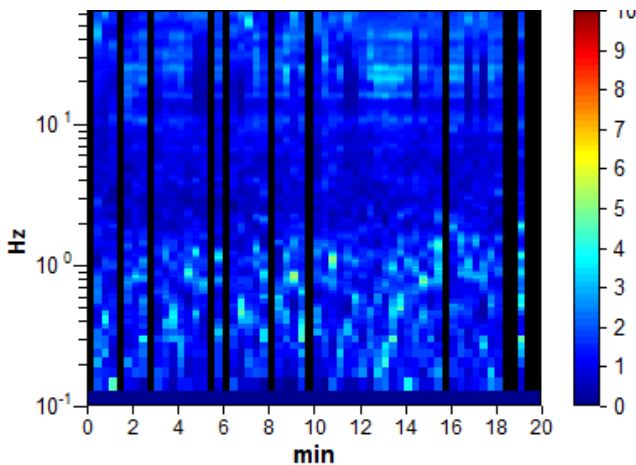
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 82% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

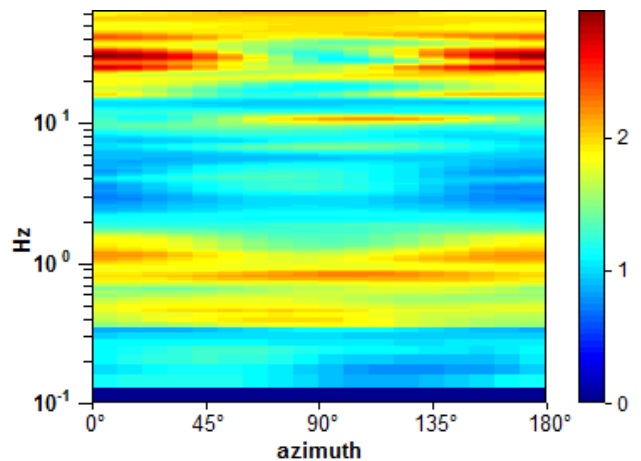
Max. H/V at 0.78 ± 0.29 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).



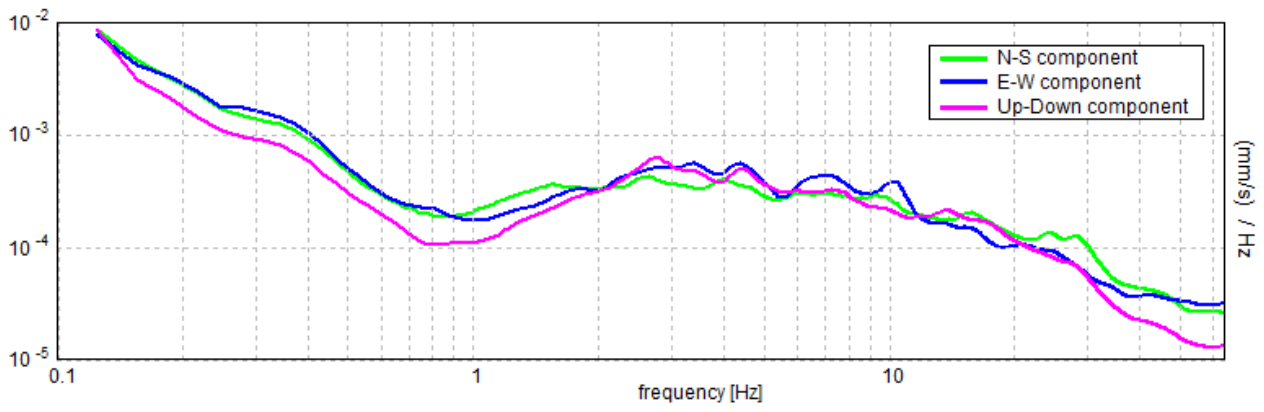
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. **Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.**]

Max. H/V at 0.78 ± 0.29 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).

| Criteria for a reliable H/V curve [All 3 should be fulfilled] | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| $f_0 > 10 / L_w$ | 0.78 > 0.50 | OK | |
| $n_c(f_0) > 200$ | 750.0 > 200 | OK | |
| $\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$ | Exceeded 0 out of 38 times | OK | |
| Criteria for a clear H/V peak [At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled] | | | |
| Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$ | | | NO |
| Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$ | 2.219 Hz | OK | |
| $A_0 > 2$ | 2.13 > 2 | OK | |
| $f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$ | $ 0.37234 < 0.05$ | | NO |
| $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ | 0.29089 < 0.11719 | | NO |
| $\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$ | 0.2997 < 2.0 | OK | |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| L_w | window length |
| n_w | number of windows used in the analysis |
| $n_c = L_w n_w f_0$ | number of significant cycles |
| f | current frequency |
| f_0 | H/V peak frequency |
| σ_f | standard deviation of H/V peak frequency |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ |
| A_0 | H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0 |
| $A_{H/V}(f)$ | H/V curve amplitude at frequency f |
| f^- | frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$ |
| f^+ | frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$ |
| $\sigma_A(f)$ | standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided |
| $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$ | standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve |
| $\theta(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$ |

| Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | | | | | |
|---|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| Freq. range [Hz] | < 0.2 | 0.2 – 0.5 | 0.5 – 1.0 | 1.0 – 2.0 | > 2.0 |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz] | 0.25 f_0 | 0.2 f_0 | 0.15 f_0 | 0.10 f_0 | 0.05 f_0 |
| $\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.78 | 1.58 |
| $\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$ | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.20 |

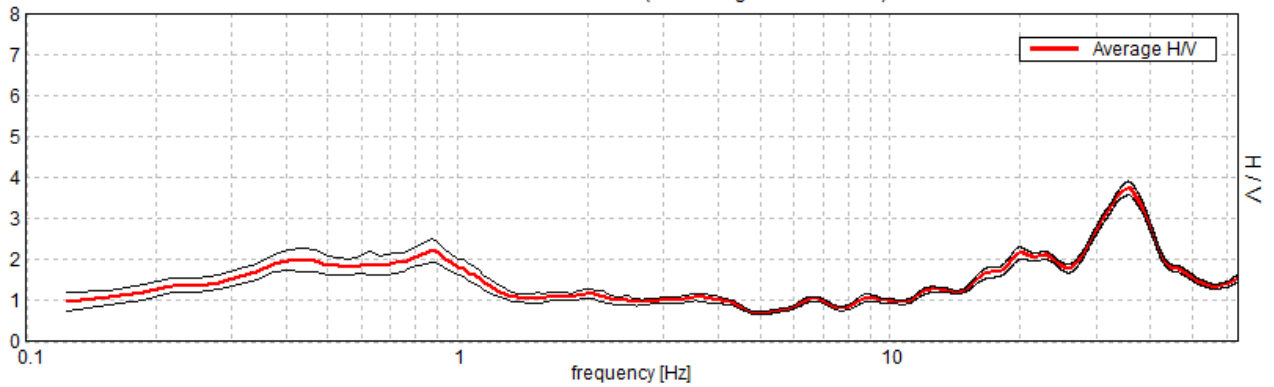
MIRANDOLA PSC, HVS7 (Area ANS_2.7)

Instrument: TRS-0025/01-07
 Data format: 16 byte
 Full scale [mV]: n.a.
 Start recording: 26/01/15 09:38:05 End recording: 26/01/15 09:58:06
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

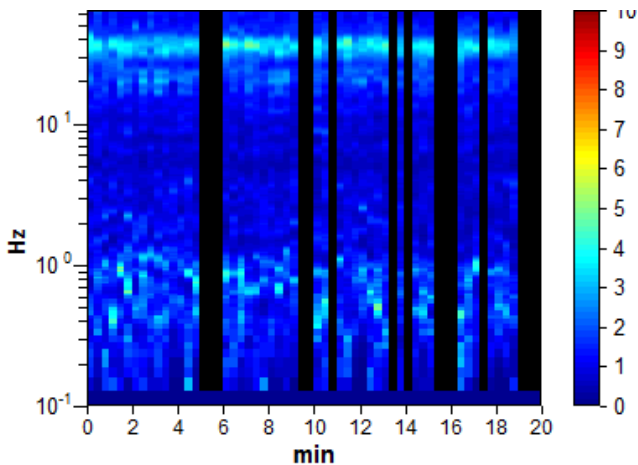
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 75% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

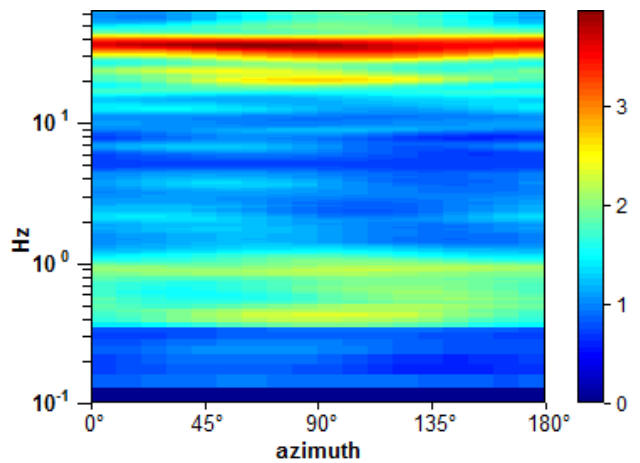
Max. H/V at 0.88 ± 14.25 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).



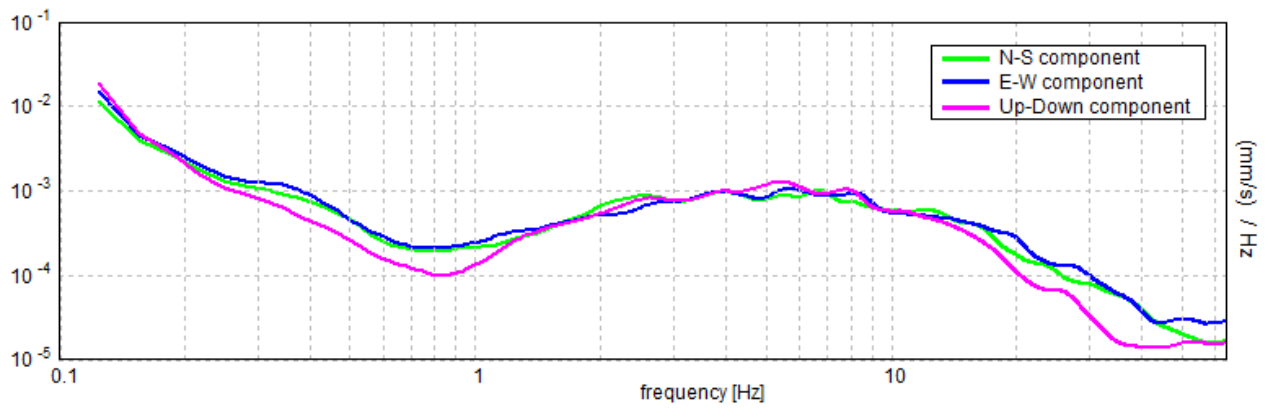
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.88 ± 14.25 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).

| Criteria for a reliable H/V curve [All 3 should be fulfilled] | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| $f_0 > 10 / L_w$ | 0.88 > 0.50 | OK | |
| $n_c(f_0) > 200$ | 787.5 > 200 | OK | |
| $\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$ | Exceeded 0 out of 43 times | OK | |
| Criteria for a clear H/V peak [At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled] | | | |
| Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$ | | | NO |
| Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$ | 1.344 Hz | OK | |
| $A_0 > 2$ | 2.23 > 2 | OK | |
| $f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$ | 16.28093 < 0.05 | | NO |
| $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ | 14.24581 < 0.13125 | | NO |
| $\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$ | 0.2857 < 2.0 | OK | |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| L_w | window length |
| n_w | number of windows used in the analysis |
| $n_c = L_w n_w f_0$ | number of significant cycles |
| f | current frequency |
| f_0 | H/V peak frequency |
| σ_f | standard deviation of H/V peak frequency |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ |
| A_0 | H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0 |
| $A_{H/V}(f)$ | H/V curve amplitude at frequency f |
| f^- | frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$ |
| f^+ | frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$ |
| $\sigma_A(f)$ | standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided |
| $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$ | standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve |
| $\theta(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$ |

| Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | | | | | |
|---|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| Freq. range [Hz] | < 0.2 | 0.2 – 0.5 | 0.5 – 1.0 | 1.0 – 2.0 | > 2.0 |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz] | 0.25 f_0 | 0.2 f_0 | 0.15 f_0 | 0.10 f_0 | 0.05 f_0 |
| $\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.78 | 1.58 |
| $\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$ | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.20 |

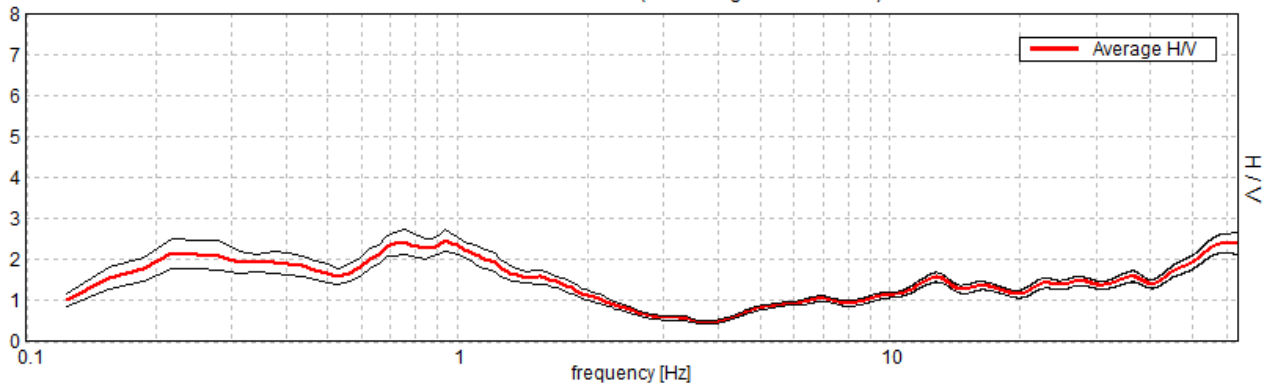
MIRANDOLA PSC, HVSR8 (Area ANS_1.10)

Instrument: TRS-0025/01-07
 Data format: 16 byte
 Full scale [mV]: n.a.
 Start recording: 26/01/15 13:45:55 End recording: 26/01/15 14:05:56
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

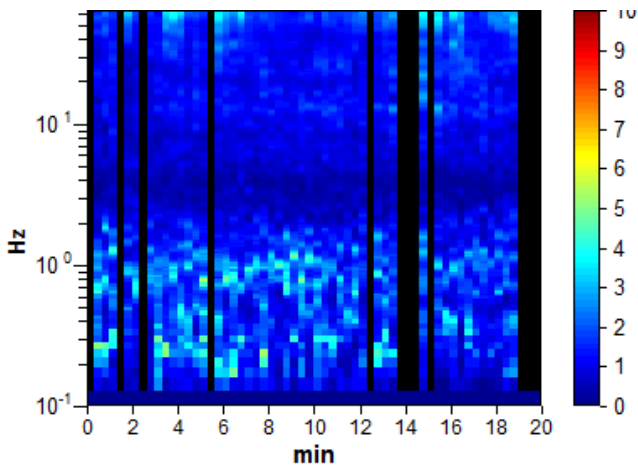
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 80% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

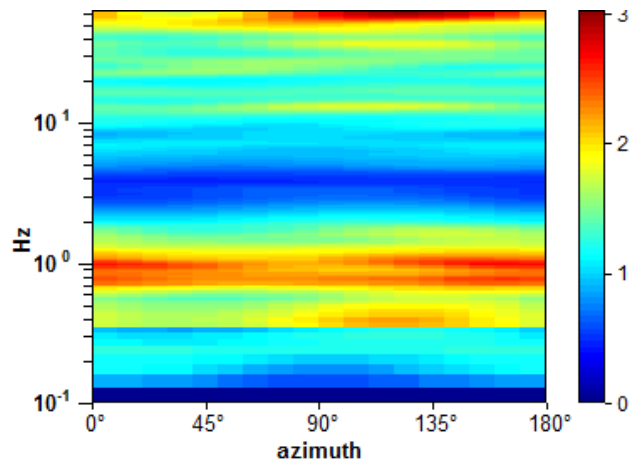
Max. H/V at 0.94 ± 0.42 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).



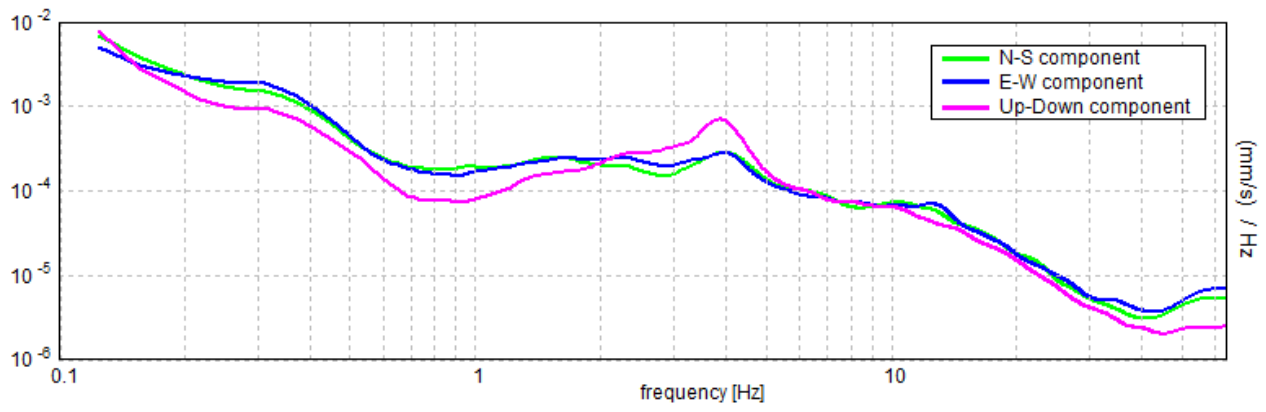
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. **Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.**]

Max. H/V at 0.94 ± 0.42 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).

| Criteria for a reliable H/V curve [All 3 should be fulfilled] | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| $f_0 > 10 / L_w$ | 0.94 > 0.50 | OK | |
| $n_c(f_0) > 200$ | 900.0 > 200 | OK | |
| $\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$ | Exceeded 0 out of 46 times | OK | |
| Criteria for a clear H/V peak [At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled] | | | |
| Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$ | | | NO |
| Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$ | 1.906 Hz | OK | |
| $A_0 > 2$ | 2.47 > 2 | OK | |
| $f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$ | 0.44959 < 0.05 | | NO |
| $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ | 0.42149 < 0.14063 | | NO |
| $\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$ | 0.2594 < 2.0 | OK | |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| L_w | window length |
| n_w | number of windows used in the analysis |
| $n_c = L_w n_w f_0$ | number of significant cycles |
| f | current frequency |
| f_0 | H/V peak frequency |
| σ_f | standard deviation of H/V peak frequency |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ |
| A_0 | H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0 |
| $A_{H/V}(f)$ | H/V curve amplitude at frequency f |
| f^- | frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$ |
| f^+ | frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$ |
| $\sigma_A(f)$ | standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided |
| $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$ | standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve |
| $\theta(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$ |

| Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | | | | | |
|---|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| Freq. range [Hz] | < 0.2 | 0.2 – 0.5 | 0.5 – 1.0 | 1.0 – 2.0 | > 2.0 |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz] | 0.25 f_0 | 0.2 f_0 | 0.15 f_0 | 0.10 f_0 | 0.05 f_0 |
| $\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.78 | 1.58 |
| $\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$ | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.20 |

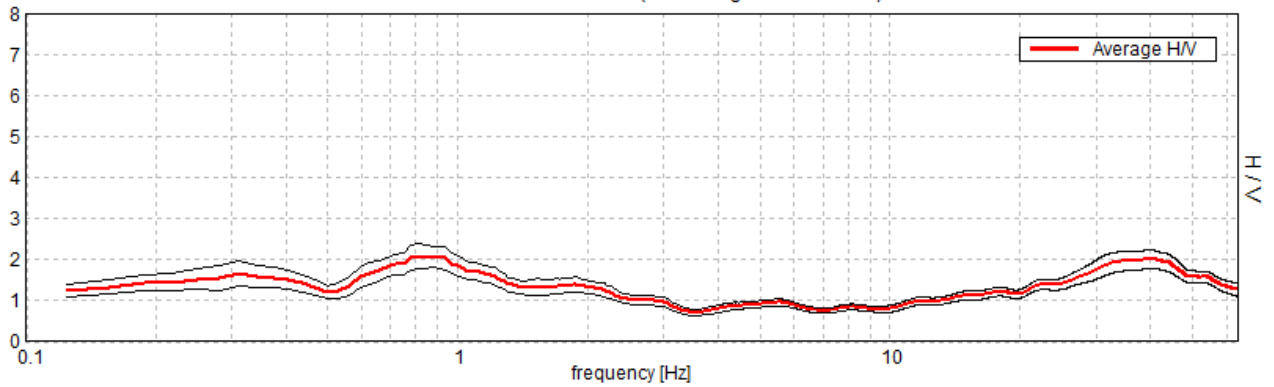
MIRANDOLA PSC,HVSR9 (Area ANS_1.1)

Instrument: TEN-0029/01-07
 Data format: 16 byte
 Full scale [mV]: n.a.
 Start recording: 26/01/15 13:11:36 End recording: 26/01/15 13:31:37
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

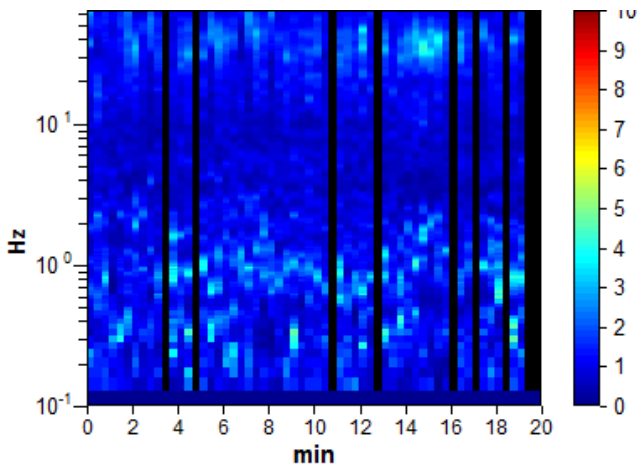
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 88% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

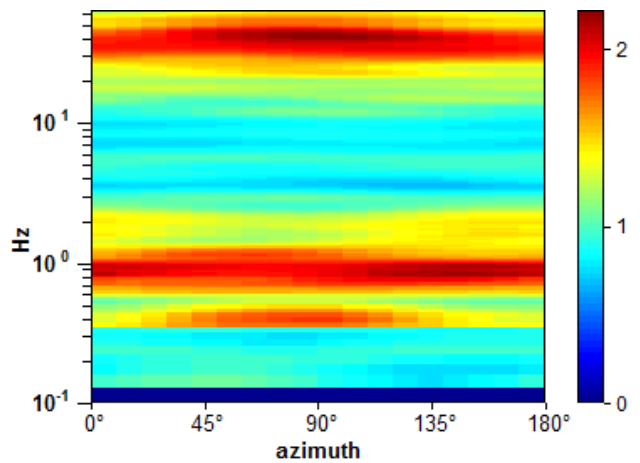
Max. H/V at 0.81 ± 0.29 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).



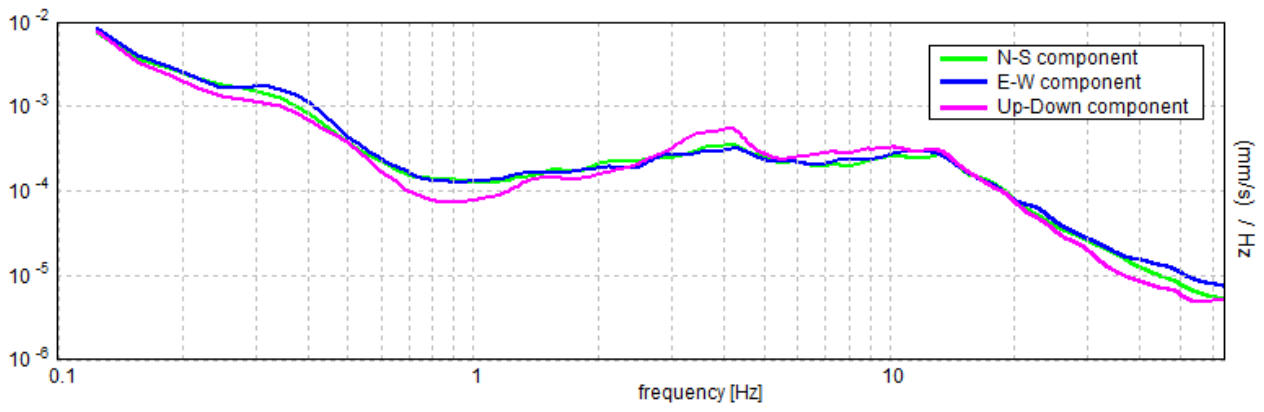
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. **Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.**]

Max. H/V at 0.81 ± 0.29 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).

| Criteria for a reliable H/V curve [All 3 should be fulfilled] | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| $f_0 > 10 / L_w$ | 0.81 > 0.50 | OK | |
| $n_c(f_0) > 200$ | 828.8 > 200 | OK | |
| $\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$ | Exceeded 0 out of 40 times | OK | |
| Criteria for a clear H/V peak [At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled] | | | |
| Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$ | | | NO |
| Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$ | 2.469 Hz | OK | |
| $A_0 > 2$ | 2.08 > 2 | OK | |
| $f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$ | $ 0.35923 < 0.05$ | | NO |
| $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ | $0.29187 < 0.12188$ | | NO |
| $\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$ | $0.2947 < 2.0$ | OK | |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| L_w | window length |
| n_w | number of windows used in the analysis |
| $n_c = L_w n_w f_0$ | number of significant cycles |
| f | current frequency |
| f_0 | H/V peak frequency |
| σ_f | standard deviation of H/V peak frequency |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ |
| A_0 | H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0 |
| $A_{H/V}(f)$ | H/V curve amplitude at frequency f |
| f^- | frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$ |
| f^+ | frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$ |
| $\sigma_A(f)$ | standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided |
| $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$ | standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve |
| $\theta(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$ |

| Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | | | | | |
|---|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| Freq. range [Hz] | < 0.2 | 0.2 – 0.5 | 0.5 – 1.0 | 1.0 – 2.0 | > 2.0 |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz] | $0.25 f_0$ | $0.2 f_0$ | $0.15 f_0$ | $0.10 f_0$ | $0.05 f_0$ |
| $\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.78 | 1.58 |
| $\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$ | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.20 |

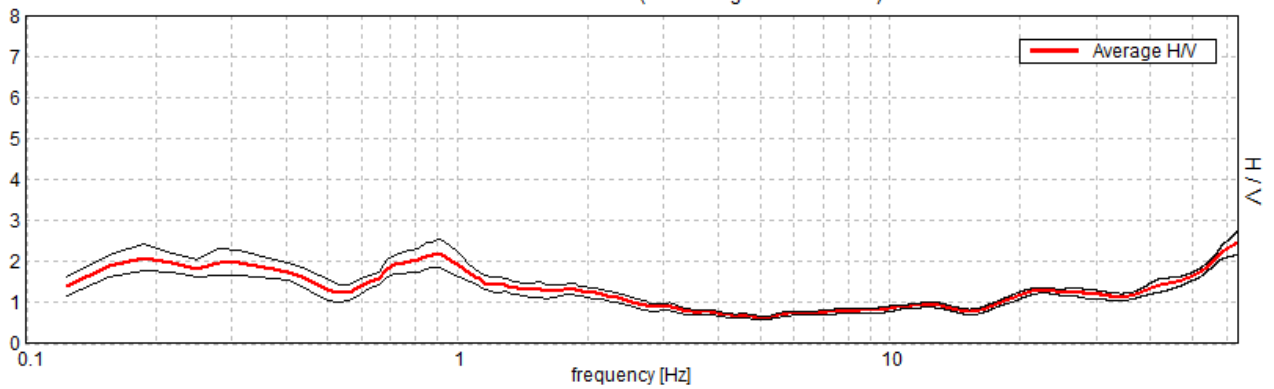
MIRANDOLA PSC,HVSR10 (Area ANS_1.11)

Instrument: TRS-0025/01-07
 Data format: 16 byte
 Full scale [mV]: n.a.
 Start recording: 26/01/15 13:11:54 End recording: 26/01/15 13:31:55
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

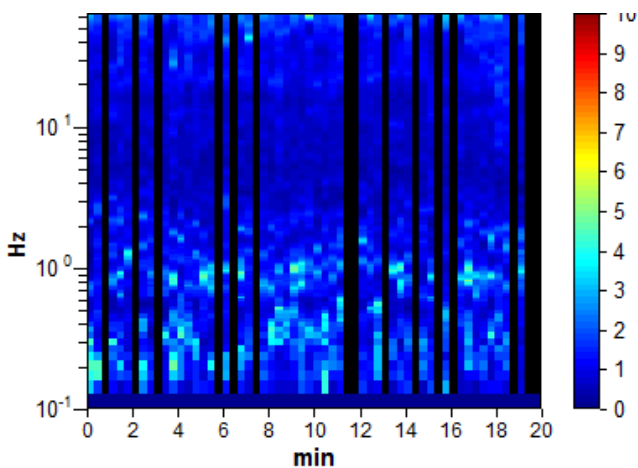
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 75% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

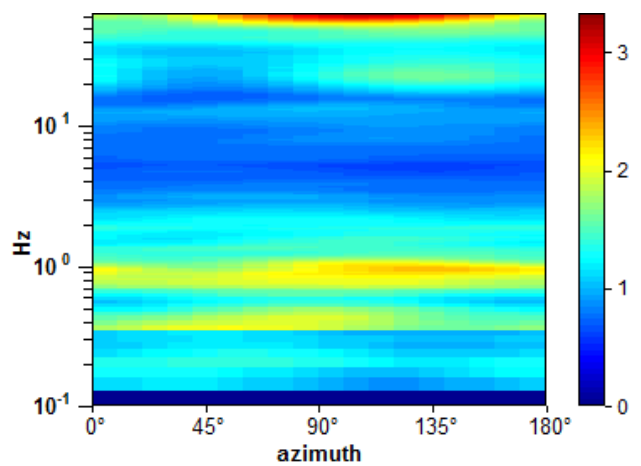
Max. H/V at 0.91 ± 0.66 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).



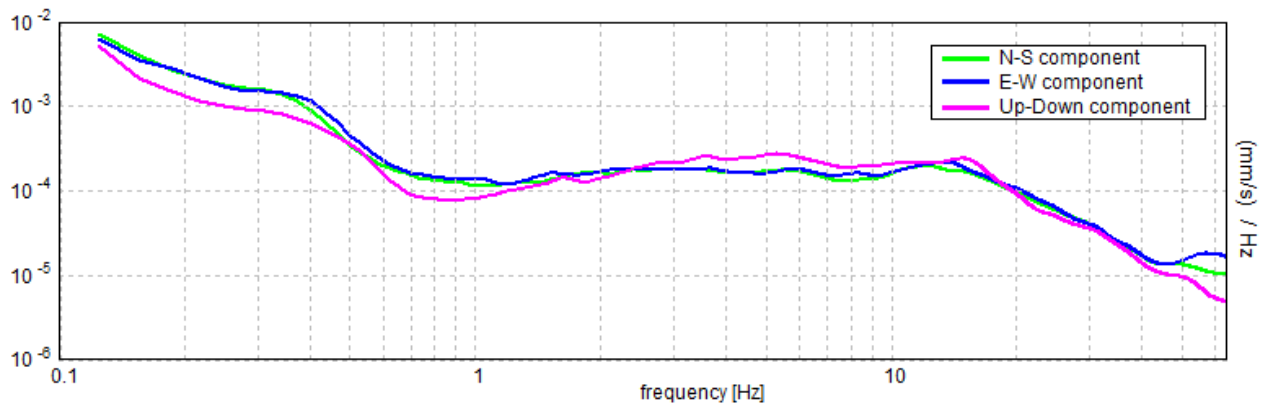
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. **Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.**]

Max. H/V at 0.91 ± 0.66 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).

| Criteria for a reliable H/V curve [All 3 should be fulfilled] | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| $f_0 > 10 / L_w$ | 0.91 > 0.50 | OK | |
| $n_c(f_0) > 200$ | 815.6 > 200 | OK | |
| $\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$ | Exceeded 0 out of 44 times | OK | |
| Criteria for a clear H/V peak [At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled] | | | |
| Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$ | | | NO |
| Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$ | 2.406 Hz | OK | |
| $A_0 > 2$ | 2.19 > 2 | OK | |
| $f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$ | $ 0.72881 < 0.05$ | | NO |
| $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ | 0.66049 < 0.13594 | | NO |
| $\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$ | 0.3468 < 2.0 | OK | |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| L_w | window length |
| n_w | number of windows used in the analysis |
| $n_c = L_w n_w f_0$ | number of significant cycles |
| f | current frequency |
| f_0 | H/V peak frequency |
| σ_f | standard deviation of H/V peak frequency |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$ |
| A_0 | H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0 |
| $A_{H/V}(f)$ | H/V curve amplitude at frequency f |
| f^- | frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$ |
| f^+ | frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$ |
| $\sigma_A(f)$ | standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided |
| $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$ | standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve |
| $\theta(f_0)$ | threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$ |

| Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | | | | | |
|---|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| Freq. range [Hz] | < 0.2 | 0.2 – 0.5 | 0.5 – 1.0 | 1.0 – 2.0 | > 2.0 |
| $\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz] | 0.25 f_0 | 0.2 f_0 | 0.15 f_0 | 0.10 f_0 | 0.05 f_0 |
| $\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$ | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.78 | 1.58 |
| $\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$ | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.20 |